

HSR CORRIDOR STUDY

TRAVEL INTERCEPT SURVEYS FINAL REPORT

October, 1994

Prepared for: The Steering Committee For The Quebec/Ontario High Speed Rail Study

Transurb/IBI Group/Monenco Consortium Project Manager

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FOREWORD 1.

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Purpose

This project was undertaken as a component of the Quebec/Ontario High Speed Rail Study, a joint project of the Quebec, Ontario and Federal Governments. The acquisition of reliable data on current travel patterns is a critical component of the Study. This data will form the basis for the development of a detailed understanding of the travel market in the Quebec-Windsor Corridor without High Speed Rail (HSR) and a means of understanding the changes in each sub-market which may result from the introduction of HSR.

The purpose of the Travel Intercept Surveys was to obtain **revealed preference data** on each of four modes of travel in the Corridor -- auto, air, rail and bus. Revealed preference data consists of current passenger flow information including O/D's, trip purpose, fares paid, access modes and passenger characteristics.

The Companies

As **prime contractor** on the Travel Intercept Surveys, **Consumer Contact Limited** assumed full responsibility for executing the project.

In addition, **Insignia Marketing Research**, provided support in questionnaire development, pre-test evaluation and sample design and undertook the **expansion** and **analysis** of the survey data.

Deliverables

The complete findings of the Travel Intercept Surveys are delivered in four components:

- 1. Final Report summary of key findings and detailed description of methodology.
- 2. Computer Summary Tabulations Summer, Fall, Winter Combined--Annual Expansion.
- 3. Code Book February 26/93 -- data file descriptions, zone definitions, code lists and blank questionnaires.
- 4. Set of 20 Diskettes containing final expanded data for each completed travel survey interview.

	Number of Diskettes					
TOTAL	Summer	<u>Fall</u>	Winter			
4	1	2	1			
4	1	2	1			
4	1	2	1			
8	_2	<u>3</u>	<u>3</u>			
20	5	9	6			
	<u>TOTAL</u> 4 4	TOTAL Summer 4 1 4 1 4 1 4 1	4 1 2 4 1 2 4 1 2			

CONSUMER CONTACT LIMITED November, 1993

1.2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Methodology

- A total of 61,468 interviews were conducted with travellers in the Quebec-Windsor Corridor between August 1992 and January 1993.
- o The survey was conducted in 3 separate waves:

August/92 - to represent the summer season

October/November/92 - to represent both the spring and fall seasons

January/93 - to represent the winter season

- o Four different modes of travel were surveyed:
 - Automobile Passenger vehicles were sampled (by license plate recording) at 10 locations along the Corridor. Questionnaires were mailed to 83,170 motorists, of which 26,227 (31.5%) were returned in useable form.
 - Air Just over 10,000 interviews were completed with passengers in departure lounges prior to flight departures. A similar number of handouts (with mailback questionnaire) were given to late arriving passengers, of which 26% were completed and returned, for a useable sample of 12,393 interviews.
 - Rail A total of 13,696 useable interviews with rail passengers were conducted on board trains.
 - **Bus** Some 9,152 useable interviews with bus passengers were conducted **on board intercity buses**.
- o Highway volume of traffic data was supplied by the Ontario and Quebec ministries of transport to enable expansion of the automobile survey to an estimate of total automobile travel within the Corridor (trips of 50km+) during the calendar year 1992.
- o Passenger load data was supplied by the carriers to enable expansion of the public mode surveys to an estimate of total public mode travel within the Corridor during the calendar year 1992.
- Complete raw data files have been supplied to the ministries and to the forecasting consultants working on the High Speed Rail project. Only a general overview of Corridor travel patterns is provided in this report, along with a detailed record of survey methodology.

Overview Of General Travel Patterns

- Auto travel accounts for 91% of the 108 million person trips taken within the Quebec/Windsor corridor 50km or more in distance. At the present time, rail carries only 2.7% of all travellers.
- o The rail passenger is typically travelling for non-business reasons (73%). This is similar to the profile of bus and auto travellers. The air travel segment, in contrast, is largely skewed toward business travellers (73%).
- o In appealing to non-business travellers, then, the auto market, by virtue of its size, must represent the prime target market.
- However, even with business travellers, the auto market represents 8 out of 10 business travellers. Air is still only a minority (13%), even though most travelling by air are on business.
- About half (52%) of individuals travelling within the corridor are on an overnight trip. The average number of days away is 1.9 days.
- o In the case of the current rail passenger, 80% are travelling overnight, with an average number of days of 4.2.
- Some 95% of travellers within the corridor are destined to Southern or Central Ontario/Quebec.
 Only 5% are bound to other provinces, countries or northern regions.
- The average party size is typically quite small 1.9 individuals. It is somewhat higher for auto travellers (2.0) and lower on public modes (within the 1.2 to 1.4 person range).
- o The average cost per trip is \$22 (per person, one-way). Air travel (at \$233) is considerably more expensive than each of the other three modes.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY							
	Total	<u>Auto</u>	<u>Air</u>	Rail	Bus		
Person trips (50km+) (in millions)	108.6	99.0	4.1	2.9	2.6		
Share of Trips By Mode	100.0%	91.2%	3.8%	2.7%	2.4%		
Purpose of Trip o Business o Non-business	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>	100%	100%	100%		
	21%	19%	73%	27%	17%		
	79%	82%	27%	73%	83%		
Duration o Overnight o Average Nights	52%	50%	76%	80%	74%		
	1.9	1.7	5.0	4.2	3.9		
Destination Within corridor area Other provinces, countries, northern regions	95%	95%	84%	95%	97%		
	5%	5%	16%	5%	3%		
Party Size o Average o Per person cost per trip (one-way)	1.9	2.0	1.3	1.4	1.2		
	\$22	\$12	\$233	\$50	\$36		

2. DATA COLLECTION METHODOLOGY

2.1 <u>Seasonal Representation</u>

The surveys were conducted in three separate waves and expanded to represent the full calendar year of 1992.

Survey Period	Expanded to Represent	Months
August, 1992	Summer, 1992 (June 16-Sept.15)	3.0
Oct./Nov., 1992	Spring, 1992 (Mar.16-June 15) and Fall, 1992 (Spet.16-Nov.30)	5.5
January, 1993	Winter, 1992 (Dec.01-Mar.15)	3.5
		12.0

2.2 Sample Sizes

In total, over 60,000 interviews were conducted with Corridor travellers during the entire period.

NUMBER OF COMPLETED AND USEABLE INTERVIEWS								
	SUM	MER	FALL		WINTER			
	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual		
Air	3,500	1,951	6,300	6,889	3,500	3,553		
Rail	3,200	3,963	6,400	6,327	3,200	3,406		
Bus	2,200	2,213	4,400	4,445	2,200	2,494		
Auto* 6,800 8,210 15,100 14,776 3,600 3,241								
TOTAL 15,700 16,337 32,200 32,437 12,500 12,69						12,694		

Grand Total -- Target 60,400 Actual 61,468

^{*} Automobile trips of less than 50 km were excluded from the report and data files resulting in "in-tab" auto samples of 7,805 (Summer) and 13,292 (Fall).

2.3 Special Surveys

In addition to the above described surveys, two special surveys were conducted as follows. Each of these surveys has been reported separately to the Project Manager in memo form.

2.3.1 Buttonville Airport

This airport was closed for maintenance during the Fall interviewing period. A separate survey of 10 outbound flights was conducted Nov. 15 to 19, 1992 to develop an independent profile of the Buttonville user. A total of 81 interviews were completed.

2.3.2 Service Centre Auto Interviews

During the Fall wave, the licence plate crews were unable to continue recording plates after 1700 due to darkness. At each of the five locations on Highway 401, the recording crew moved to the nearest service centre exit ramp and continued recording vehicles exiting to the service centre from 1700 to 1859. These vehicles were not used in the main auto survey. However, a separate mailing was made (resulting in 202 useable returns) to determine the extent to which the characteristics of service centre users differ from that of through traffic.

2.4 Public Modes

For each public mode, the sampling universe consisted of all scheduled departures between Corridor cities.

A sample of departures was selected to cover all city pairs for each mode. Disproportionate sampling was employed to ensure adequate samples in smaller routes. (Appendix B)

For all public modes, the basic sampling unit was the **household party**. If more than one person from the same household was travelling together, only one person was asked to complete the questionnaire.

The questionnaire for each mode was designed to be self-administered. Copies of all questionnaire versions used in the Fall wave will be found in the Code Book (under separate cover). (Appendix A)

Air travellers were interviewed in airport departure lounges prior to boarding. Late arrivals were given a mailback kit containing questionnaires (both English and French) and a return envelope, to complete on board and mail at the next stop. After each sampled flight departure, the total passenger boarding count was obtained from the ground crew. (Appendix C.1)

Rail travellers were interviewed on board the train. The interviewer covered both coach and first class passengers and made sure to include at least a few of the passengers boarding at each stop enroute. Passenger counts were obtained from the conductor, including the number on board at initial departure and the number boarding at each stop enroute, separately for coach and first class. (Appendix C.2)

Bus travellers were interviewed on board and included passengers boarding at stops enroute. The interviewer recorded the total number of passengers boarding at each stop. On multi coach departures, the carrier was contacted to determine the total number of passengers carried on that departure. (Appendix C.3)

2.5 Automobile

Passenger vehicles were sampled at 10 locations along the Corridor. Each location was surveyed in both directions on a Sunday ("weekend") and on one weekday (Tuesday, Wednesday or Thursday) for each wave.

All 10 locations were surveyed in the Summer and Fall. For the Winter, a smaller survey covered only 6 locations.

Road crews managed by MTO and MTQ recorded license plate numbers and conducted highway counts (of eligible vs. non-eligible vehicles) during the scheduled survey periods. The survey day was set to be at 0700 to 1859. During the fall and winter waves, reduced daylight hours necessitated a shorter survey day. At each location, automobile vehicle counts were maintained 24 hours a day for a seven-day period.

Each ministry obtained the name and address of the registered owners of the observed vehicles. As well, MTO obtained this data from the states of Michigan and New York.

The auto survey universe is limited to vehicles registered in Quebec, Ontario, Michigan and New York only.

All names and addresses were supplied to Consumer Contact along with a code identifying hour of observation, location, direction and day of week. This code was included on the questionnaire which was mailed out to each vehicle owner. (Appendix D)

DATA CLEANING

3.1 Origin/Destination Logic

Extensive tabulations were run on all public mode data files to ensure consistency between:

- true origin and destination (Q. 9/14)
- boarding and alighting terminals (Q.11/12), and
- travel leg/direction on vehicle surveyed.

Automobile files were examined to ensure that stated O/D was consistent with the direction and location of observation.

All inconsistent questionnaires were examined individually and corrected whenever a logical answer could be clearly inferred from context. Whenever a logical solution was not available, the questionnaire was deleted from the data file.

3.2 Checks For Outlying Values

All questions involving dollar amounts were tabulated by length of O/D. Distributions were checked on the elapsed time questions (10a/13a).

Questionnaires with values outside the normal distribution were examined individually.

Responses were not changed except in cases where it was clearly apparent that the respondent had made an error or had misinterpreted the question. These cases were corrected whenever a logical answer could be clearly inferred from context. Otherwise, the value was deleted and replaced with a non-response code.

Example: some bus commuters gave a total monthly bus pass cost at Q.2a. This was divided by 20 to obtain a daily round trip cost.

Example: some travellers incorrectly stated egress time (Q.13a) as the time from leaving boarding terminal (Q.11) to arriving at final destination (Q.14). These times were deleted and replaced with non response.

3.3 <u>Missing or Multiple Response</u>

Any questionnaire without a clearly defined origin and destination was deleted from the data file.

Other missing answers were coded as "not stated", except for trip purpose, and questions where a valid response was necessary for expansion.

Non-response on trip purpose was generally less than 1%. These were assigned code 8 ("other").

Values were ascribed for the following questions needed for expansion. (Appendix 1)

Public Modes

Q.2b - type of fare (Rail only)

Q.3c - number of household members

Auto

Q.7b - number in vehicle

Procedures were established to select a single response when multiple responses given. (Appendix 1)

3.4 Ascribing Zones for Toronto, Montreal and Quebec City Metro Areas

Significant numbers of respondents starting or ending trip in one of the 3 major metro areas did not provide a response detailed enough to determine correct zone. (Eg: "Toronto" with no postal code, address or landmark.)

An ascription procedure was developed using the response to "type of place" to attach a zone code to every origin and destination in these three cities. (Appendix I)

For other cities and towns, the central or downtown zone was assigned to non-specific "city name" responses.

4. EXPANSION METHODOLOGY

4.1 Public Modes

For each wave, the following staged procedure was used to expand the survey data to the full season.

4.1.1 Expansion to number of passengers represented by each questionnaire.

Since only one interview was completed per household party (see 2.4), each questionnaire was first weighted by the number of household passengers travelling together (Q.3c).

4.1.2 Expansion to total passengers on surveyed departure.

Number of household passengers weighted up to total number of passengers on departure (i.e. flight, bus, train) separately for:

- each boarding point enroute (bus and rail only)
- First class/coach (rail only)
- in lounge/mailback (air only)
- 4.1.3 Duplication of interviews to fill empty cells

Before expanding to the survey week (4.14) it was necessary to fill in empty cells in the weighting matrix. Empty cells occurred rarely in the Summer and Winter waves, but more frequently in the Fall wave when weighting was done by hour on weekdays and in two-hour segments on weekends. To fill each empty cell, interviews were duplicated from the closest comparable cell. (Appendix E)

4.1.4 Expansion to survey week.

Separately for:

- travel leg/direction
- weekend/weekday (summer/winter)
- hour of departure within weekend/weekday (Fall only)
- Note(1) The necessary passenger load data for each of the three survey weeks was obtained from the carriers and Pearson airport to cover all public mode routes except for:
 - Air routes where neither origin nor destination was Pearson,
 - all Voyageur bus routes.

In these cases, expansion to the full survey week was accomplished by factoring up from the number of surveyed departures in each expansion cell, to the total number of scheduled departures in that cell.

- Note(2) Fall data can be analyzed by hour of departure (0600 to 0659 etc.), for weekdays and by two-hour segments (0600 to 0759 etc.) for weekends. Summer and Winter data files are not large enough to permit analysis by hour.
- Note(3) Do not attempt to analyze any data by day of week. Analyzable by weekend /weekday only.

4.1.5 Expansion to season.

Each carrier (with a few exceptions detailed in Appendix F) supplied monthly passenger loads for an entire year for each route. This data was collapsed into the three "expansion" seasons (summer, spring/fall and winter), and a seasonal expansion factor created for each route.

4.1.6 Multiple exposure reduction factor

This final adjustment corrects for instances where a particular traveller had more than one chance of being included in the survey.

Since each travel leg was surveyed independently, a traveller taking a trip that covers more than one of the travel legs has a greater chance of being included in the survey.

The number of travel legs covered (duplication factor) was determined for each public mode interview. The expansion weight for that interview was then divided by this duplication factor to create a final expansion weight to produce data on total system travellers.

4.2 Automobile - Summer and Fall

The following procedures were used to adjust each of the Summer and Fall Automobile surveys.

4.2.1 Adjustment for non-response

Different response rates were obtained from each province/state. As well response from business addresses (i.e. autos registered to a company or organization) was less than from residential (private individual) owners.

Completed returns were factored up to original mailouts using an 8 cell matrix (province/state by business/residential).

4.2.2 Adjustment for duplicate observations on same day

A number of vehicles were observed twice at the same location on the same day (i.e. going and returning on a shorter trip). Because it was felt that a respondent receiving two forms would be less likely to return both forms, one observation was randomly selected for mailout. The completed return was then doubled to account for the two observations.

This procedure was not done on the Summer wave. (While duplicates had been removed, the need for coding them for subsequent expansion adjustment was not anticipated.) Procedure 4.22 was introduced as an improvement for the Fall wave.

4.2.3 Duplication of interviews to fill empty cells

Due to short term weather difficulties particular one or two hour segments of observation were missed on certain days. These were filled by duplicating interviews from the nearest comparable cell.

As well, during the Fall wave, observations at most locations were unable to continue beyond 1659 due to darkness. Interviews from 1600 to 1659 were duplicated to fill the 1700 to 1859 period. (A comparison of these two time periods in the Summer wave showed no significant difference by purpose of trip.) (Appendix E)

4.2.4 Adjustment for province/state within location/direction/day

Using original vehicle counts by province/state obtained by road crews, the entire file was adjusted on a 160 cell matrix - province/state(4) by location(10) by direction(2) by weekend/weekday(2).

4.2.5 Expansion to one week of traffic (0700 to 1659)

Using the automated traffic counts and manual counts on proportion of eligible vehicles, total eligible traffic for the survey week was established on an hourly basis for each location/direction, separately for the weekend (1200 Friday to 1159 Monday) and weekdays (1200 Monday to 1159 Friday).

The entire data file was expanded to the full survey week (12 hour days) using a 480 cell matrix (12 hours by location(10) by direction(2) by we/wd(2).

4.2.6 Expansion to season

Total traffic in each season was estimated for each location by using recognized procedures provided by the Quebec and Ontario ministries.

For Ontario locations, an Average Daily Traffic (ADT) estimate was determined using both the Summer and Fall Survey data by location. This was then translated into an Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) estimate, using provided factors, through to seasonal factors (SADT, WADT, and SAWDT) to create seasonal projections. The appropriate daily estimate for each season was multiplied by the total number of days in the season.

For Quebec locations, similar adjustment factors to reflect variations were applied, as provided by the Quebec government.

See Appendix G for a detailed description.

4.2.7 Multiple exposure reduction factor

This adjustment corrects for instances where a particular vehicle can pass by more than one observation location during the reported trip.

The number of observation locations passed is determined for each vehicle and the expansion weight (at 4.26) is divided by this number.

4.2.8 Expansion to 24 hour estimates

Using the seasonal estimates discussed in 4.26 an expansion factor was created for each location by weekend/weekday (20 cell matrix) to estimate eligible vehicles on a full 24 hour basis.

4.2.9 Expansion to total auto travellers

Up to this point, all expansion has been done on a vehicle basis. This final stage multiplies the expansion weight at 4.28 by the number of people in the vehicle to obtain an estimate of total travellers.

4.3 Automobile - Winter

4.3.1 Because of anticipated weather problems and the shorter period of daylight, it was not considered feasible to conduct a full scale automobile survey in January.

A decision was taken to re-use the Fall auto data base. In fact, the entire Fall data file was duplicated and then re-weighted using Winter traffic counts to simulate Winter automobile travel.

4.3.2 Special Winter "mini wave"

However, in doing this, there was concern that some basic characteristics (such as business/non-business) might differ from Fall to Winter.

To check for this a smaller automobile survey was designed for January with the objective of completing a minimum number of interviews (600) at each of 6 representative locations.

- 4.3.3 The results of this mini wave were compared on an unweighted basis, with comparable unweighted interviews (same locations/times of day) taken from the Fall data, to determine the extent and nature of differences between Winter and Fall auto travellers.
- 4.3.4 Differences were found by age/sex of driver, trip purpose and length of trip. (Appendix H)

Winter drivers were more likely to be younger and male (small differences but consistent across all locations).

There were differences in the proportion of business/non-business travellers in the Winter. However, the direction and extent of difference varied by location and we/wd.

There was a general trend to shorter trips in the Winter, but again, this was not consistent across all locations.

4.3.5 Special adjustments to simulated Winter Data File

The Fall auto data file was duplicated and all adjustments up to 4.23 retained. At this point, the following special adjustments were made to the simulated file in 3 stages.

- 4.3.6 Overall adjustment by age within sex made to entire data file.
- 4.3.7 Trip purpose (business vs. non-business) adjusted separately for each location by weekend vs. weekday.

Note: Only locations 2, 4, 5, 7, 8 and 0 were surveyed in the Winter. Factors calculated for location 2 were also applied to 1 and 3. Location 5 factors applied to 6. Location 0 factors applied to 9.

- 4.3.8 Trip length adjusted separately for each location by weekend/weekday.
- 4.3.9 At this point, weighting procedures 4.24 to 4.29 were applied to the simulated Winter data file using Winter traffic counts and estimates.

KEY SURVEY RESULTS

CORRIDOR TRAFFIC OVERVIEW

5.1 Overall Modal Split

During 1992, an estimated 108 million person trips of 50 km or more in distance were taken within the Quebec/Windsor corridor. (Note: the Auto survey included only vehicles registered in Ontario, Quebec, Michigan and New York State)

Among these trips, by far the dominant mode is the automobile, accounting for as many as 91%. Note, from the table below that each of the public modes account for a significant volume of traffic -- 2.5 million trips by bus, 2.9 million by rail and 4.1 million trips by air.

***************************************	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992				
Total	# 108.557.000	% 100			
Auto	98,993,000	91			
Air	4,086,000	4			
Rail	2,915,000	3			
Bus	2,563,000	2			

5.2 Modal Split by Distance Travelled

The following two tables illustrate the modal split by distance travelled and specific superzone origin and destination pairs.

Most air and rail trips are over 300 km. However, the auto still remains the most popular mode.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS BETWEEN MAJOR CENTRES+			
	50 - <u>100 km</u> %	100 - <u>200 km</u> %	200 - <u>300 km</u> %	300 km+ %
Auto	98	92	88	59
Air	•	*	1	26
Rail	•	4	4	11
Bus	2	3	7	4
Excludes "All Other", Same Origin/Destination Less than 0.5%				

Passengers by Mode 1992 (000)

City Pair (Superzone B)*	Total	Auto	Air	Rail	Bus
Quebec-Montreal	6801	6194	48	140	419
Quebec-Ottawa	322	260	32	10	20
Quebec-Toronto	209	104	74	26	5
Quebec-London	5	2	2	1	0
Quebec-Windsor	2	0	1	1	0
Montreal-Ottawa	4509	3839	36	215	419
Montreal-Kingston	278	208	0	35	35
Montreal-Toronto	2979	1190	1201	470	118
Montreal-London	115	81	19	13	2
Montreal-Windsor	29	14	6	9	0
Ottawa-Kingston	933	836	-	32	65
Ottawa-Toronto	2715	1715	676	201	123
Ottawa-London	152	102	35	10	5
Ottawa-Windsor	69	55	5	7	2
Kingston-Toronto	2282	1958	10	207	107
Kingston-London	95	85	1	7	2
Kingston-Windsor	18	12	0	5	eerile.
Toronto-Kitchener/Waterloo	11674	11400	2	34	238
Toronto-London	4541	4151	23	211	156
Toronto-Windsor	1289	1091	64	100	34
London-Windsor	1568	1514	•	34	20
Same origin and destination	5171	5106	11	10	44
Allother	62805	59078	1842	1138	747
TOTAL	108557	98993	4086	2915	2563
Modal Shares	100.0%	91.1%	3.8%	2.7%	2.4%

^{*} See Appendix J for Superzone Definitions.

5.3 Modal Split by Season*

The three month summer season accounts for 31% of Corridor person trips. The three and one half month winter season, 24%. The five and one half month shoulder seasons, in contrast, account for 46% of one-way person trips.

Total traffic flow is essentially quite consistent throughout the calendar year for public modes. However, auto travel varies significantly by season -- much higher per month in summer than spring/fall. Lowest in winter

			SHARE OF TRIPS BY SEASON					
Projec (000)	cted Person Trips	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) %	Bus (2,563) %		
	Summer	31	31	25	27	26		
	Spring/Fall	46	46	48	44	44		
	Winter	24	23	27	29	30		
•	Summer Spring/Fall Winter	- March 16 - c	June 16 - September 15, 1992 March 16 - June 15 and September 16 to November 30, 1992 December 1 to March 15, 1992					

		ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS PER MONTH - 1992					
Project (000)	ted Person Trips	<u>Total</u> (108,557)	<u>Auto</u> (98,993)	<u>Air</u> (4,086)	<u>Rail</u> (2,915)	<u>Bus</u> (2,563)	
	Summer	11,218	10,229	341	262	222	
	Spring/Fall	9,079	8,279	357	233	205	
	Winter	7,444	6,505	315	242	220	
*	Summer - June 16 - September 15, 1992 Spring/Fall - March 16 - June 15 and September 16 to November 30, 1992 Winter - December 1 to March 15, 1992					NAMES AND ADDRESS OF THE STREET OF THE STREE	

5.4 <u>Distance Travelled by Automobile</u>

The next table shows the proportion of observed vehicles travelling under 50 km and 50 km+ for each highway location used during the survey.

The proportion of vehicles travelling under 50 km was excluded from the auto survey.

		PERCENT OF VEHICLES TR	
		Under <u>50 km</u> %	<u>50 km +</u> %
High	way Location		
1.	401/Chatham	*	99
2.	401/Woodstock	16	84
3.	401/Guelph	15	85
4.	53/2 Brantford	42	58
5.	401/Napanee	5	. 95
6.	401/Prescott	15	85
7.	7/Perth	18	82
8.	40/Rigaud	7	93
9.	40/Louiseville	5	95
0.	20/St. Eugene	7	93

6.0 TRIP CHARACTERISTICS

6.1 Purpose of Trip

Only one in five (21%) person trips of 50 km or more within the Comidor are taken for business purposes.

However, while this ratio holds fairly constant for auto, rail and bus, the picture for air trips is quite different. As many as 73% of air trips are for business purposes, only 27% for non-business reasons.

That does not mean, however, that most business travellers prefer air carriers. In fact, as many as 81% of business trips are taken by car, only 13% by air. Of the 81% auto business trips, the majority of these trips tend to be short hauls (i.e. Toronto to Kitchener-Waterloo, Quebec to Montreal, etc.) Air business trips are concentrated on the longer routes (i.e. Montreal to Toronto, Ottawa to Toronto).

Existing rail and bus travel, as noted, is dominated by non-business travellers -- particularly those visiting friends and relatives and on a vacation or recreation trip.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992					
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %	
NET BUSINESS	<u>21</u>	<u>19</u>	73	<u>27</u>	17	
NET: NON-BUSINESS	79	82	27	73	83	
- Commuting to/from work - Going to/from university/	4	5	1	2	5	
college	4	3	2	8	12	
 Vacation/recreation 	21	22	11	23	15	
 Shopping/personal busines 	ss 10	10	2	7	8	
Visiting friends/relatives	40	41	10	32	42	
- Other	1	1	1	11	1	

	PERCENT AMONG ONE-WAY	PERSON TRIPS TAKEN FOR:	
	<u>Business</u>	Non-Business	
Mode of Travel	%	%	
	81)	94)	
Air	<u>73</u>	Ŷ	
Auto Air Rail Bus	2	2	

Business air travel tends to be higher (80% to 90% of air trips) for city pairs within the Corridor. The proportion of business travel is lower when one end of the air trip is outside the Corridor.

Rail travel for business tends to be higher (30% to 49%) for mid-range trips such as Quebec/Montreal, Montreal/Ottawa, Toronto/London etc., and much lower for out of Corridor rail travel.

Bus business travellers are more prevalent on Quebec/Montreal/Ottawa and Toronto/Windsor routes (20% to 40%)

The proportion of business travel for selected city pairs by mode will be found in Section 8.3.

6.2 Weekend Versus Weekday

Weekends defined as the three day period between noon Friday and noon Monday, account for just over half (56%) of person trips within the Corridor.

However, this is primarily the result of car travellers. With air travel, only 39% are weekend trips, rail 44% and bus 48%.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992						
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	Bail (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %		
Weekday (noon Monday - 11:59 Friday)	44	42	62	56	52		
Weekend (noon Friday - 11:59 Monday)	(56)	58	(39)	(44)	(48)		

6.3 Trip Duration

The average trip duration is 1.9 nights away. However, this varies significantly by mode.

For example, as many as half of auto travellers (47%) are on day trips resulting in an average of only 1.7 nights away. Those travelling on public carriers, in contrast, are typically away for between four and five nights. Only one in five is on a day trip.

However, even though car trips tend to be much shorter, because of their sheer volume, they still account for the majority of long stay trips. For instance, car is the chosen mode for as many as 78% of trips of eight for more nights away from home.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992				
	Total	Auto	Air	Rail	Bus
Projected Person Trips (000)	(108,557)	(98,993)	(4,086)	(2,915)	(2,563)
, , ,	,	%	%	%	%
None	45)	(47)	20	16	20
One	16	16	18	18	18
Two	17	17	16	21	21
Three	7	6	10	14	12
Four	3	3	8	8	7
Five to seven	5	5	10	10	9
Eight to twelve	2	2	6	4	3
Thirteen to nineteen	1	1	4	2	2
Twenty to twenty-nine	*	*	2	1	1
Thirty or more	*	•	2	2	2
Not stated	3	3	4	4	6
Average (Nights)	(1.9)	1.7	5.0	4.2	3.9

	NUMBER OF NIGHTS AWAY				
	<u>Q</u> %	<u>1 - 2</u> %	<u>3 - 7</u> %	<u>8+</u> %	
Auto	96	90	83	78	
Air	2	4	7	12	
Rail	1	3	6	6	
Bus	1	3	4	4	

6.4 Origin Superzones

Predictably the most common one-way trip points of origin are Greater Toronto (17%) and Greater Montreal (15%).

However, they increase in importance among those travelling by public transportation, as the following table illustrates.

Auto trips are far more dispersed in points of origin, clearly relating to the modes' flexibility.

			PERSON TRIP		**************************************
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	Air (4,086) %	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %
Western Canada	*	*	7	*	*
Greater Windsor	2	2	2	3	2
Western Ontario	4	4	1	3	1
Greater London	6	6	2	6	6
Greater Kitchener - Waterloo	8	9	1	1	6
West Central Ontario	8	9	1	5	2
Hamilton - Wentworth	2	2	1	1	1
Greater Toronto	(17)	17	28	32	17
Central Ontario	4	5	1	2	2
Greater Kingston	4	4	*	5	6
Eastern Ontario/Western Ont	tario 6	7	2	3	4
Greater Ottawa/Hull	5	5	16	10	15
Greater Montreal	(15)	14	23	(19)	23
Eastern Quebec	8	9	2	1	2
Greater Quebec City	4	4	4	3	10
Eastern Canada	1	1	3	2	4
Northern Ontario/Quebec	1	1	2	Ŕ	1
United States	3	3	4	3	4
	•		2	*	ter

6.5 <u>Destination Areas</u>

Destination superzones reflect a similar pattern to the origin superzones -- Toronto and Montreal dominating, particularly with public carriers.

		ONE-WAY F	PERSON TRIE	S - 1992		(continue
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %	
Western Canada	*	*	7	*	te.	
Greater Windsor	2	2	1	3	2	
Western Ontario	3	3	1	2	2	
Greater London	6	6	2	7	5	
Greater Kitchener - Waterloo	8	9	1	2	6	
West Central Ontario	8	9	1	4	3	
Hamilton - Wentworth	1_	2	1	1	1	
Greater Toronto	(18)	(18)	(28)	(30)	(19)	
Central Ontario	4	4	1	3	2	
Greater Kingston	4	4	1	6	5	
Eastern Ontario/Western Que	bec 5	6	2	4	4	
Greater Ottawa - Hull	6	6	16	9	15	
Greater Montreal	(16)	(16)	(22)	(18)	23	
Eastern Quebec	7	8	2	1	3	
Greater Quebec City	4	4	3	4	9	
Eastern Canada	1	1	4	2	1	
Northern Ontario/Quebec	1	1	2	*	1	
United States	3	3	4	4	1	
Rest of the world	*	-	3	*	1	
* Less than 0.5 percent						et/et/essors

6.6 Type of Place Trip Began

Most trips begin at private homes (68%). This is not surprising given the high ratio of non-business trips.

However, with air travel, places of business and hotels account for a more significant share of start points -- reflecting the far higher proportion of business travellers.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992					
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %S	
Private home	68	70	52	62	64	
Place of business	14	13	26	15	13	
Hotel	7	6	16	13	6	
School/college/university	4	2	2	5	9	
Recreational site	2	5	1	2	3	
Shopping area	2	2	1	2	3	
Other	1	1	1	1	2	
Not stated	2	3	1	1	4	

6.7 Type of Place Trip Ended

A similar pattern is apparent with the places that one-way person trips ended -- private homes dominated, hotels and places of business more popular among air travellers.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992					
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557)	<u>Auto</u> (98,993)	<u>Air</u> (4,086)	<u>Bail</u> (2,915)	<u>Bus</u> (2,563)	
	%	%	%	%	%	
Private home	(60)	60	51	63	71	
Hotel	15	7	(24)	18	7	
Place of business	9	14	(19)	8	9	
School/college/university	7	3	1	5	6	
Recreational site	3	9	1	3	3	
Shopping area	3	3	*	1	2	
Other	1	1	*	*	egen.	
Not stated	3	3	3	2	2	
* Less than 0.5 percent						

6.8 Access Time to Embarkation Point

The typical traveller by public mode takes approximately thirty minutes to reach the embarkation point.

This varies slightly by mode -- 28 minutes for bus, 28 minutes for rail and, slightly higher, 35 minutes for

those travelling by air.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992				
	<u> Air</u>	Rail	Bus	THE PERSON NAMED IN	
Projected Person Trips (000)	(4,086)	(2,915)	(2,563)	WOODEN STATE	
Less than 15 minutes	% 9	% 30	% 28		
15 to 29 minutes	38	36	35	HSmittell (miselijas).	
30 to 59 minutes	36	22	22		
1 to 2 hours	10	9	9		
2 to 3 hours	2	1	1		
3 hours or more	1	1	1		
Not stated	3	3	4	one and the second	
Average No. of Minutes	34.5	27.8	(28.2)	жени	

6.9 Egress Time from Departure Point

The egress time is somewhat longer -- 40 minutes for bus travellers, 38 minutes for rail travellers and 49

minutes if journeying by air.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992				
Projected Person Trips (000)	Air (4,086) %	Rail (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %		
Less than 15 minutes	% 5	21	17		
15 to 29 minutes	26	30	29		
30 to 59 minutes	40	22	25		
1 to 2 hours	16	11	dy of the state of		
2 to 3 hours	3	2	3		
3 hours or more	3	3	2		
Not stated	7	11	13		
Average No. of Minutes	49.3	38.2	(40.3)		

Note: The difference in access time and egress time could be that when reporting access time, only the time it takes to get to the station is reported and does not include check-in and waiting time to get on board. Egress time is higher because it is probably reported from the time of arrival and includes waiting for luggage, customs clearance and time to get out of the station. Another reasons for the difference is that when surveyed, the access time had already occurred and was therefore easy to recall while the egress time had not, and therefore the respondents were estimating the time.

6.10 Access Public Modes

Between three and four out of ten travellers are dropped off at the terminal by friends.

With air and rail travellers, taxis/limousines are the second most popular means of reaching the terminal. For bus travellers, connecting on a local bus or subway is the second most common approach.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992				
	Air	<u>Rail</u>	Bus	Î	
Projected Person Trips (000)	(4,086)	(2,915)	(2,563)		
	%	%	%		
2	<u></u>	(a)			
Dropped off by friend/relative	(30)	(39)	(41)		
Rental car	10	1	1		
Car parked near airport/					
terminal/station	25	14	5		
Taxi/limousine	29	22	16		
Local bus/subway	2	15	26		
Airplane	-	*	1		
Intercity bus	1	4	w		
Intercity train	*	-	4		
Commuter train	•	2	1		
Walked only	•	9	12		
Airport/hotel shuttle	3	Ŕ	*		
Miscellaneous	1	*	1		
Not stated	2	1	4		
* Less than 0.5 percent					
NOTE: Columns add to more than 100%, due to multiple an	swers.			0110 KW2417017	

6.11 Egress Modes

The pattern on egress modes is very similar to the access modes -- dominated by friends/relatives, taxis and limos for air and rail, local transit for intercity travellers.

	ONE WAY PERSON TRIPS - 1992				
Projected Person Trips (000)	Air (4,086) %	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %		
Picked by friend/relative	27	36	38)		
Rental car	13	1	1		
Car parked near airport/terminal station	20	12	Ą		
Taxi/limousine	32	26	17		
Local/bus/subway	2	14	26)		
Airplane	-	4	**genous		
Intercity bus	1	2	ФI		
Intercity train	*	-	en de		
Committee train	*	2	4		
Walked only	1	9	13		
Miscellaneous	*	#	*		
Not stated	4	2	3		
NOTE: Columns add to more than 100%, due to multiple	answers.				

6.12 Parking Costs

Among those who park at the access point, parking cost is varied by mode. With air travellers, the average cost is \$18, rail travellers \$7 and bus travellers \$5.

	PERCENT AMONG THOSE			
	WHO PARKED AT EMBARKATION POINT			
	<u> Air</u>	Rail	<u>Bus</u>	
Projected Person Trips (000)	(1,025)	(412)	(127)	
(444)	%	`%´	%	
No cost	4	33	19	
\$1 to \$3	1	4	7	
\$4 to \$6	3	7	19	
\$7 to \$9	16	7	6	
\$10 to \$14	22	9	9	
\$5 to \$19	14	9 5 7	2 2	
\$20 to \$29	13		2	
\$30 or more	14	2	#	
Not stated	15	25	36	
* Less than 0.5 percent				
Average Access Cost	\$16.90	\$6.80	\$5.50	
Average Egress Cost	\$19.10	\$6.70	\$5.40	
Average Access or Egress Cost	\$18.00	\$6.70	\$5.40	

	AVERAGE PARKING COST (ACCESS OR EGRESS) AT SELECTED LOCATIONS \$
<u>Air</u> Quebec	15.30
Dorval Uplands	15.20 18.20
Pearson London	20.30 15.10
	70.10
Rail Quebec	7.50
Montreal Ottawa	9.50 2.40
Toronto - Union	9.10
London	8.20
Bus Quebec	3.00
Ste. Foy	2.00
Montreal Ottawa	8.10 7.40
Toronto - Downtown Toronto - Suburbs	7.70 5.60
Kitchener	3.70
London	5.50

6.13 Taxi/Limo Costs

Among those using taxis and limousines to reach the terminal, costs are somewhat higher than for those electing to park. Air taxi/limo costs are \$25 on average, rail \$10 and bus \$9. Again, there is no significant difference between reported access and egress costs.

	PERCENT AMONG THOSE ACCESSING BY TAXI/LIMOUSINES			
	Air	Rail	Bus	
Projected Person Trips (000)	(1,201)	(631)	(421)	
•	%	%	%	
No cost	1	1	4	
\$1 to \$9	6	59	68	
\$10 to \$14	9	21	16	
\$15 to \$19	10	6	5	
\$20 to \$24	23	3	2	
\$25 to \$29	15	1	1	
\$30 to \$34	12	1	1	
\$35 to \$39	9	1	*	
\$40 or more	12	1	1	
Not stated	4	6	5	
* Less than 0.5 percent			The same of the sa	
Average Access Cost	\$25.40	\$9.30	\$8.30	
Average Egress Cost	\$25.30	\$10.20	\$8.90	
Average Access or Egress (Cost \$25.30	\$9.80	\$8.60	

	AVERAGE TAXI/LIMO COST
	(ACCESS OR EGRESS)
	AT SELECTED LOCATIONS
Air	\$
Quebec	20.50
Dorval	24.60
Uplands	22.50
Kingston	12.00
Pearson	31.40
Island	10.60
London	19.50
<u>Rail</u>	
Quebec	7.00
Ste. Foy	9.20
Montreal	9.00
Ottawa	12.00
Kingston	8.00
Guildwood	16.50
Toronto	10.40
London	8.40
<u>Bus</u>	
Quebec	7.30
Ste. Foy	8.70
Montreal	8.50
Ottawa	9.80
Kingston _	7.10
Toronto - Downtown	10.00
Toronto - Suburbs	10.40
Kitchener	8.30
London	7.80

6.14 Perceived Total One-Way Travel Costs

Considering all within Corridor travel, the total cost of the one-way journey for air travellers is most expensive at \$233 per person. For rail travellers it drops to \$50 and bus travellers \$36.

Clearly travelling by automobile is least expensive -- averaging \$12 in out-of-pocket expenses per person. Since on average there are 2 person per vehicle, total vehicle cost is about twice the per person auto cost.

Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Auto*</u> (98,993) % 57	<u>Air</u> (4,086) % 3	<u>Rail</u> (2,915) % 6	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) % 6
Under \$10				
\$10 to \$29	31	6	24	50
\$30 to \$49	4	3	25	26
\$50 to \$99	2	6	30	10
\$100 to \$199	*	25	7	2.
\$200 to \$499	*	42	1	1
\$500 to \$1000	+	6	*	sh.
Over \$1000	*	1	*	*
Not stated	6	8	7	5
*Less than 0.5 percent.				

Mean Cost Per Person	\$12	\$233	\$50	\$36
Mean Cost Per Vehicle	\$24			

NOTE: Auto cost based on total out of pocket cost including fuel, parking and rental car costs. Public mode costs are based on one-way ticket plus per person parking and taxi/limo costs,

Air trips are more likely to be longer and auto trips shorter in length. This contributes slightly to the cost spread between the modes.

The table below compares mean costs by mode by selected O/D pairs. The cost differences between modes remain consistent on an O/D basis. The only exceptions are Toronto/Kitchener and London/Windsor where the bus costs are perceived higher relative to rail.

	MEAN COST PER PERSON FOR:					
	Auto Air Rail Bus \$ \$ \$					
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
O/D Pairs (Superzone B)						
TOTAL SYSTEM TRAVEL	1 2	233	5 0	36		
Quebec/Montreal	13	197	47	32		
Quebec/Ottawa	19	233	59	46	00000	
Quebec/Toronto	30	242	71	65	2002/46/60	
Montreal/Ottawa	11	138	38	27		
Montreal/Kingston	12	n/a	41	36		
Montreal/Toronto	22	170.	70	52		
Montreal/London	24	206	54	n/a		
Ottawa/Kingston	10	n/a	30	26		
Ottawa/Toronto	18	189	65	45		
Ottawa/London	22	205	73	n/a	-	
Ottawa/Windsor	22	234	75	n/a		
Kingston/Toronto	13	150	44	32		
Kingston/London	15	n/a	57	n/a		
Toronto/Kitchener	6	n/a	19	29		
Toronto/London	10	107	32	26		
Toronto/Windsor	16	171	50	42		
London/Windsor	11	n/a	29	30		
n/a - sample too small (less than 40)				anne market et excession es	4Hdysyste	

7. TRAVELLER PROFILE

7.1 Party Size and Composition

The majority of air, rail and bus travellers are often travelling alone. Auto travellers, while 42% are travelling alone, 58% are travelling with 2 to 6 people in their party.

	PERCENT AMONG TRAVELLING PARTIES- 1992						
	Total	<u>Auto</u>	<u>Air</u>	Rail	Bus		
Projected Parties (000)	(56,896)	(49,450)	(3,144)	(2,136)	(2,166) %		
	%	%	%	%	76		
1 person	46	(42)	(80)	(75)	(86)		
· po.co		\simeq					
2 people	33	(35)	16	19	Ames Ames		
3 people	9	(10)	3	3	2		
		\sim	4	0	4		
4 people	8	9)	1	2	ends		
5 to 6 people	3	(4)	*	1	*		
7.1-0		·	•	*	*		
7 to 9 people	_	_	-				
10 or more people	*	*	*	±	*		
Average	1.9	2.0	1.3	1.4	1.2		

7.2 <u>Demographic Profile</u>

The sex, age, language and household income of those completing the surveys are illustrated in the next table. This is not a representative cross-section of travellers, but just the profile of those respondents who completed the questionnaires. Therefore the results should be treated as a directional indicator of the types of people travelling and not an accurate profile of all individuals.

Note that auto and air modes are dominated by males, rail and bus with a far higher proportion of females.

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS				
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	Rail (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %
Sex					
Male Female Not stated	65 28 7	66 27 7	65 29 6	50 9	(51) 5
Age					
Under 20 20 to 34 35 to 49 50 to 64 65 or over Not stated	1 27 39 22 8 2	1 27 39 23 9 2	2 25 48 20 3 1	7 37 30 16 9 2	11 47 22 11 7
Language					
English French	72 28	71 29	83 18	87 13	67 33
Type of Industry					
NOT EMPLOYED	<u>27</u>	26	<u>13</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>50</u>
EMPLOYED	<u>73</u>	<u>74</u>	87	<u>61</u>	<u>50</u>
Agriculture/mining Construction/manufacturing Transportation/communication Wholesale/retail Arts/entertainment Health Government Education Other service	3 14 5 7 10 • 3 4 4 25	3 14 7 11 * 3 4 4 26	2 14 15 9 1 3 5 3 23	1 5 7 7 2 3 4 4	- 4 4 5 1 2 4 3 17
Not stated	4	3	12	10	10

Demographic Profile (Continued)

	ONE-WAY PERSON TRIPS				
Projected Person Trips (000)	<u>Total</u> (108,557) %	<u>Auto</u> (98,993) %	<u>Air</u> (4,086) %	<u>R</u> ail (2,915) %	<u>Bus</u> (2,563) %
Household Income					
Less than \$20,000 \$20,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 or over Not stated	9 25 26 15 17 9	9 25 26 15 16 9	4 9 18 19 45 5	18 19 19 14 20 10	33 24 15 8 9
			INCOME		
		<\$40K %	\$	<u>40K+</u> %	
Auto Air Rail Bus		92 1 3 4		91 5 2 1	

Note: Questionnaires were completed by one member of the household party. Typically, this is the driver for auto and possibly the head of the party for public modes.

7.3 Air Travel Connecting Passengers

Below are two tables that illustrates the extent to which air travel on short haul routes typically connect through traffic -- often out of the Corridor.

In the case of London Airport, originating travellers on the London/Pearson route, only 1 in 7 are destined to Toronto. More often the destination is other Corridor points (42%) or outside the Corridor (44%).

The same applies to Quebec City origin air travellers. Only 18% are destined to Montreal. The others typically pass through.

	PERCENT AMONG PASSENGERS ON LONDON/ PEARSON ROUTE ORIGIN LONDON AIRPORT
	%
<u>Destination</u>	
Greater Toronto	14
Greater Ottawa/Hull	21 7
Greater Ottawa/Hull	9 42 Other Corridor
Other Ontario/Quebec	12
Other Orkano, Quebeo	· · · · ·
Eastern Canada	9 7
Western Canada	23 44 Outside Corridor
United States	7
Rest of world	5 _

	PERCENT AMONG PASSENGE DORVAL ROUTE ORIGIN QU		
Doctination	%		
Destination Greater Montreal	18 .	1	
Greater Toronto Greater Ottawa/Hull Other Ontario/Quebec	26 12 13 _	51	Other Corridor
Eastern Canada Western Canada United States Rest of world	4 11 10 6	31	Outside Corridor

This same trend holds true for Kingston/Toronto and (to a lesser extent) for Ottawa/Toronto, Ottawa/Montreal and Windsor/Toronto.

If High Speed Rail is to attract a significant number of these air passengers (particularly those destined outside the Corridor) convenient stops at Pearson and Dorval will be essential.

8. VALIDATION OF SURVEY RESULTS

8.1 Validation Overview

This section attempts to assess the viability of the HSR Corridor survey in three ways.

- 1. Comparison with Air O/D volumes published by the Aviation Statistics Centre (ASC).
- 2. Comparison with the Via '89 survey conducted in 1988 on all four modes.
- 3. Input from participating carriers on how the survey data compares to their own internal data and knowledge.

8.2 Comparison With ASC Data

8.2.1 The following table compares HSR survey data with O/D volumes published by the Aviation Statistics Centre (ASC) for 1992.

With few exceptions the HSR survey estimates tend to be significantly higher than the ASC survey estimates.

In both cases, the data is an estimate of **true airport O/D** volume. That is, it includes all air trips that start and end at airports in the stated cities and does not include trips connecting to other cities.

The "adjusted" column excludes Air Alliance and Nationair to provide a more direct comparison to ASC (which does not include these two airlines). However, the adjusted estimates are **very rough**. Airline was not a controlled variable in the original sample selection and the survey is not designed to produce reliable data for individual airlines.

	One-Way Trips (000)			
	HSR Survey		ASC <u>1992</u>	<u>Net</u>
Airport O/D Pairs	<u>Total</u>	<u>Adjusted</u>		
Quebec-Montreal	62	14*	27	-13
Quebec-Ottawa	34	4*	4	-
Quebec-Toronto	94	87*	81	+6
Montreal-Ottawa	38	18*	11	+7
Montreal-Toronto	1410	1330**	1041	+289
Ottawa-Toronto	783	783	654	+129
Montreal-London	17	17	19	-2
Ottawa-London	42	42	28	+14
Toronto-London	26	26	26	-
Montreal-Windsor	7	7	11	-4
Ottawa-Windsor	7	7	16	-9
Toronto-Windsor	84	84	63	+21
Toronto-Sarnia	24	24	17	+7
Kingston-Toronto	10	10	9	+1
* Excludes Air Alliance ** Excludes Nationair				

8.2.2 Methodological Differences

ASC estimates are based on a 1/10 sample of flight coupons taken and reported by the major carriers. True airport O/D is determined from the start point and the furthest point on the itinerary, regardless of intermediate stops. ASC excludes non revenue passengers. As well, Air Alliance and Nationair did not participate in the 1992 ASC survey.

In simplistic terms, the HSR survey starts with total passengers carried on each travel leg (data obtained from airlines and Pearson airport). The survey of passengers is used to determine the proportion of passengers on the travel leg, that are true O/D passengers. This proportion is applied to the total passengers carried to estimate true O/D volume.

8.2.3 Reasons Why ASC Data May Be Understated

- 1. <u>Non-revenue passengers</u> (including dead head flight crew and free points travel) are not included in ASC but are included in the HSR survey. (Data collected at Pearson airport indicates 6% to 7% of scheduled passengers are non-revenue).
- Stopovers are not recognized by ASC. An Ottawa to Toronto to Calgary trip will be coded as Ottawa/Calgary by ASC. If the person actually left the airport in Toronto to conduct some sort of activity before proceeding to Calgary, the HSR survey would code him as Ottawa/Toronto.
- The 1/10 sample is taken independently by each airline and forwarded to ASC.
 ASC apparently has little control over the accuracy or thoroughness of procedures used by each airline to select the actual samples.
- 4. ASC staff are certain that one of the major carriers has been <u>significantly under-reporting</u> its volume to ASC. The reason for and extent of under-reporting is currently under investigation.

8.2.4 Reasons Why HSR Survey Estimates May Be Overstated

- Survey Timing timing of the 3 one-week waves was deliberately chosen to avoid unusual travel periods. Thus long weekends and peak holiday travel times (when the proportion of longer trips would be higher) was excluded from the survey. This would result in a slight overstatement in the proportion of single leg domestic trips.
- 2. <u>Misinterpretation Of O/D Questions</u> Although considerable care was taken to prevent this, it is still possible that some respondents could have confused flight leg with O&D. One can hypothesize that spoiled questionnaires (deleted from data base) may have been more likely to involve complex connecting trips. As well, a person travelling Montreal to Chicago may incorrectly report this trip as Montreal to Toronto, ignoring the connection to Chicago. Editors watched carefully for this. However, the errors would not always be recognizable.

8.2.5 Conclusions

There is some reason to believe that the HSR Survey may be slightly over-reporting single leg trips within the Corridor (and, conversely, under-reporting connecting trips outside the Corridor).

However, the magnitude of such over-reporting is substantially less than suggested by the overall ASC comparison.

Unfortunately, there is no hard data or rationale available on which to base any adjustment to the current HSR expansion.

8.3 Comparison With Via '89

The Via '89 survey (actually conducted in 1988) is the most recent comparable survey attempting to estimate travel by the four modes within the Corridor.

This section compares Via '89 to HSR '92 on key measures (total trips and percent of trips that are business) for each of the four modes.

The Via '89 data (supplied by T.E.M.S.) has been re-tabulated using the new "B" superzones so as to be directly comparable to the 1992 survey.

8.3.1 <u>Differences Between Surveys</u>

There are a number of major differences between these surveys that must be considered when comparing the results.

- 1. <u>Time Span</u> the two surveys are 4 years apart and some differences in total travellers and modal split are likely to have occurred.
- 2. <u>Timing of Survey</u> the Via '89 survey was conducted at one point in time (late spring or summer, 1988, depending on mode). Trip characteristics measured at this point were projected to the entire year.

The 1992 HSR survey was conducted at three separate points in time and expanded independently for each season.

3. Sample Size

The number of interviews utilized in 1992 was substantially greater than in 1988.

	Number Of Interviews <u>Used in Analysis</u>					
	<u>1988</u> <u>1992</u>					
Air Rail Bus Automobile	4,317 6,721 862 <u>9,285</u>	12,393 13,696 9.152 <u>21,097</u>				
	21,185 56,338					

4. Co-operation Of Air And Bus Carriers

In 1988 the "competing" air and bus carriers were totally un-cooperative with Via Rail survey efforts. Interviews with air passengers were conducted (via handout/mailback) outside the secure area. Interviewers on bus routes had to stand on the road or sidewalk (off bus station property).

No passenger load data was released by air and bus carriers.

In 1992, all carriers (except for CAI in the summer) cooperated fully with the survey. Air interviews were conducted in departure lounges with handouts being given to late arrivals only. All bus interviews were conducted on board.

All carriers provided monthly passenger load data for the entire 1992 year (and daily detailed data for the survey weeks). This permitted much more precise expansion.

5. <u>Involvement Of Ministries Of Transport</u>

In 1988, each of the ministries provided only limited assistance to the survey. MTO supplied names/addresses for the sampled plate numbers. MTQ authorized road blocks at survey sites to permit handouts of survey forms.

1988 expansion relied solely on published AADT data.

In 1992 both ministries were full participants in the automobile survey. Plate recording was done by the ministries and names/addresses given to Consumer Contact. In addition to providing published AADT data both ministries maintained special counts for the survey weeks at each location, and provided additional data to permit seasonal expansion.

8.3.2 <u>Air Trips - Via '89 vs. HSR '92</u>

Via '89 estimates for air trips were based primarily on airport O/D data published by ASC for 1987. At that time feeder carriers were not included in the ASC survey. Estimates for the smaller routes were derived from scheduled capacity and estimated loading factors.

The following table compares total air trip estimates for the two surveys for 13 key super zone O/D's. For all but 3 O/D's the estimates are reasonably similar.

For 3 O/D's the 1988 estimates were exceptionally high compared to 1992 - Quebec/Montreal, Kingston/Toronto and Toronto/London. This may have been a function of the less accurate data available in 1988 for these feeder routes.

The percent of business travellers is very similar between the two surveys. This is even more remarkable considering the interviewing difficulties encountered in 1988. (In most airports interviewers were not permitted into departure areas and the survey was dependent almost entirely on handout/mailbacks). The Via '89 air survey was conducted from July 7 to August 10, 1988.

AIR	One V	Vay Trips	(000)	Percent Business		
Super Zone (B) O/D's	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>
Quebec-Montreal	137	48	0.4	74	87	1.2
Quebec-Ottawa	48	32	0.7	84	86	1.0
Quebec-Toronto	91	74	0.8	56	83	1.5
Montreal-Ottawa	39	36	0.9	86	82	1.0
Montreal-Toronto	1096	1201	1.1	83	84	1.0
Montreal-Hamilton	19	22	1.2	91	91	1.0
Montreal-London	16	19	1.2	75	79	1.1
Ottawa-Toronto	675	676	1.0	79	88	1.1
Ottawa-Hamilton	22	12	0.6	78	91	1.2
Ottawa-London	27	35	1.3	52	79	1.5
Kingston-Toronto	18	10	0.5	89	63	0.7
Toronto-London	75	23	0.3	66	68	1.0
Toronto-Windsor	77	64	0.8	89	80	0.9
TOTAL 13 O/D's	2340	2252	1.0	80	85	1.1

8.3.3 Rail Trips - Via '89 vs. HSR '92

Not surprisingly, estimates for total rail trips are quite similar between the two surveys. In both surveys Via Rail supplied extensive hard data on which to base expansion. (In fact, expansion methodologies were different for each survey. The 1988 expansion used ticket sales between station pairs. The 1992 expansion used total passengers carried on each trip leg.)

However, the proportion of business travellers exhibits much more variation in 1988 than in 1992.

This may be due, at least in part, to the fact that the 1988 survey did not obtain separate passenger load data for first class vs. coach. In 1992 Via Rail supplied separate data permitting independent expansion of first class and coach.

The Via '89 rail survey was conducted between June 17 and July 12, 1988, with passengers in major railway stations prior to departure. The 1992 survey was conducted on board.

RAIL	One V	Vay Trips	(000)	Pe	Percent Business		
Super Zone (B) O/D's	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>	
Quebec-Montreal	131	140	1.1	42	35	0.8	
Quebec-Ottawa	10	10	1.0	14	13	1.0	
Quebec-Toronto	21	26	1.4	12	33	2.7	
Montreal-Ottawa	195	215	1.1	30	49	1.6	
Montreal-Kingston	40	35	0.9	13	39	3.1	
Montreal-Toronto	418	470	1.1	17	26	1.6	
Montreal-Hamilton	9	10	1.2	22	42	2.0	
Montreal-London	10	13	1.3	10	3	0.3	
Ottawa-Kingston	17	32	1.9	24	43	1.8	
Ottawa-Toronto	123	201	1.6	21	38	1.8	
Ottawa-Hamilton	4	8	2.1	7	33	5.0	
Ottawa-London	6	10	1.7	10	15	1.4	
Kingston-Toronto	146	207	1.4	18	36	2.0	
Kingston-Hamilton	6	2	0.4	3	15	5.0	
Kingston-London	5	7	1.2	9	16	1.8	
Toronto-London	268	211	0.8	31	33	1.1	
Toronto-Windsor	137	100	0.7	11	29	2.6	
London-Windsor	34	34	1.0	16	25	1.6	
TOTAL 18 O/D's	1580	1731	1.1	22	34	1.5	

8.3.4 Bus Trips - Via '89 vs. HSR '92

The estimates for total bus trips produced by Via '89 show significant variations compared to HSR '92.

The bus component of the Via '89 survey encountered serious fieldwork difficulties and virtually no industry data for expansion.

During the survey (conducted July 22 to August 5, 1988) interviewers were not allowed onto bus terminal property and had to hand out mailback questionnaires on the sidewalks and roads outside bus terminal entrances. Field work was started right after a major bus strike in June and July.

Passenger load data was not available to Via '89. Total trips were determined from published schedules using a 70% loading factor.

In contrast, all bus lines cooperated fully in 1992. All interviews were conducted on board. Every bus line provided detailed passenger load data for the entire year.

BUS	One V	Vay Trips	(000)	Pei	Percent Busine		
Super Zone (B) O/D's	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio 92/88	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>	
Quebec-Montreal Quebec-Ottawa Quebec-Toronto	725 38 2	419 20 5	0.6 0.5 2.5	13 0 0	38 19 8	3.1	
Montreal-Ottawa Montreal-Kingston Montreal-Toronto	574 0 124	419 35 118	0.7 1.0	6 0	22 8 11	3.8	
Ottawa-Kingston Ottawa-Toronto Ottawa-London	53 274 7	65 123 5	1.2 0.5 0.7	930	11 15 4	1.2 5.4	
Kingston-Toronto	76	107	1.4	0	7		
Toronto-London Toronto-Windsor	178 154	156 34	0.9 0.2	2 0	8 20	4.4	
London-Windsor	12	20	1.6	0	2	**************************************	
TOTAL 12 O/D's	2217	1526	0.7	6	21	3.4	

8.3.5 Automobile Trips - Via '89 vs. HSR '92

For about half the 21 O/D's illustrated below, total trip estimates from the two surveys are quite similar. However, for many O/D's the Via '89 estimates were **substantially lower** than 1992 volumes.

On the more heavily travelled routes (1 million or more trips) the two surveys produce similar total trip estimates (except for Quebec/Montreal and Toronto/London). Most of the smaller routes showed significantly lower numbers in 1988.

Three O/D's (Quebec/Montreal, Montreal/Hamilton, Ottawa/Hamilton) showed exceptionally high business proportions in 1988. The 1992 survey reduces these proportions to levels more in line with other O/D's.

Both surveys used Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) supplied by the ministries of transport for the final stage of expansion.

Vehicle observations for the Via '89 survey were conducted between May 18 and June 9, 1988.

AUTOMOBILE	One Way Trips (000)			Percent Business				
Super Zone (B) O/D's	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>	<u>1988</u>	<u>1992</u>	Ratio <u>92/88</u>		
Quebec-Montreal Quebec-Ottawa Quebec-Toronto	4,573 137 52	6,194 260 104	1.4 1.9 2.0	67 29 0	23 13 28	0.4 0.5		
Montreal-Ottawa Montreal-Kingston Montreal-Toronto Montreal-Hamilton Montreal-London	3,573 208 1,188 23 29	3,839 208 1,190 65 81	1.1 1.0 1.0 2.8 2.8	32 30 20 53 9	19 8 22 15 8	0.6 0.3 1.1 0.3 0.9		
Ottawa-Kingston Ottawa-Toronto Ottawa-Hamilton Ottawa-London	281 2,046 86 85	836 1,715 95 102	3.0 0.8 1.1 1.2	24 21 48 18	19 23 13 18	0.8 1.1 0.3 1.0		
Kingston-Toronto Kingston-Hamilton Kingston-London	2,043 139 53	1,958 88 85	1.0 0.6 1.6	19 8 0	19 4 18	1.0 0.6		
Toronto-Hamilton Toronto-London Toronto-Windsor	273 2,389 895	159 4,151 1,091	0.6 1.7 1.2	26 25 21	21 26 20	0.8 1.1 1.0		
Hamilton-London Hamilton-Windsor	281 113	479 114	1.7 1.0	21 15	38 16	1.8 1.1		
London-Windsor	1,225	1,514	1.2	18	27	1.5		
TOTAL 21 O/D's	19,692	24,326	1.2	34	22	0.7		

8.3.6 Overall Conclusions

With each mode, the 1992 data appears to exhibit more consistent patterns than for 1988.

The two surveys are most similar for rail (not surprising since Via Rail cooperated fully on both surveys.)

The biggest differences are in the bus data. (The 1988 bus survey suffered most, from both a small number of interviews and carrier non-cooperation.)

Given the substantially improved interviewing methodologies and availability of industry data in 1992, it must be concluded that the 1992 data is more accurate and comprehensive overall.

8.4 Input From Carriers On Public Mode Survey Data

In order to solicit input from the carriers on the validity of survey results, a summary table was prepared and sent to each carrier. Each table was based only on that carrier's passengers and showed trip purpose, type of fare, number of nights away from home, total party size and household income for passengers travelling on key routes.

Carriers were asked to review this data in comparison to their own internal surveys and/or their judgements of whether the data is consistent with their experience or impressions.

Only a few of the carriers responded.

8.4.1 Air

A reply was received from Air Canada only.

Air Canada's estimates of business travellers proportions do not differ significantly from HSR estimates.

As well, the proportions claiming to be full fare vs. discount fare are consistent with the airline's own data.

8.4.2 Rail

Via Rail's internal data was generally not comparable to the HSR data, being collected and analyzed for different purposes.

Household income data collected by Via Rail for total system travellers was very close to that measured on Corridor routes by the HSR survey.

Via Rail's estimates for the proportion of business travellers appears to be slightly higher than those measured by the HSR survey on some of the routes compared.

8.4.3 Bus

Replies were received from Voyageur and Orleans only.

Both indicated that the HSR survey severely **understates** the proportion travelling on **discount or special fares**. They feel this is a matter of passenger perception. Many people are unaware they are travelling on discount fares. (Eg. 10-day discount fares are given automatically when applicable and the ticket buyer is not necessarily told it is a discount fare. As well, many students and seniors may think of the student/senior rate as **their** regular fare.)

This affects the regular/discount question only, and should not affect the estimate of total fare actually paid.

Orleans reported that their estimates of business travellers are slightly higher than reported by the survey.

Voyageur felt the trip purpose proportions were in line with their perceptions. However, they noted that the survey did not cover holiday periods which are very heavy on Voyageur routes, and would push up the overall number of student commuters.

QUESTIONNAIRE STRUCTURE AND CONTENT - ALL MODES

A complete set of all questionnaires (English and French) used in the Fall wave are included in this section.

Questionnaires used in the Winter wave are identical to the Fall questionnaires in all respects except for details as to dates/amounts of lucky draw prizes and address format for the Quebec auto survey.

Summer questionnaires differed in a number of question format areas.

A.1 Public Modes Questionnaires

Questionnaire content and format was virtually identical for each of the three public modes.

The Summer Air questionnaire is shown on pages A-4/5 following, with the Fall Air questionnaire on pages A6/7.

Two material changes in question format were introduced in the Fall.

- A.1.1 Questions 9c and 14c (Summer) were deleted and replaced with Q4c for the Fall and Winter waves. Summer data for Q9c/Q14c has been modified to the Q4c format in the data files. (If a summer respondent specified a preferred arrival and/or departure time, the answer at Q4c was coded as "yes".)
- A.1.2 The order of Q9a & b and Q14a & b was reversed from Summer to Fall. By asking "type of place" first, it was hoped this would focus the respondent on more detailed origin and destination descriptions and reduce the number of general responses such as "Toronto".

(In fact, this change did not make any difference to the proportion of general responses which remained at 12% to 14% through all 3 waves.)

The Air questionnaires are used here as examples. The same changes were, in fact, introduced for all three public modes.

A.2 Automobile Survey Questionnaires

Copies of the Fall Ontario version and Fall Quebec version are shown on pages A18/19 and A20/21/22. Michigan and New York motorists were mailed the Ontario version.

- A.2.1 The only change to questionnaire content from Summer to Fall was at Q.6. Item 7 (needed to make other stops along the way) was not included in the Summer survey. However any write in responses were appropriately coded for consistency with later waves.
- A.2.2 Q.12 (Can we contact you again?) was not included in the Summer Wave. It was introduced for both Ontario and Quebec in the Fall, and retained for Ontario only (not Quebec) in the Winter. Over 75% of respondents answered "yes" to Q.12.
- A.2.3 For all 3 waves, Ontario (and Michigan/New York) motorists were mailed a questionnaire with name/address, location/hour codes and trip description laser printed on the questionnaire. As well, if the registered owner was non-residential, a "please forward to usual driver of" message was included, as shown on the page A18 example.

This was mailed in an MTO window envelope with an MTO return envelope enclosed. The survey was presented entirely as a "government survey" from MTO with no mention of Consumer Contact on the survey materials.

A.2.4 The Quebec Summer auto survey was mailed out by SAAQ (the Quebec vehicle licensing authority). No respondent identifying information was printed on the questionnaire.

Forty separate versions of the questionnaire were printed (10 locations by 2 directions by 2 days of week) and supplied to SAAQ for mailing. (See pages A20/21 for an example of this style.)

A separate name/address label was affixed to a SAAQ envelope containing the questionnaire (version matching code on label), introductory letter from SAAQ and a return envelope to Contact aux Consummateurs in Montreal.

The survey was presented as a Consumer Contact (Contact aux Consummateurs) survey conducted for MTQ with the cooperation of SAAQ.

A.2.5 For the Quebec Fall survey, arrangements were made for release of the Quebec name/address files to Consumer Contact. The "Ontario" procedure (laser printing on questionnaires) was used for mailout to all Francophone* Quebec respondents. (See page A22). Because it was required that French be given at least equal prominence to English on all mailouts to Anglophone* respondents, it was not feasible to laser print on both sides of the same page with reliability. The Summer methodology (40 pre-printed versions) was retained for the Anglophone mail-out.

The Fall and Winter questionnaires were mailed out in Contact aux Consommateurs envelopes and included a separate introductory letter from MTQ.

- * As per preferred language on vehicle registration records.
- A.2.6 In the Quebec Winter auto survey, both anglophone and francophone mail-outs were done using the 40 pre-printed versions (as per page 20/21 style).

A.3 Respondent Incentives Used

A.3.1 Automobile Survey - Ontario/Michigan/New York.

Each respondent completing the survey was promised and mailed a free Ontario Road Map along with a Guide to Intercity Transportation.

A.3.2 Lucky Draw Prizes

All other modes, including Quebec auto, used a series of lucky draw cash prizes to encourage response.

Summer - one cash prize of \$200 awarded each week for 4 weeks.

Fall - one cash prize of \$200 awarded each week for 3 weeks with a grand prize of \$1,000 awarded on the fourth week.

- two additional cash prizes of \$1,000 each awarded in early February for respondents receiving the late Quebec auto mailing.

Winter - one cash prize awarded each week for 3 weeks with a grand prize of \$1,000 awarded on the fourth week.

A.4 Questionnaires

Summer - Public Modes	<u>Pages</u>
Air - English	A-4/5
<u>Fall - Public Modes</u> Air - English - French	A-6/7 A-8/9
Rail - English - French	A-10/11 A-12/13
Bus - English - French	A-14/15 A-16/17
Fall - Auto	• . = =
Ontario *(Michigan/New York)	A-18/19
Quebec - Anglophone*	A-20/21
Quebec - Francophone**	A-22

^{*} printed English/French back to back

^{**} printed French only

INTERCITY AIR TRAVEL SURVEY



Dear Traveller

In order to better understand the need of travellers in Ontario and Quebec, this survey is being conducted by Consumer Contact Limited with the co-operation of the Travel Industry.

Please take a few minutes to answer the questions below and return this form to our representative in the departure lounge (or mail it back to us in the postage paid return envelope provided).

Your answers are important! The results of this survey will help to ensure better transportation facilities for people across Ontario and Quebec.

Cash prizes of \$200 will be awarded each week from August 24 to September 14 by Consumer Contact Limited. *Details overleaf*. The information you provide will be kept strictly confidential and used solely for research analysis purposes. Your assistance in completing this survey for us is greatly appreciated.

Ce formulaire est aussi disponible en français. Veuillez contacter la personne qui a distribué ces formulaires.

		ABOUT TODAY'S	JOL	RNEY		
1	Wh Che	☐₃ Commuting to/from work	□s V □s S □r V	acation/f hopping/ isiting Fr	Recreation Personal Business iends/Relatives ase specify	
2	(a)	What was the price of your ticket for this trip? \$.00	(c)	What is your flight nur	***************************************
	(b)	What type of fare scheme are you using on this trip? □₁ First/Business Class □₂ Full Fare Economy □₃ Discounted Fare		(d)	(airline) What day of the week to Monday 2 Tuesday 3 Wednesday 4 Thursday	(flight number) are you travelling on? □₅ Friday □₅ Saturday □٫ Sunday
3		How many nights will you be away from home on this trip? In total, how many people are travelling together with you on this trip, including yourself? Of the people travelling together with you, how		,	TOTAL PARTY SIZE	
4	(a)	□ Automobile □ Train □ Bus □ I would not have made trip Was a car available to you to make this trip today? □ Yes				
		GENERAL INFORMATION to be	elp us	classify	your answers	
5	(a)			<i>mployed,</i> Agricultui Construc	what type of industry d re/Mining tion/Manufacturing tation/Communications le/Retail rvice	·
6		Please indicate your sex and your age group. □₁ Male □₂ Under 20 years □₂ 20 to 34 years □₃ 35 to 49 years	ears	or over		
	(b)	Which category represents the total year's gross income ☐ Less than \$20,000 ☐ \$60,000 to \$79,999 ☐ \$2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 ☐ \$80,000 or over ☐ \$40,000 to \$59,999	of yo	ur house	thold before taxes?	
7		ht now, are you going to or returning from your main dest Going to Returning from	tinatio	on?		
8		PORTANT! Please turn over the page and answer all remain but this one-way part of your journey - not the whole trip.	ning (questions		



Start of ONE WAY trip

Where did you begin this one-way part of your journey?

Give exact location of office, shopping area, home, etc. that you were at before travelling to the airport.

Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc.

Address

(or nearest street intersection, place of interest, building, etc.)
City/Town
Prov./State
Postal Code

- (b) Which best describes the place where you began this one-way trip? Check one box.
 - ☐ Private Home ☐ School/College/ University □₂ Hotel ☐₃ Place of Business ☐₅ Shopping area
 - □ Recreational Site □ Other, specify
 - What would have been your preferred departure time for this trip?
 - □ Same as actual departure time PREFERRED
 - DEPARTURE TIME (If different from actual)
- am []



Travel to Airport

- (a) How long did it take to get to the airport?
 - ____ (Hr) ____ (Min)
- (b) How did you get to the airport? Check one or more
- ☐ Dropped off by triend/relative
- ☐₂ Rental car
- □₃ Car parked near airport. What is approximate parking cost?
- .00 □ Taxi/Limousine, What

is approximate cost?

- \$ _____.00
- ☐s Local/bus/subway
- □₂ Intercity bus
- □a Intercity train
- □ Commuter train ☐ w Walked only
- □ □ Other please specify



Boarding Airport

At which airport did you begin this one-way part of your journey?

- □ Quebec City
- □₂ Montreal Dorval
- □₃ Ottawa
- □₄ Gatineau □ Kingston
- □₄ Oshawa
- □₁ Toronto Pearson
- □ Toronto Island
- ☐ Buttonville □₁₀ London
- □ n Windsor
- □ v Samia
- □₁₃ Other please specify



12 Final Airport Stop

At which airport will you end this one-way trip?

- □ Quebec City
- □₂ Montreal Dorval
- □₁ Ottawa
- □ Gatineau
- ☐s Kingston □ « Oshawa
- □₂ Toronto Pearson
- □ a Toronto Island ☐ » Buttonville
- □ in London
- □ n Windsor
- □₁₂ Sarnia
- ☐ 13 Other please specify



13 Travel from Airport

(a) How long will it take to get from the airport to your final destination?

 Hr)	(Min	ŧ

- (b) How will you get there?
- Check one or more ☐₁ Picked up by
- friend/relative
- □₂ Rental car.
- □₁ Car parked near airport. What is approximate parking cost?
 - \$ _____.00
- □₄ Taxi/Limousine. What is approximate cost?
- \$ ______ .00 ☐s Local/bus/subway
- Intercity bus
- □ Intercity train
- Commuter train □ w Walked only
- □ u Other please specify



End of 4 ONE WAY trip

(a) Where will you end this one-way part of your journey?

This place must be different from where you began your one-way journey in "9". Give exact location of your destination.

Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc.

Trip WILL END AT:

Address	(or nearest street intersection, place of interest, building, etc.)
City/Town	
Prov./State	
Postal Code	

- Which best describes the place where you will end this one-way trip? Check one box.
- ☐₁ Private Home ☐s School/College/ University □₂ Hotel
- ☐₃ Place of Business ☐₅ Shopping area
- □ Recreational Site □ Other, specify
- (c) What would be your preferred arrival time for this trip?
 - □ Same as actual expected arrival time PREFERRED am 🗆
 - ARRIVAL TIME (If different from actual)
- Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. One last thing, please PRINT your name and phone number below so we can include you in the lucky draw contest. Four cash prizes of \$200 will

Telephone _

IMPORTANT! If you prefer to not enter the contest there is no need to write in your name and number. Either way, please return this completed form to our representative or mail it back in the postage paid return envelope provided. THANK YOU!

CONTEST INFORMATION

HOW TO ENTER

To enter, simply complete this form and return it to our representative or mail it back in the envelope provided. To be eligible, all questions must be answered and your form must be completed 4 days. before the draw date

THE DRAW

A random selection will be made at 2450 Victoria Park. Willowdale, Ontario on August 24th at 2:00 pm and each Monday thereafter until September 14th, 1992, from all eligible entries received as of each draw date. In order to win, selected eligible contestants must first answer a skill testing question. The odds of being selected will depend on the number of eligible entries received at each draw date. This contest is conducted by Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale, Ont. M2J 4A2

PRIZES

A total of lour cash prizes of \$200.00 each will be awarded. One prize will be awarded each Monday starting Aug. 24, 1992 and ending Sept. 14, 1992. A cheque will be mailed to the winner after each draw

ELIGIBILITY

To enter and be eligible to win, a person must be 18 years of age or older. Employees and agents of Consumer Contact and their families are not eligible to win. Any litigation respecting the conduct and awarding of a prize in this contest may be submitted to the Regie des lotenes et courses du Quebec.

pm []

INTERCITY AIR TRAVEL SURVEY



Dear Traveller:

In order to better understand the need of travellers in Ontario and Quebec, this survey is being conducted by Consumer Contact Limited with the co-operation of the Travel Industry.

Please take a few minutes to answer the questions below and return this form to our representative in the departure lounge (or mail it back to us in the postage paid return envelope provided).

Win up to \$1,000! Cash prizes of \$200 will be awarded each week from November 2 to November 16. A grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded on November 23, 1992. Details overleaf.

The information you provide will be kept strictly confidential and used solely for research analysis purposes. Your assistance in completing this survey for us is greatly appreciated.

Ce formulaire est aussi disponible en français. Veuillez contacter la personne qui a distribué ces formulaires.

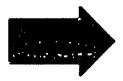
		ABOUT TODAY'S	JOUR	NEY		
What is/was the main purpose of the trip you are taking away from home? Check one box. □ Business - trip paid for by your employer □ Business - trip not paid for by employer □ Shopping/Personal Busines □ Commuting to/from work □ Going to/from University/College □ Other please specify					Personal Business iends/Relatives	
2	(a)	What was the price of your ticket for this trip? \$.00	(c)	What is your flight numb	ber?
	(b)	□₂ Round Trip included in ticket price? What type of fare scheme are you using on this trip? □₁ First/Business Class □₂ Full Fare Economy □₃ Discounted Fare	•	(d)	□₂ Tuesday 3	(flight number) are you travelling on? □s Friday □s Saturday □r Sunday
3	(b)	How many nights will you be away from home on this trip? In total, how many people are travelling together with you on this trip, including yourself? Of the people travelling together with you, how many are members of your household including yourself	<u></u> ,		TOTAL PARTY SIZE	RS IN PARTY
4	(b)	If you could not have used an airplane today to make this □₁ Automobile □₄ Bus □₂ Train □₅ I would not have made trip Was a car available to you to make this trip today? □₁ Yes □₂ No Did you have any time constraints for this journey? □₁ Yes — (IF YES) — What departure time for □₂ No What arrival time for this	this fligh	nt woul	d have suited you best?	am [—]
		GENERAL INFORMATION to h	elp us d	lassify	your answers	
5	(a)	What is your employment status? (b) Employed full-time Employed part-time Homemaker SKIP TO "6", BELOW In the property of	□ 1 A9 □ 2 C4 □ 3 T1 □ 4 W □ 5 O	gricultu onstruc anspoi		you work in?
6		Please indicate your sex and your age group. ☐ Male ☐ Under 20 years ☐ 50 to ☐ Female ☐ 20 to 34 years ☐ 56 y ☐ 35 to 49 years Which category represents the total year's gross income ☐ Less than \$20,000 ☐ 4 \$60,000 to \$79,999 ☐ 2 \$20,000 to \$39,999 ☐ 5 \$80,000 or over ☐ 3 \$40,000 to \$59,999	ears or	over	ehold before taxes?	
7	\square_1	tht now, are you going to or returning from your main des Going to Returning from	stination	?	74 E. G. Miller (1987)	



(a) Which best describes the place you were at

\cap	Start	of	
9	ONE	WAY	rio

	your trip today? Chec			to get to the airpor
	☐ Private Home ☐ a Hotel ☐ B Place of Business ☐ Recreational Site	University ☐ Shopping area	(b)	the airport? Check one or more
			∏2	Rental car
b)	place? Give exact location of	dress or location of this	□ 3	Car parked near airport. What is approximate parking cost?
	nome, etc. tnat you w to the airport.	ere at before travelling		\$00
	Please state address intersection, promined interest, building, inst TRIP BEGAN AT:	nt landmark, place of	□•	Taxi/Limousine. W
				\$00
			∏ 5	Local/bus/subway
	City/Town			Intercity bus
	Prov/State			Intercity train
	Postal Code			Commuter train
				Walked only
			[]11	Other please spec



Travel to Airport

(a)	How long did it take
	to get to the airport?

(Hr)	(Mir
---	-----	------

> What cost?

ecity



Boarding Airport

At which airport did you begin this one-way part of your journey?

- □ □ Ouebec City □₂ Montreal - Dorval
- □ u Mirabel
- □₃ Ottawa
- □ Gatineau □s Kingston
- ☐ 6 Oshawa
- □₁ Toronto Pearson
- □ a Toronto Island
- ☐ Buttonville ☐ is Hamilton
- □ ₀ London
- □ → Windsor ☐ 12 Sarnia
- ☐ 13 Other please specify



12 Final Airport Stop

At which airport will you end this one-way trio?

- ☐ Quebec City
- □₂ Montreal Dorval
- □ u Mirabel 3 Ottawa
- □ . Gatineau
- ☐s Kingston
- ∏₅ Oshawa □₂ Toronto - Pearson
- □ a Toronto Island
- □ « Buttonville
- ☐ is Hamilton
- □ a London □ m Windsor
- ☐₁₂ Sarnia
- () o Other please specify



Travel from Airport

(a) How long will it take to get from the airport to your final destination?

44-1	/8 dim
 (1711)	 (Min

- (b) How will you get there? Check one or more
- □ Picked up by triend/relative
- □₂ Rental car
- □₃ Car parked near airport. What is approximate parking cost?
 - \$ _____.00
- □₄ Taxi/Limousine. What is approximate cost?
 - Fls Local/bus/subway
 - □₁ Intercity bus
 - □ a Intercity train
 - Commuter train
 - [] ₀ Walked only
 - □ other please specify



14 End of ONE WAY trip

(a) Which best describes the place you will go to first after leaving the airport at the end of your trip today? Check one box.

☐ Private Home	☐s School/College/
7₂ Hotel	University

- ☐₃ Place of Business ☐₅ Shooping area
- ☐ Recreational Site ☐ Other, specify

(b) What is the exact address or location of this olace?

This place must be different from where you began your one-way journey in "9". Give exact location of your destination.

Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc.

Trip WILL END AT:
Address

City/Town	
Droy /State	

Postal Code _

CONTEST INFORMATION

HOW TO ENTER

To enter, simply complete this form and return it to our representative. To be eligible, all questions must be answered and your form must be completed 4 days before the draw date.

THE DRAW

A random selection will be made at 2450 Victoria Park, Willowdale, Ontario on November 2nd at 2:00 pm and each Monday thereafter until November 23rd, 1992, from all eligible entries received as of each draw date. In order to win, selected eligible contestants must first answer a skill testing question. The odds of being selected will depend on the number of eligible entries received at each draw date. This contest is conducted by Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale, Ont. M2J 4A2

PRIZES

A total of three cash prizes of \$200.00 each and one grand prize of \$1,000.00 will be awarded. One \$200.00 prize will be awarded each Monday from Nov. 2 to Nov. 16 and the grand prize of \$1,000.00 will be awarded on Nov. 23. 1992. A cheque will be mailed to the winner after each draw

ELIGIBILITY

To enter and be eligible to win, a person must be 18 years of age or older. Employees and agents of Consumer Contact and their families are not eligible to win. Any litigation respecting the conduct and awarding of a prize in this contest may be submitted to the Regie des loteries et courses du Quebec.

Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Thank you for taking the time to complete this form.

One last thing, please PRINT your name and phone number below so we can include you in the lucky draw contest. Three cash prizes of \$200 and one grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded.

Name

_____ Telephone _____

IMPORTANT! If you prefer to not enter the contest there is no need to write in your name and number. Either way, please return this completed form to our representative or mail it back in the postage paid return envelope provided. THANK YOU'

A-8

SONDAGE SUR LES VOYAGES INTERURBAINS PAR AVION



Afin de mieux comprendre les besoins des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario, ce sondage est effectué par la compagnie Contact aux Consommateurs, avec la collaboration de l'industrie du tourisme.

Veuillez prendre un moment pour répondre aux questions ci-dessous et remettre le formulaire à notre représentant(e) dans la saile d'attente (ou retournez-le par la poste dans l'enveloppe affranchie ci-incluse).

Vos réponses sont importantes! Les résultats de ce sondage aideront à améliorer les moyens de transport des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario.

Gagnez jusqu'à 1,000 \$! Des prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués chaque semaine, du 2 novembre au 16 novembre 1992. Un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 23 novembre 1992. Voir les détails au verso.

Nous assurons le caractère confidentiel des renseignements que vous donnerez; ils ne seront utilisés qu'à des fins d'analyse et de recherche. Nous vous sommes très reconnaissants de l'aide que vous nous apportez en répondant à ce sondage.

This form is also available in English. Please contact the person distributing these forms.

		VOTRE VO	
4	Que Coo	elle est la principale raison de ce voyage? chez une seule case. □₁ Affaires - voyage payé par l'employeur □₂ Affaires - voyage non payé par l'employeur □₃ Aller/revenir du travail □₄ Aller/revenir du collège/université	□s Vacances/loisirs □s Magasinage/affaires personnelles □r Visiter des amis ou parents □s Autre (préciser)
2	(a)	Ouelle est le prix de votre billet pour ce voyage? □ · Aller simple Combien de voyageurs sont □ ₂ Aller-retour inscrits sur ce billet?	.00 \$ (c) Quel est votre numéro de voi?
	(b)	À quelle classe de tarif correspond le prix de ce billet? □₁ Première / classe affaires □₂ Classe économique / plein prix □₃ Tarif réduit	(ligne aérienne) (numéro de vol) (d) Quel jour de la semaine voyagez-vous? □₁ Lundi □₃ Vendredi □₂ Mardi □₃ Samedi □₃ Mercredi □₂ Dimanche □₊ Jeudi
3		Combien de nuits serez-vous absent(e) de chez vous lors de ce voyage?	NUITS
		Combien y a-t-il de personnes dans votre groupe, y compris vous-même?	PERSONNES
	(C)	Parmis ces personnes, combien font partie de votre foyer, y compris vous-même?	MEMBRES DE MON FOYER
4		Si vous n'aviez pu prendre l'avion pour ce voyage, quel \[\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	
	, .	□₁ Oui □₂ Non	
	(C)	(SI OOI)-	am = ce vol qui vous aurait le mieux convenu? = : pm = am = am = pm = : pm = pm = : pm = : pm = : am = pm = : pm =
		RENSEIGNEMENT GÉNÉRAUX Pou	r nous aider à classifier vos réponses
5	(a)	Quelle est votre situation d'emploi? (time la proposition d'emploi d'emploi? (time la proposition d'emploi d'emplo	o) Si employé(e), dans quel secteur d'industrie travaillez-vous? \[\] Agriculture / industrie minière \[\] Construction / fabrication \[\] Transports / communications \[\] Commerce de gros / de détail \[\] Autres services \[\] Autres (préciser)
6		□₂ Femme □₂ 20 à 34 ans □₃ 65 □₃ 35 à 49 ans	à 64 ans ans et plus
a various as	(b)	Dans quelle catégorie se situe votre revenu familial and □₁ Moins de 20 000 \$ □₄ 60 000 \$ à 79 999 \$ □₂ 20 000 \$ à 39 999 \$ □₃ 80 000 \$ ou plus □₃ 40 000 \$ à 59 999 \$	nuel, avant impôts?
7		lites-vous le présent trajet pour aller à ou revenir de votre d Aller ₂ Retour	destination principale?
8	IN su	PORTANT! Veuillez tourner la page et répondre aux ques ir cette partie de votre trajet – et non sur le voyage au con	tions suivantes aplet.



\cap	Départ
\mathcal{F}	du traje

Lequel décrit le mieux l'endroit où vous étiez luste avant de venir à l'aéroport pour commencer ce voyage aujourd'hui? Cochez une case. ☐ Maison privée ☐s École, collège. université □ » Hôtel ☐₃ Place d'affaires □ « Lieu de magasinage □ a Lieu de loisirs ☐ r Autre (spécifier) Quel est l'adresse exacte de cet endroit? Indiquez l'endroit exact du bureau. résidence, centre commercial, etc. d'où vous étiez avant de vous rendre à l'aéroport. Donnez l'adresse, l'intersection, le point de repère connu, l'édifice le plus près. LE TRAJET A COMMENCÉ À : Adresse _____ Ville / village ... Prov. / État. Code postal ___

_	 	

10 Pour aller à l'aéroport

- (a) Combien de temps vous a-t-il fallu pour vous rendre à l'aéroport?
 - ____ (Hr) ____ (Min)
- (b) Comment vous êtesvous rendu(e) à l'aéroport? Cochez les cases qui s'appliquent.
- Conduit par un ami /
- ☐₂ Véhicule de location
- □₃ Véhicule stationné près de l'aéroport. Quel est le prix approximatil du stationnement?
- ______.00 \$
- est le prix approximatil?
- _____.00 \$
- ☐ Autobus interurbain
- ☐r Autobus interurbain
- ☐ Train merurbain
- □ ₀ À pied
- □ n Autre (préciser)

44.0

Aéroport d'embarquement

À quel aéroport avez-vous commencé le présent trajet?

- ☐₁ Québec ☐₂ Montréal - Dorval
- ☐ Gatineau
- ☐s Kingston
 ☐s Oshawa
- ☐ Toronto Pearson
- ☐ Toronto Island
- Buttonville
- ☐ is Hamilton
 ☐ is London
- □ n Windsor
- ☐ 12 Sarnia
- ☐ 13 Autre (veuillez préciser)



12 Aéroport de destination

À quel aéroport finirezvous le présent trajet?

- □ : Québec
- □z Montréal Dorval
- ☐ 14 Mirabel
- ☐ Gatineau
- ☐s Kingston
- ☐ Toronto Pearson
- ☐ Toronto Island
- ☐ **Buttonville**
- ☐ is Hamilton
 ☐ is London
- □ n Windsor
- □ n Sarnia
- ☐ □ Autre (veuillez préciser)



13 Pour partir

(a) Combien de temps vous faudra-t-il pour aller de l'aéroport à votre destination finale?

(Hr) (M	Mi		(Hr)	
---------	----	--	------	--

- (b) Comment ferez-vous ce trajet? Cochez les cases qui s'appliquent.
- Conduit par un ami / parent
- ☐₂ Véhicule de location
- ☐₃ Véhicule stationné près de l'aéroport. Quel est le prix approximatif du stationnement?
- ______.00 \$

031	-	ф	UAIIII
		.00	\$

- ☐s Autobus local / métro
- □r Autobus interurbain
- ☐ Train interurbain
 ☐ Train de banlieue
- ⊟s Àpied



14 Destination

(a) Lequel décrit le mieux l'endroit où vous irez juste après avoir quitté l'aéroport pour terminer ce voyage aujourd'hui? Cochez une case seulement.

Πı	Maison	privée
Π.	Hâtal	

- ☐s École, collège, université
- ☐₃ Place d'affaires
 - ☐ 6 Lieu de magasinage
- □ Lieu de loisirs □ Autre (spécifier)

(b) Quel est l'adresse exacte de cet endroit? Cet endroit doit être différent du point de départ indiqué à la question 9. Indiquez l'endroit exact de cette destination. Donnez l'adresse, l'intersection, le point de repère connu, l'édifice le plus près.

F	TRA	IFT	SE	TERMINERA	À	
_	100	ᅜ	υE	LEUMBAEUV	^	

Adresse	
Ville / village	,
Prov. / État	

-		-
□ 11	Autre	(préciser)

RENSEIGNEMENT SUR LE CONCOURS

COMMENT PARTICIPER

Pour participer, veuillez remplir ce formulaire et le remettre à notre représentant(e). Pour être éligible, vous devez répondre à toutes les questions.

LE TIRAGE

Un tirage sera fait au 2450 Victoria Park, Willowdale (Ontario), le 2 novembre 1992, à 14 n. et chaque lundi suivant jusqu'au 23 novembre 1992, parmi toutes les participations admissibles reçues à la date du tirage. Pour gagner, les concurrents admissibles choisis devront d'abord répondre à une question d'habileté. Les chances d'être choisi dépendent du nombre de participations admissibles reçues. Ce concours est organisé par Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale (Ontario) M2.1 4A2.

PRIX

Un total de trois prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués, à raison d'un prix à chaque lundi, du 2 novembre au 16 novembre. De plus un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 23 novembre 1992, Les prix seront expédiés aux gagnants sous forme de chêque après chaque tirage.

ADMISSIBILITÈ

Ce concours est réservé aux personnes de 18 ans et plus. Les employés et représentants de Consumer Contact Limited et Contact aux Consommateurs ainsi que leur famille ne sont pas éligibles au tirage. Tout litige concernant la conduite et l'attribution des prix de ce concours peut être soumis à la Régie des loteries et courses du Québec.

Merci d'avoir pris le temps de remplir ce questionnaire.

Pour terminer, veuillez inscrire votre nom et votre numéro de téléphone ci-dessous en LETTRES MOULÉES, afin de pouvoir participer au tirage de trois prix de 200 \$ et un grand prix de 1,000 \$ en argent comptant.

Code postal

Indicatif régional Téléphone

IMPORTANT! Si vous préférez ne pas participer au concours, il n'est pas nécessaire d'inscrire votre nom et votre numéro de téléphone. Quoi qu'il en soit, veuillez remettre ce formulaire rempli à notre représentant(e) ou retournez-le dans l'enveloppe affranche ci-incluse. MERCI DE VOTRE COLLABORATION!

INTERCITY RAIL TRAVEL SURVEY



Dear Traveller:

In order to better understand the need of travellers in Ontario and Quebec, this survey is being conducted by Consumer Contact Limited with the co-operation of the Travel Industry.

Please take a few minutes to answer the questions below and return this form to our representative on board.

Your answers are important! The results of this survey will help to ensure better transportation facilities for people across Ontario and Quebec.

Win up to \$1,000! Cash prizes of \$200 will be awarded each week from October 26 to November 9. A grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded on November 16, 1992. Details overleaf.

The information you provide will be kept strictly confidential and used solely for research analysis purposes. Your assistance in completing this survey for us is greatly appreciated.

		ABOUT	TODAY'S JOURNEY
1		at is/was the main purpose of the trip you are to	aking away from home?
,	Une	☐ Business - trip paid for by your employer	☐s Vacation/Recreation
		□₂ Business - trip not paid for by employer	□ Shopping/Personal Business
		☐₃ Commuting to/from work	☐₂ Visiting Friends/Relatives
		C. Going to/from University/College	☐s Other please specify
2	(a)	What was the price of your ticket for this trip?	.00
		□₂ Round Trip included in ticket price?	
	(b)	What type of fare scheme are you using on this	s trip?
		☐₁ First Class (VIA 1) ☐₃ Discount Fa	
		☐₂ Regular Fare ☐₄ Canrail Pas	
		☐s Other disco	unt
3	(a)	How many nights will you be away from home	on this trip?NIGHTS
	(b)	In total, how many people are travelling togeth with you on this trip, including yourself?	TOTAL PARTY SIZE
	(c)	Of the people travelling together with you, how many are members of your household includi	ng yourself? HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS IN PARTY
4	(a)	If you could not have used the train today to m Automobile Bus Air I would not have m	nake this trip, which other mode would you have chosen? ade trip
	(p)	Was a car available to you to make this trip too □ Yes □ 2 No	day?
	(c)	Did you have any time constraints for this jour	ney? am 0
	(0)	☐ Yes — ► (IF YES) — What departs	are time for this train would have suited you best? pm :
		UF 169	am .
		What arrival	time for this train would have suited you best?
			ATION to help us classify your answers
, -	(a)	GENERAL INFORM	ATION to help us classify your answers (b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?
5	(a)	GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE STATE OF THE STAT	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? □₁ Agriculture/Mining
5	(a)	GENERAL INFORM	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? ☐ Agriculture/Mining ☐ Construction/Manufacturing
5	(a)	GENERAL INFORM. What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? ☐ Agriculture/Mining ☐ Construction/Manufacturing ☐ Transportation/Communications
5	(a)	GENERAL INFORMA What is your employment status? □ Employed full-time □ Employed part-time □ Homemaker □ Student	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? □ Agriculture/Mining □ Construction/Manufacturing □ Transportation/Communications □ Wholesale/Retail
5	(a)	What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining Construction/Manufacturing Transportation/Communications Wholesale/Retail Softher Service
5	(a)	What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? ☐ Agriculture/Mining ☐ Construction/Manufacturing ☐ Transportation/Communications ☐ Wholesale/Retail
		What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?
		What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?
5		What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining Construction/Manufacturing Transportation/Communications Wholesale/Retail Softher Service Other specify
		What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining Construction/Manufacturing Transportation/Communications Wholesale/Retail Softher Service Cother specify Softher specify
	(a)	GENERAL INFORMA What is your employment status? In Employed full-time In Homemaker In Student In Student In Retired In Unemployed Please indicate your sex and your age group. In Male In Under 20 years	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?
	(a)	What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining Construction/Manufacturing Transportation/Communications Mholesale/Retail Softher Service Control Other specify A 50 to 64 years Soft years or over
	(a)	What is your employment status?	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?
	(a)	GENERAL INFORM. What is your employment status? I Employed full-time I Employed part-time Student Student SKIP TO "6", BELOW Please indicate your sex and your age group. Male I Under 20 years Student 2 20 to 34 years 3 35 to 49 years Which category represents the total year's gr Less than \$20,000	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?
	(a) (b)	GENERAL INFORM. What is your employment status? I Employed full-time I Employed part-time I Homemaker I Student I Retired I Unemployed Please indicate your sex and your age group. I Male I Under 20 years I 2 20 to 34 years I 35 to 49 years Which category represents the total year's gr I Less than \$20,000 I \$60,000 to I \$20,000 to \$39,999 I \$80,000 to	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining Transportation/Communications Wholesale/Retail Sother Service Other specify Soft before taxes? Soft years or over
	(a) (b)	GENERAL INFORM. What is your employment status? I Employed full-time I Employed part-time I Homemaker I Student I Retired I Unemployed Please indicate your sex and your age group. I Male I Under 20 years I Under 20 years I Student I Less than \$20,000 I \$60,000 to \$39,999 I \$40,000 to \$59,999 ght now, are you going to or returning from your age.	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining 2 Construction/Manufacturing 3 Transportation/Communications 4 Wholesale/Retail 5 Other Service 6 Other specify 4 50 to 64 years 5 65 years or over Coss income of your household before taxes? To \$79,999 To over
	(a)	GENERAL INFORM. What is your employment status? I Employed full-time I Employed part-time I Homemaker I Student I Retired I Unemployed Please indicate your sex and your age group. I Male I Under 20 years I 2 20 to 34 years I 35 to 49 years Which category represents the total year's gr I Less than \$20,000 I \$60,000 to I \$20,000 to \$39,999 I \$80,000 to	(b) If employed, what type of industry do you work in? Agriculture/Mining Transportation/Communications Wholesale/Retail Sother Service Other specify Soft before taxes? Soft years or over



(a) Which best describes the place you were at

Start of ONE WAY trip

just before coming to the train station to start your trip today? Check one box. ☐s School/College/ ☐ Private Home University □ • Hotel ☐s Place of Business ☐s Shopping area □₄ Recreational Site □₂ Other, specify What is the exact address or location of this place? Give exact location of office, shopping area. home, etc. that you were at before travelling to the station. Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc. TRIP BEGAN AT: Address Prov./State _ Postal Code _____



Travel to Station

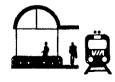
- (a) How long did it take to get to the station?
 - ____ (Hr) ____ (Min)
- (b) How did you get to the station? Check one or more
- ☐ Dropoed off by triend/relative
- □₂ Rental car
- □₃ Car parked near station. What is approximate narking cost?
- .00 □ Taxi/Limousine, What is approximate cost?
- _.00
- ☐s Local/bus/subway
- □ a Airplane □₂ Intercity bus
- □ « Commuter train
- □ w Walked only
- □ n Other please specify



Boarding Station

At which station did you begin this one-way part of vour journey?

- □ · Quebec City ☐₂ Ste. Fov
- □₃ Lévis
- □₄ St-Lambert
- ☐s Montreal □ a Dorval
- □ 7 Ottawa
- □ a Cornwall □ Brockville
- □ n Kingston
- Tin Belleville ☐ 12 Guildwood
- ☐₁₂ Toronto Union
- □₁₄ Hamilton/Burlington
- ☐ is Brantford □ se Kitchener
- □₁/ London
- □ w Windsor
- □ s Samia
- □₂₀ Other please specify



12 Final Station Stop

At which station will you end this one-way trip?

- ☐ Quebec City
- ☐₂ Ste. Foy □a Lévis
- □₄ St-Lambert
- □s Montreal
- □ . Dorval
- □ ottawa
- □ Comwall □ Brockville
- □₁₀ Kingston ☐₁₁ Belleville
- □12 Guildwood
- Toronto Union
- □ ... Hamilton/Burlington ☐ is Brantford
- □₁₆ Kitchener
- □₁₇ London
- □ : Windsor
- □ ... Sarnia
- □ ∞ Other please specify



13 Travel from Station

(a) How long will it take to get from the station to your final destination?

- (Hr) ____ (Min)
- (b) How will you get there? Check one or more
- ☐ Picked up by friend/relative
- ☐ Rental car
- ☐₃ Car parked near station. What is approximate parking cost?
- □₄ Taxi/Limousine. What is approximate cost?
- \$00
- ☐s Local/bus/subway ☐ a Airplane
- □ r Intercity bus
- Commuter train
- □ w Walked only □ n Other please specify

representative, THANK YOU!

End of 4 ONE WAY trip

(a) Which best describes the place you will go to first after leaving the train station at the end of your trip today? Check one box.

- ☐ Private Home □ a Hotel
- ☐s School/College/ University
- ☐ Place of Business ☐ Shopping area
- □₄ Recreational Site □₂ Other, specify

(b) What is the exact address or location of this place?

This place must be different from where vou began your one-way journey in "9". Give exact location of your destination. Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc.

Trip WILL E	ND AT
-------------	-------

Address _____

City/Town Prov./State

Postal Code

CONTEST INFORMATION

HOW TO ENTER

To enter, simply complete this form and return it to our representative. To be eligible, all questions must be answered and your form must be completed 4 days helore the draw date

A random selection will be made at 2450 Victoria Park. Willowdale, Ontario on October 26th at 2:00 pm and each Monday thereafter until November 16th, 1992, from all eligible entries received as of each draw date. In order to win, selected eligible contestants must first answer a skill testing question. The odds of being selected will depend on the number of eligible entries received at each draw date. This contest is conducted by Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale, Ont. M2J 4A2.

PRITES

A total of three cash prizes of \$200.00 each and one grand prize of \$1,000.00 will be awarded. One \$200.00 prize will be awarded each Monday from Oct 26 to Nov. 9 and the grand prize of \$1,000.00 will be awarded on Nov. 16, 1992. A cheque will be mailed to the winner after each draw.

ELIGIBILITY

To enter and be eligible to win, a person must be 18 years of age or older. Employees and agents of Consumer Contact and their families are not eligible to win. Any litigation respecting the conduct and awarding of a prize in this contest may be submitted to the Regie des loteries et courses du Quebec.

Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. One last thing, please PRINT your name and phone number below so we can include you in the lucky draw contest. Three cash prizes of \$200 and one grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded.

Area Code ______ Telephone _____

IMPORTANT! If you prefer to not enter the contest there is no need to write in your name and number. Either way, please return this completed form to our

SONDAGE SUR LES VOYAGES INTERURBAINS PAR TRAIN



Afin de mieux comprendre les besoins des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario, ce sondage est effectué par la compagnie Contact aux Consommateurs, avec la collaboration de l'industrie du tourisme.

Veuillez prendre un moment pour répondre aux questions ci-dessous et remettre le formulaire à notre représentant(e) à bord.

Vos réponses sont importantes! Les résultats de ce sondage aideront à améliorer les moyens de transport des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario.

Gagnez jusqu'à 1,000 \$! Des prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués chaque semaine, du 26 octobre au 9 novembre 1992. Un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 16 novembre 1992. Voir les détails au verso.

Nous assurons le caractère confidentiel des renseignements que vous donnerez; ils ne seront utilisés qu'à des fins d'analyse et de recherche. Nous vous sommes très reconnaissants de l'aide que vous nous apportez en répondant à ce sondage.

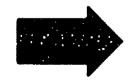
This form is also available in English. Please contact the person distributing these forms.

		VOTRE VO	DYAGE
1	Que Coo	eile est la principale raison de ce voyage? chez une seule case. 1 Affaires - voyage payé par l'employeur 2 Affaires - voyage non payé par l'employeur 3 Aller/revenir du travail 4 Aller/revenir du collège/université	☐s Vacances/loisirs ☐s Magasinage/affaires personnelles ☐7 Visiter des amis ou parents ☐8 Autre (préciser)
2	(a)	Quelle est le prix de votre billet pour ce voyage? In Aller simple Combien de voyageurs sont inscrits sur ce billet?	.00 \$
	(p)	À quelle classe de tarif correspond le prix de ce billet? 1 Première classe (VIA 1) 2 Tarif régulier 3 Autre rabais	
3	(a)	Combien de nuits serez-vous absent(e) de chez vous lors de ce voyage?	NUITS
	(b)	Combien y a-t-il de personnes dans votre groupe, y compris vous-même?	PERSONNES
	(c)	Parmis ces personnes, combien font partie de votre foyer, y compris vous-même?	MEMBRES DE MON FOYER
4		Si vous n'aviez pu prendre le train pour ce voyage, que la Avion la Avion la Autobus la Je n'aurais pas fait ce voyage.	8
	(b)	Pouviez-vous disposé d'une automobile pour faire ce vo □₁ Oui □₂ Non	yadə :
	(c)	Aviez-vous une contrainte de temps pour ce voyage? Oui - (SI OUI) Quelle aurait été l'heure de départ de l'Aviez Non Quelle aurait été l'heure d'arrivée de l'Aviez d'arrivée d	de ce train qui vous aurait le mieux convenu? : am am le ce train qui vous aurait le mieux convenu? : pm
		RENSEIGNEMENT GÉNÉRAUX Poi	ur nous aider à classifier vos réponses
5	(a)	Quelle est votre situation d'emploi? Employé(e) à plein temps Employé(e) à temps partiel Personne au foyer Étudiant(e) Retraité(e) Sans emploi	(b) Si employé(e), dans quel secteur d'industrie travaillez-vous' Agriculture / industrie minière Construction / fabrication Transports / communications Commerce de gros / de détail S Autres services 6 Autres (préciser)
6		☐ Femme ☐ 20 à 34 ans ☐ 65 ☐ 35 à 49 ans) à 64 ans 5 ans et plus
	(b)	Dans quelle catégorie se situe votre revenu familial ar 1 Moins de 20 000 \$	
7	Ξ,	aites-vous le présent trajet pour aller à ou revenir de votre 1 Aller 2 Retour	destination principale?
8	IM	IPORTANT! Veuillez tourner la page et répondre aux que	stions suivantes



\cap	Départ
9	du trajet

(a) Lequel décrit le mieux l'endroit où vous étiez juste avant de venir à la gare pour commencer ce voyage aujourd'hui? Cochez une case. □ Maison privée ☐s École, collège, université □₂ Hôtel ☐₃ Place d'affaires ∏₅ Lieu de magasinage □ Lieu de loisirs ☐ r Autre (spécifier) (b) Quel est l'adresse exacte de cet endroit? Indiquez l'endroit exact du bureau. résidence, centre commercial, etc. d'où vous étiez avant de vous rendre à la gare. Donnez l'adresse, l'intersection, le point de repère connu, l'édifice le plus près. LE TRAJET A COMMENCÉ À : Adresse Ville / village Prov. / État ... Code postal



Pour aller à la gare

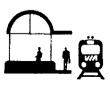
- (a) Combien de ternos vous a-t-il fallu pour vous rendre à la gare?
 - ___ (Hr) ___ (Min)
- (b) Comment yous êtesvous rendute) à la gare? Cochez les cases qui s'appliquent.
- ☐ Conduit oar un ami / parent
- □₂ Véhicule de location □ Véhicule stationné près de la gare. Quel est le prix approximatif du stationnement?
- .00 \$ []. Taxi / limousine. Quel
- est le prix approximatil? .00 \$
- ☐s Autobus local / métro □₆ Avion
- Tr. Autobus interurbain
- ☐ Frain de banlieue □ o À pied
- [] Autre (préciser)



Gare d'embarquement

À quelle gare avez-vous commencé le présent traiet?

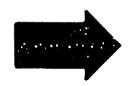
- D. Québec
- ☐₂ Ste-Fov □₃ Lévis
- □₄ St-Lambert
- □s Montréal □ « Dorval
- 🖺 7 Ottawa
- □ « Cornwali
- ☐ Brockville ☐ 10 Kingston
- ☐ n Belleville ☐ 12 Guildwood
- Flu Toronto Union
- 13 Hamilton/Burlington
- □ is Brantford
- ☐ is Kitchener ∏ ir London
- □ s Windsor
- The Samia
- □₂₀ Autre (préciser)



← Gare de destination

À quelle gare figirez-vous le présent traiet?

- Ti Québec
- ☐₂ Ste-Fov
- □₃ Lévis
- □ St-Lambert □s Montréal
- ☐s Dorval
- □ / Ottawa □ . Cornwall
- ☐ Brockville
- ☐₁a Kingston
- ☐ n Belleville Fliz Guildwood
- Toronto Union
- □ Hamilton/Burlington
- □₁₅ Brantford
- □_s Kitchener
- □17 London
- □ is Windsor ☐ s Sarnia
- 120 Autre (préciser)



13 Pour parui de la gare

- (a) Combien de temps vous faudra-t-il nour aller de la pare à votre destination finale?
 - (Hr) (Min)
- (b) Comment ferez-vous ce trajet? Cochez les cases qui s'appliquent.
- 📵 Conduit par un ami / parent
- □₂ Véhicule de location
- □ Véhicule stationné orès de la gare. Quel est le prix approximatif du stationnement?
- .00 \$ □ Taxi / limousine. Quel est le prix approximatil?
- .00 \$
- ☐s Autobus local / métro Fl. Avion
- [1] Autobus interurbain
- ☐ Train de banlieue
- □ h À pied 🗀 ... Autre (préciser)

- (a) Lequel décrit le mieux l'endroit où yous irez luste après avoir quitté la gare pour terminer ce voyage aujourd'hui? Cochez une case seulement.
 - ☐₁ Maison privee □₂ Hôtel
- ☐s École, collège. université
- □₃ Place d'affaires
- □ Lieu de magasinage
- □ Lieu de loisirs ☐ r Autre (spécifier)
- (b) Quel est l'adresse exacte de cet endroit? Cet endroit doit être différent du point de départ indiqué à la question 9. Indiquez l'endroit exact de cette destination. Donnez l'adresse, l'intersection, le point de

repère connu,	l'édifice	le plus	près.
LE TRAJET S	E TERM	INERA	À:

Adresse	
Ville / village	

Prov. / État _____ Code postal

RENSEIGNEMENT SUR LE CONCOURS

COMMENT PARTICIPER

Pour participer, veuillez remplir ce formulaire et le remettre à notre représentant(e). Pour être eligible, yous devez répondre à toutes les questions

Un tirage sera fait au 2450 Victoria Park, Willowdale (Ontario), le 26 octobre 1992, à 14 h. et chaque lundi suivant jusqu'au 16 novembre 1992, parmi toutes les participations admissibles reques à la date du tirage. Pour gagner, les concurrents admissibles choisis devront d'abord récondre à une question d'habileté. Les chances d'être choisi dépendent du nombre de participations admissibles reçues. Ce concours est organisé par Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale (Ontario) M2J 4A2.

Un total de trois prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués, à raison d'un prix à chaque lunds, du 26 octobre au 9 novembre. De plus un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 16 novembre 1992. Les prix seront expédiés aux gagnants sous forme de chéque après chaque trage.

ADMISSIBILITÉ

Ce concours est réservé aux personnes de 18 ans et plus. Les employés et représentants de Consumer Contact Limited et Contact aux Consommateurs ainsi que leur famille ne sont pas éligibles au tirage. Tout litige concernant la conduite et l'attribution des pnx de ce concours peut être soumis à la Récie des loteries et courses du Quebec

Merci d'avoir pris le temps de remplir ce questionnaire. Pour terminer, veuillez inscrire votre nom et votre numéro de téléphone ci-dessous en LETTRES MOULÉES, afin de pouvoir participer au tirage de trois prix de 200 \$ et un grand prix de 1,000 \$ en argent comptant.

Nom		
Indicatif rácional	Téléphone	

IMPORTANTI Si vous préférez ne pas participer au concours, il n'est pas nécessaire d'inscrire votre nom et votre numero de téléphone. Quoi qu'il en soit, veuillez remettre ce formulaire rempli à notre représentant(e). MERCI DE VOTRE COLLABORATIONI

INTERCITY BUS TRAVEL SURVEY



Dear Traveller:

In order to better understand the need of travellers in Ontario and Quebec, this survey is being conducted by Consumer Contact Limited with the co-operation of the Travel Industry.

Please take a few minutes to answer the questions below and return this form to our representative on board.

Your answers are important! The results of this survey will help to ensure better transportation facilities for people across Ontario and Quebec.

Win up to \$1,000! Cash prizes of \$200 will be awarded each week from October 26 to November 9. A grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded on November 16, 1992. Details overleaf.

The information you provide will be kept strictly confidential and used solely for research analysis purposes. Your assistance in completing this survey for us is greatly appreciated.

Ce formulaire est aussi disponible en français. Veuillez contacter la personne qui a distribué ces formulaires.

	ABOUT TODAY'S JOURNEY			
4	4 What is/was the main purpose of the trip you are taking away from home?			
ı	Che	eck one box. Business - trip paid for by your employer	☐s Vacation/Recreation	
		□₂ Business - trip not paid for by employer	□ Shopping/Personal Business	
		☐₃ Commuting to/from work	☐7 Visiting Friends/Relatives	
		☐ Going to/from University/College	☐ • Other please specify	
2	(a)	What was the price of your ticket for this trip? \$	00	
_		C: One Way Number of travellers C: Round Trio included in ticket price?		
		van - 1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	-	
	(b)	What type of fare scheme are you using on this trip?		
		□ Regular Fare	·	
		⊡₂ Discounted Fare		
•	(a)	How many nights will you be away from home on this trip	?NIGHTS	
3				
_	(b)	In total, how many people are travelling together	TOTAL PARTY SIZE	
		with you on this trip, including yourself?	101736 CANAGE	
	(c)	Of the people travelling together with you, how many are members of your household including yourself	? HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS IN PARTY	
		If you could not have used the bus today to make this trip	which other mode would you have chosen?	
4	(a)	☐: Automobile ☐2 Train	, which dires mode would you have chosen.	
'		☐3 Air ☐5 I would not have made trip		
	(p)	Was a car available to you to make this trip today? □₁ Yes □₂ No		
	(c)	Did you have any time constraints for this journey?	am =	
		Yes (IF YES) _ What departure time for	this bus would have suited you best? : pm = am =	
		☐₂ No	s bus would have suited you best?	
		GENERAL INFORMATION to	help us classify your answers	
	1	14 (h-a-i	o) If employed, what type of industry do you work in?	
15	(a)		☐ Agriculture/Mining	
 		Employed full-time Example Employed part-time	☐ Agriculture/mining ☐ Construction/Manufacturing	
ļ			□₃ Transportation/Communications	
		- Student ·	□ • Wholesale/Retail	
		SKIP TO "6", BELOW	□s Other Service	
		⊑₅ Unemployed	_ other specify	
<u></u>				
	(a)	Please indicate your sex and your age group.		
6			to 64 years	
			years or over	
		□₃ 35 to 49 years		
	(b)	Which category represents the total year's gross incom	e of your household before taxes?	
1		Less than \$20,000		
		☐₂ \$20,000 to \$39,999 ☐₅ \$80,000 or over		
		□₁ \$40,000 to \$59,999		
	. 0:	ght now, are you going to or returning from your main de	estination?	
/		Going to		
-		2 Returning from		
		-		
	11.	PORTANT! Please turn over the page and answer all rem	aining questions	
	117	pout this one-way part of your journey - not the whole trip.	aking questions	



Start of ONE WAY trip

- (a) Which best describes the place you were at just before coming to the bus terminal to start your trip today? Check one box.
 - □s School/College/ ☐₁ Private Home University The Hotel
 - □₃ Place of Business □₅ Shopping area □ A Recreational Site □ 7 Other, specify
- (b) What is the exact address or location of this place?

Give exact location of office, shopping area, home, etc. that you were at before travelling to the bus terminal.

Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc.

TRIP BEGAN AT: Address _ City/Town _____

Postal Code



- Travel to Bus Terminal
- (a) How long did it take to get to the terminal?
 - ____ (Hr) ___ (Min)
- (b) How did you get to the terminal? Check one or more
- ☐₁ Dropped off by friend/relative
- □₂ Rental car
- □₃ Car parked near terminal. What is approximate parking cost?
- \$ _____.00 is approximate cost?
- □s Local/bus/subway
- □ Airplane
- Intercity train
- Commuter train □ю Walked only
- □ n Other please specify



Boarding Terminal

At which terminal did you begin this one-way part of your journey?

- □ Ouebec City ☐₂ Ste-Fov
- □₃ Montreal
- □₄ West Island
- □ s Mirabel □s Ottawa
- □₆ Kingston
- ☐ → Belleville/Trenton ☐. Toronto - Downtown
- □ . Toronto Suburban
- □ _{so} Kitchener
- □ London
- □ w Windsor □₁₃ Sarnia
- □ .. Other please specify



12 Final Terminal Stop

At which terminal will you end this one-way trip?

- □ Quebec City
- □₂ Ste-Fov
- □ Montreal □. West Island
- □ ... Mirabel
- □ Cttawa
- ☐ 6 Kingston
- ☐ Pelleville/Trenton
- ☐。 Toronto Suburban
- □₁₀ Kitchener
- □ i London
- □₁₂ Windsor
- □ n Sarnia □ d Other please specify

→ Travel from Terminal

(a) How long will it take to get from the terminal to your final destination?

- __ (Hr) ____ (Min)
- (b) How will you get there? Check one or more
- □ Picked up by triend/relative
- ☐ a Rental car
- Car parked near terminal. What is approximate parking cost?
- □₄ Taxi/Limousine. What is approximate cost?
- □s Local/bus/subway
- ☐ Airplane □ Intercity train
- Commuter train
- □ w Walked only

Find of trip

4 End or ONE WAY trip Find of

- (a) Which best describes the place you will go to first after leaving the bus terminal at the end of your trip today? Check one box.
 - ☐ Private Home
- ☐s School/College/ University
- □₂ Hotel ☐a Place of Business ☐s Shopping area
- □ Recreational Site □ Other, specify
- (b) What is the exact address or location of this nlace?

This place must be different from where you began your one-way journey in "9". Give exact location of your destination.

Please state address or nearest street intersection, prominent landmark, place of interest, building, institution, etc.

Trip WILL END AT:	
Address	
City/Town	

Cit Prov/State _____

Postal Code _____

□ 11 Other please specify

CONTEST INFORMATION

HOW TO ENTER

To enter, simply complete this form and return it to our representative. To be eligible, all questions must be answered and your form must be completed 4 days before the draw date.

A random selection will be made at 2450 Victoria Park, Willowdale, Ontario on October 26th at 2:00 pm and each Monday thereafter until November 16th, 1992, from all eligible entries received as of each draw date. In order to win, selected eligible contestants must first answer a skill testing question. The odds of being selected will depend on the number of eligible entries received at each draw date. This contest is conducted by Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale, Ont. M2J 4A2.

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ELIGIBILITY

To enter and be eligible to win, a person must be 18 years of age or older. Employees and agents of Consumer Contact and their families are not eligible to win. Any litigation respecting the conduct and awarding of a prize in this contest may be submitted to the Regie des loteries et courses du Quebec.

Thank you for taking the time to complete this form.

One last thing, please PRINT your name and phone number below so we can include you in the lucky draw contest. Three cash prizes of \$200 and one grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded.

Area Code ______ Telephone ____

IMPORTANT! If you prefer to not enter the contest there is no need to write in your name and number. Either way, please return this completed form to our representative. THANK YOU!

SONDAGE SUR LES VOYAGES INTERURBAINS PAR AUTOBUS



Afin de mieux comprendre les besoins des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario, ce sondage est effectué par la compagnie Contact aux Consommateurs, avec la coilaboration de l'industrie du tourisme.

Veuillez prendre un moment pour répondre aux questions ci-dessous et remettre le formulaire à notre représentant(e) à bord. Vos réponses sont importantes! Les résultats de ce sondage aideront à améliorer les moyens de transport des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario.

Gagnez jusqu'à 1,000 \$! Des prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués chaque semaine, du 26 octobre au 9 novembre 1992. Un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 16 novembre 1992. Voir les détails au verso.

Nous assurons le caractère confidentiel des renseignements que vous donnerez; ils ne seront utilisés qu'à des fins d'analyse et de recherche. Nous vous sommes très reconnaissants de l'aide que vous nous apportez en répondant à ce sondage.

This form is also available in English. Please contact the person distributing these forms.

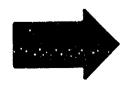
	VOTRE VOYAGE			
1	Que Coo	☐ 2 Affaires - voyage non payé par l'employeur ☐ 3 Aller/revenir du travail	3 Vacances/loisirs 4 Magasinage/affaires personnelles 7 Visiter des amis ou parents 8 Autre (préciser)	
2		Quelle est le prix de votre billet pour ce voyage? □ · Aller simple Combien de voyageurs sont □ ₂ Aller-retour inscrits sur ce billet?	00 \$	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(b)	À quelle classe de tarif correspond le prix de ce billet? Tarif régulier 2 Tarif réduit		
3	(a)	Combien de nuits serez-vous absent(e) de chez vous lors de ce voyage?	NUITS	
	(b)	Combien y a-t-il de personnes dans votre groupe, y compris vous-même?	PERSONNES	
	(c)	Parmis ces personnes, combien font partie de votre foyer, y compris vous-même?	MEMBRES DE MON FOYER	
4	(a)	Si vous n'aviez pu prendre l'autobus pour ce voyage, quel Automobile 2 Train Avion 5 Je n'aurais pas fait ce voyage	autre moyen de transport auriez-vous choisi?	
	(p)	Pouviez-vous disposé d'une automobile pour faire ce voyag	ge?	
	(c)	= (Sr00)/-	e autobus qui vous aurait le mieux convenu? : am ☐ am ☐ am ☐ pm ☐ autobus qui vous aurait le mieux convenu? : pm ☐	
		RENSEIGNEMENT GÉNÉRAUX Pour n	ous aider à classifier vos réponses	
5	(a)	Quelle est votre situation d'emploi? (b)	Si employé(e), dans quel secteur d'industrie travaillez-vous? 1 Agriculture / industrie minière 2 Construction / fabrication 3 Transports / communications 4 Commerce de gros / de détail 5 Autres services 6 Autres (préciser)	
6	(a)	Veuillez indiquer votre sexe et votre âge. □₁ Homme □₁ Moins de 20 ans □₄ 50 à₁ □₂ Femme □₂ 20 à 34 ans □₃ 65 ar □₃ 35 à 49 ans	64 ans is et plus	
	(b)	Dans quelle catégorie se situe votre revenu familiai annu □1 Moins de 20 000 \$ □4 60 000 \$ à 79 999 \$ □2 20 000 \$ à 39 999 \$ □5 80 000 \$ ou plus □3 40 000 \$ à 59 999 \$	el, avant impôts?	
7	\exists	aites-vous le présent trajet pour aller à ou revenir de votre de 1 Aller 2 Retour	stination principale?	
8	IM su	PORTANT! Veuillez tourner la page et répondre aux questic ur cette partie de votre trajet – et non sur le voyage au comp	ons suivantes let.	



\cap	Départ
9	du traje

(a) Lequel décrit le mieux l'endroit où vous étiez luste avant de venir au terminus pour commencer ce voyage aujourd'hui? Cochez une case. ⊟s École, collège, □₁ Maison privée université □₂ Hôtel D₃ Place d'affaires □ a Lieu de magasinage □ Lieu de loisirs ☐ 7 Autre (spécifier) (b) Quel est l'adresse exacte de cet endroit? Indiquez l'endroit exact du bureau. résidence, centre commercial, etc. d'où vous étiez avant de vous rendre au terminus. Donnez l'adresse, l'intersection, le point de repère connu. l'édifice le plus près. LE TRAJET A COMMENCÉ À : Adresse ...

Ville / village _____



Pour aller au terminus d'autobus

- (a) Combien de temps vous a-t-il fallu pour vous rendre au terminus?
 - (Hr) ____ (Min)
- Comment vous êtesvous rendu(e) au terminus? Cochez les cases qui s'appliquent.
- ☐ Conduit par un ami / parent
- □₂ Véhicule de location
- □₁ Véhicule stationné près du terminus. Quel est le prix approximatif du statioonement?
- _ .00 \$
- ☐. Taxi / limousine. Quel est le prix approximatif?
- .00 \$ []₅ Autobus local / métro
- □ s Avion □∗ Train interurbain
- □ Train de banlieue
- □ » À pied
- □ n Autre (préciser)



Terminus d'embarquement

À quel terminus avez-vous commencé le présent trajet?

- □ Québec
 - □₂ Ste-Fov □ a Montréal
 - □₄ Quest de l'Ile
 - □₁₅ Mirabel
 - ☐s Ottawa
 - □ ⊾ Kinaston
 - □₂ Belleville/Trenton
 - □ . Toronto centre-ville ☐ s Toronto - banlieue
 - □ ₁₀ Kitchener
 - □ ... London ☐₁₂ Windsor

 - □ s Sarnia
 - □ : Autre (veuillez préciser)



→ Terminus de destination

À quel terminus finirezvous le présent traiet?

- □ Quebec
- □₂ Ste-Fov
- □ a Montréal
- □₄ Ouest de l'Ile □₁₅ Mirabel
- 🗀 s Ottawa
- □s Kinaston
- □₁ Belleville/Trenton □a Toronto - centre-ville
- □ « Toronto banlieue
- ☐ to Kitchener
- □n London ☐ ₁₂ Windsor
- □ 13 Sarnia
- ☐ 14 Autre (veuillez préciser)



13 Pour partir du terminus

(a) Combien de temps vous faudra-t-il pour aller du terminus à votre destination finale?

- ___ (Hr) ____ (Min)
- (b) Comment ferez-vous ce traiet? Cochez les cases qui s'appliquent.
- □ Conduit par un ami / parent
- □₂ Véhicule de location
- □ véhicule stationné près du terminus. Quel est le prix approximatif du stationnement?
- __ .00 \$ □₄ Taxi / limousine. Quel est le prix approximatif?

.00 \$

- □ « Autobus local / métro
- □ a Avion
- Train interurbain □ Train de banlieue
- □ a À pied □ n Autre (préciser)

(a) Lequel décrit le mieux l'endroit où vous irez juste après avoir quitté le terminus pour terminer ce voyage aujourd'hui? Cochez une case seulement.

_ ı	Maison	privée
— —	Hātal	

- ∏s École, collège. université
- ☐₃ Place d'affaires
- □ Lieu de macasinace
- □₄ Lieu de loisirs
- □₂ Autre (spécifier)

(b) Quel est l'adresse exacte de cet endroit? Cet endroit doit être différent du point de départ indiqué à la question 9.

Indiquez l'endroit exact de cette destination. Donnez l'adresse. l'intersection, le point de repère connu. l'édifice le plus près.

E	TRAJET	SE	TERMINERA.	À	:
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Adresse _____ Ville / village _____ Prov. / Élat ______

Code postal _____

RENSEIGNEMENT SUR LE CONCOURS

COMMENT PARTICIPER

Prov. / État _____

Code postal ____

Pour participer, veuillez remplir ce formulaire et le remettre à notre représentant(e). Pour être éligible, vous devez répondre à toutes les questions.

LE TIRAGE

Un tirage sera fait au 2450 Victoria Park, Willowdale (Ontario), le 26 octobre 1992, à 14 h. et chaque lundi suivant jusqu'au 16 novembre 1992, parmi toutes les participations admissibles reques à la date du tirage. Pour gagner, les concurrents admissibles choisis devront d'abord répondre à une question d'habileté. Les chances d'être choisi dépendent du nombre de participations admissibles reçues. Ce concours est organisé par Consumer Contact Limited, 2450 Victoria Park Ave., Willowdale (Ontario) M2J 4A2.

Un total de trois prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués, a raison d'un prix à chaque lundi, du 26 octobre au 9 novembre. De plus un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 16 novembre 1992. Les prix seront expédiés aux gagnants sous forme de chèque après chaque tirage.

ADMISSIBILITÉ

Ce concours est réservé aux personnes de 18 ans et plus. Les employés et représentants de Consumer Contact Limited et Contact aux Consommateurs ainsi que leur famille ne sont pas eligibles au tirage. Tout litige concernant la conduite et l'attribution des prix de ce concours peut être soumis à la Régie des loteries et courses du Québec.

Merci d'avoir pris le temps de remptir ce questionnaire. Pour terminer, veuillez inscrire votre nom et votre numéro de téléphone ci-dessous en LETTRES MOULÉES, afin de pouvoir participer au tirage de trois prix de 200 \$ et un grand prix de 1,000 \$ en argent comptant.

Nom		
Indicatif régional	Téléphone	9

IMPORTANTI Si vous préférez ne pas participer au concours, il n'est pas nécessaire d'inscrire votre nom et votre numero de téléphone. Quoi qu'il en soit, veuillez remettre ce formulaire rempli à notre représentant(e). MERCI DE VOTRE COLLABORATIONI

INTERCITY TRAVEL SURVEY



Passenger Transportation Policy Branch 2nd Floor, West Tower 1201 Wilson Avenue North York, Ontario M3M 1J8

Dear Sir or Madam

The governments of Ontario and Quebec are conducting a survey of vehicle travel at various points on the highway system.

We request your co-operation in providing information which will help in the planning of needed improvements to transportation facilities for people across the two provinces.

Your answers will be combined with those of thousands of other participants to create a statistical "picture" of the way our highway system is currently being used.

The information you provide will be kept strictly confidential and used only by the Ministry and its agents for statistical analysis purposes. All personal identifying information will be destroyed once the data is coded in computer form. If you have any questions or concerns about this survey, please contact Wally Stater, Assistant Policy Advisor at 1-(416) 235-4931 (please call collect if outside Toronto).

Please forward this form to the usual driver of vehicle Licence number 368ASV

As a token of our appreciation we will mail a free map of Ontario and a guide to Intercity Transportation Services to each person who completes this form. Please return this form as soon as possible. Postage paid return envelope enclosed.

Thank you for your cooperation and assistance.

Yours truly, Gary S. Posen, Deputy Minister

	ABOUT YOUR JOURNEY Note: This for	rm should be completed by or on behalf of the driver.
1	TYPE OF JOURNEY If you were travelling in a vehicle on the type of journey described below, please answer the following questions about your trip. If you did not personally take this trip, please give this form to another person in your household who may have taken this trip. Eastbound on Hwy. 401 near Belleville on Thursday, November 5. SUR L'AUTOROUTE 401 EST, PRES DE	2 (a) At the point described in section 1, were you going to or returning from your main destination? Check one box. Graph Going to 2 Returning from (b) What is your estimate of the travel cost for this one-way trip for your entire travel group? Fuel \$00 Parking \$00 Rental Car \$00
	BELLEVILLE, LE JEUDI 5 NOVEMBRE. 51D	
3	(a) Where did you begin this one-way part of your journey? TRIP BEGAN AT: Address (or nearest street intersection, place of interest, building etc.)	4 (a) And where did you end this one-way part of your journey? Must be different from where you began journey in "3". TRIP ENDED AT: Address (or nearest street intersection, place of interest, building etc.)
	City/Town	City/Town
	Prov./State	Prov./State Postal Code
5	What was the main purpose of your trip? Check one box. □ Business - trip paid for by employer □ Business - trip not paid for by employer □ Commuting to/from work □ Going to/from University/College	Why did you take an automobile/vehicle for this trip? Check all that apply. □ 1 Faster means of travel □ 5 Needed to carry baggage/ equipment/materials, etc. □ 3 Most convenient □ 7 Needed to make other stops along the way □ 4 Needed a car/ vehicle at my destination □ 6 Other, please specify
7	(a) How many nights were you away from home on this trip? Number of nights (b) How many people were travelling in your vehicle (including yourself)? Total number in vehicle	Which best describes the type of vehicle used for this trip? Check one box. Private car/vehicle (owned or leased) Company car/vehicle (owned or leased) Rental car
	GENERAL INFORMATION	ON To help us classify your answers
9	(a) What is your employment status. Check one box. Complete the com	(a) Please indicate your sex and your age group. Male
11	Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. If you wish us to mail a free map and Intercity Guide to you, please check the box below. If your name and address is different from that shown above, please correct it in the box above. YES, please send me a free map of Ontario and Intercity Guide □	12 CAN WE CONTACT YOU AGAIN? As part of our research into Intercity Travel, we may have some additional questions to ask of motorists such as yourself. If you are willing to help us further, please check the box below and write in your phone number. YES, you can contact me again regarding questions on Intercity Travel Phone (

SONDAGE SUR LES VOYAGES **INTERURBAINS**



Direction des politiques de transport des voyageurs 2e étage. Tour ouest 1201, Avenue Wilson North York (Ontario) M3M 1J8

Madame, Monsieur,

Les gouvernements de l'Ontario et du Québec mênent un sondage sur le transport des voyageurs à divers points du réseau routier.

Nous vous demandons de collaborer en fournissant des renseignements qui nous aideront à planifier l'amélioration des infrastructures de transport des passagers entre

Vos réponses et celles de milliers d'autres participants au sondage seront combinées pour dresser un portrait statistique de l'utilisation de notre système autoroutier.

Los renseignements que vous fournirez seront strictement confidentiels et utilisés uniquement par le ministère et ses agents à des fins d'analyse statistique. Toute information personnelle permettant d'identifier les répondants sera détruite après le codage informatique. Si vous avez des questions ou des préoccupations au sujet de ce sondage, veuillez contacter Wally Slater, (conseiller adjoint aux politiques), au 1-(416) 235-4931 (à trais virés si vous appelez de l'extérieur de Toronto).

En guise de remerciement, nous ferons parvenir gratuitement une carte de l'Ontario et un Guide des services de transports interurbains à tous ceux qui compléteront de questionnaire.

Veuillez retourner ce questionnaire dès que possible dans l'enveloppe affranchie ci-jointe.

Merci de votre collaboration.

Veuillez agréer mes salutations les plus cordiales.



	AU SUJET DE VOTRE VOYAGE Cette	a formule doit être remplie par ou pour le conducteur
1	GENRE DE VOYAGE Veuillez prendre connaissance de la Section 1 sur l'autre côté de ce formulaire. Si vous avez effectué un voyage semblable à celui qui y est décrit, veuillez répondre aux questions suivantes. Si vous n'avez pas effectué vous-même ce trajet, veuillez remettre ce questionnaire à une personne de votre foyer qui pourrait avoir fait un tel voyage.	(a) À l'endroit indiqué dans la case 1, étiez-vous dans la partie aller ou retour de votre voyage? Cochez une seule case. Aller Dz Retour
3	(a) Où avez-vous commencé cette partie de votre voyage? LE TRAJET A COMMENCÉ À: Adresse: Ou l'intersection, le point de repère connu, l'éditice ou l'institution le plus près. Ville / village: Province / était: Code postal: Code postal: 1 Résidence privée S École, collège, université Hôtel	(a) Où s'est terminée cette partie de votre voyage? Cet endroit doit être différent du point de départ indiqué à la case 3(a). LE TRAJET S'EST TERMINÉ À: Adresse: Ou l'intersection, le point de repère connu, l'édifice ou l'institution le plus près. Ville / village: Province / état: Code postal: (b) Quel était le point d'arrivée de cette partie du voyage? Cochez la case qui correspond le mieux. 1 Résidence privée 2 Hôtel 3 Place d'atfaires 7 Autre (préciser)
5	Quel était le but principal de votre voyage? Cochez une seule case. 1 Voyage d'affaires payé par l'employeur 2 Voyage d'affaires non payé par l'employeur 3 Aller / retour du travail 4 Aller / retour de f'université / du coilège	Pourquoi avez-vous fait ce voyage à bord d'un véhicule automobile? Cochez toutes les cases qui s'appliquent. 1 Moyen de transport le plus rapide bagages/équipement/matériel bagages/équipement/matériel plus rapide 2 Moins dispendieux 12 Besoin de faire des arrêts en cours de route 13 Plus pratique 14 Besoin d'un véhicule à 15 Autre (préciser)
7	(a) Combien de nuits vous êtes-vous absenté de chez vous lors de ce voyage? Nombre de nuits : (b) Combien y avait-il de passagers dans votre véhicule (y compris vous-même)? Nombre de passagers :	A quelle catégorie de véhicules appartient celui utilisé pour ce trajet? Cochez une seule case. 1 Véhicule privé 2 Véhicule d'entreprise propriétaire ou location à long terme 3 Véhicule de location à court terme
	RENSEIGNEMENTS GÉNÉRA	UX Pour nous aider à classifier vos réponses
9	(a) Quelle est votre situation? Cochez une seule case. Employé(e)	10 (a) Veuillez indiquer votre sexe et votre âge.
11	Merci d'avoir pris le temps de remplir ce questionnaire. Si vous désirez qu'une carte et un guide des services de transports interurbains vous soient envoyés, veuillez cocher la case ci-dessous. OUI, veuillez me faire parvenir une carte de l'ontario ainsi qu'un guide des services de transports interurbains	POUVONS-NOUS COMMUNIQUER AVEC VOUS DE NOUVEAU? Dans le cadre de notre recherche sur les voyages interurbains, nous pourrions avoir quelques autres questions à poser aux automobilistes comme vous. Si vous consentez à nous aider encore, veuillez cochez la case ci-dessous et écrire votre numéro de téléphone. OUI, vous pouvez communiquer avec moi pour me poser d'autres questions sur les voyages interurbains Numéro de téléphone.

INTERCITY TRAVEL SURVEY



Consumer Contact 4369, rue Saint-Denis Montréal (Québec) H2J 2L2

In order to better understand the needs of travellers in Quebec and in Ontario, Consumer Contact is conducting this survey with the co-operation of the Ministry of Transport of Quebec.

Please take a moment to reply to the questions below and to return this questionnaire by mail in the enclosed prepaid envelope.

Your answers are Important! The results of this survey will help in the planning of improvements to transportation facilities for travellers in Quebec and in Ontario.

Win up to \$1,000! Consumer Contact will draw one \$200 prize each week from October 26th to November 9th 1992. A grand prize of \$1,000 will be awarded on November 16th, 1992. The sooner you send in your completed questionnaire, the greater chance you have of winning. See entry form enclosed.

The Information provided by you will be kept strictly confidential and will only be used for statistical analysis purposes. Thank you for your cooperation and assistance.

	ABOUT YOUR JOURNEY Note: This to	orm should be completed by or on behalf of the driver.
1	ITYPE OF JOURNEY If you were recently travelling towards Quebec City on Route 20 near Sainte-Hyacinthe on a Wednesday please answer about that most recent trip. If you did not personally make this trip, please give this questionnaire to a person in your household who would have made such a trip. 01	2 (a) At the point described in section 1, were you going to or returning from your main destination? Check one box. : Going to : Returning from (b) What is your estimate of the travel cost for this one-way trip for your entire travel group? Fuel \$00 Parking \$00 Rental Car \$00
3	(a) Where did you begin this one-way part of your journey? TRIP BEGAN AT: Address for nearest street intersection, place of interest, building etc.) City/Town Prov./State Postal Code (b) Which best describes the place where you began this one-way trip? Check one box. 1 Private home 5 School/College/ University	(a) And where did you end this one-way part of your journey? Must be different from where you began journey in "3". TRIP ENDED AT: Address (or nearest street intersection, place of interest, building etc.) City/Town Prov./State Postal Code (b) Which best describes the place where you ended this one-way trip? Check one box.
	□₂ Hotel □₅ Shopping area □₃ Place of business □₂ Other, specify □₃ Recreational site	□ Private home □ School/College/ University □ Hotel □ Schopping area □ Place of business □ Other, specify □ Recreational site
5	What was the main purpose of your trip? Check one box. Business - trip paid for by employer Susiness - trip not paid for by employer Commuting to/from work Going to/from University/College Susiness of your trip? Check one box. Susiness - trip paid for Susiness Susiness Vacation/Recreation On the paid for your trip? Check one box.	Why did you take an automobile/vehicle for this trip? Check all that apply. In Faster means of travel squipment/materials, etc. In Least expensive squipment/materials, etc. In Needed to make other stops along the way In Needed a car/vehicle at my destination Why did you take an automobile/vehicle for this trip? Needed to carry baggage/equipment/materials, etc. In Needed to make other stops along the way Other, please specify
7	(a) How many nights were you away from home on this trip? Number of nights (b) How many people were travelling in your vehicle (including yourself)? Total number in vehicle	Which best describes the type of vehicle used for this trip? Check one box. 1 Private car/vehicle (owned or leased) 2 Company car/vehicle (owned or leased) 3 Rental car
	GENERAL INFORMATIO	DN To help us classify your answers
9	(a) What is your employment status. Check one box. Employed full-time 3 Homemaker 4 Student 5 Retired 6 Unemployed 6 To *10* Agriculture/Mining 4 Wholesale/Retail 2 Construction/Manufacturing 3 Other Service 6 Other, Specify Communications 6 Other, Specify	(a) Please indicate your sex and your age group. Male
11	Thank you for taking the time to complete this form. Please return it to us as soon as possible. If you wish to participate in the draw please fill in the enclosed coupon and return it with your completed questionnaire.	12 CAN WE CONTACT YOU AGAIN? As part of our research into Intercity Travel, we may have some additional questions to ask of motorists such as yourself. If you are willing to help us further, please check the box below and write in your name and phone number. YES, you can contact me again regarding questions on Intercity Travel

SONDAGE SUR LES VOYAGES INTERURBAINS



Contact aux Consommateurs 4369, rue Saint-Denis Montréal (Québec) H2J 2L2

Afin de mieux comprendre les besoins des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario, ce sondage est effectué par la compagnie Contact aux Consommateurs, avec la collaboration du ministère des Transports du Québec.

Veuillez prendre un moment pour répondre aux questions ci-dessous et nous renvoyer ce formulaire par la poste. Ci-joint une enveloppe affranchie.

Vos réponses sont importantes! Les résultats de ce sondage aideront à améliorer les moyens de transport des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario.

Gagnez jusqu'à 1,000 \$1 Des prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués chaque semaine, du 26 octobre au 9 novembre 1992. Un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 16 novembre 1992. Le plus tôt vous nous renvoyez ce questionnaire complété, le plus de chances vous aurez de gagner. Voir les détails ci-dessous.

Nous assurons le caractère confidentiel des renseignements que vous donnerez; ils ne seront utilisés qu'à des fins d'analyse et de recherche. Nous vous sommes très reconnaissants de l'aide que vous nous apportez en répondant à ce sondage.

	AU SUJET DE VOTRE VOYAGE Con	le formule doit être remplie par ou pour le conducteur
3	GENRE DE VOYAGE Si vous avez récemment voyagé sur l'autoroute 20 en direction de Québec près de Sainte-Hyacinthe, un mercredi, veuillez répondre aux questions suivantes concernant votre plus récent voyage de ce genre. Si vous n'avez pas effectué vous-même ce trajet, veuillez remettre ce questionnaire à une personne de votre foyer qui a fait un tel voyage. O1	2 (a) A l'endroit indiqué dans la case 1, étiez-vous dans la partie eller ou retour de votre voyage? Cochez une seule case. 1 Aller 2 Retour
5 7	Quel était le but principal de votre voyage? Cochez une seule case.	Pourquoi avez-vous fait ce voyage à bord d'un véhicule automobile? Cochez toutes les cases qui s'appliquent. 1 Moyen de transport le plus rapide bagages/équipement/matériel bagages/équipement/matériel plus rapide plus commode en cours de route en cours de route Besoin d'un véhicule à ser cours de route p'artivée A quelle catégorie de véhicules appartient celui utilisé pour ce trajet? Cochez une seule case.
	(b) Combien y avait-il de passagers dans votre véhicule (y compris vous- même)? Nombre de passagers :	☐1 Véhicule privé propriétaire ou location à long terme ☐2 Véhicule d'entreprise propriétaire ou location à long terme
	RENSEIGNEMENTS GÉNÉRA	UX Pour nous aider à classifier vos réponses
9	(a) Quelle est votre situation d'emploi? Cochez une seule case. 1 Employé(e) 3 Personne au foyer 4 Étudiant Passez à "10" 2 Employé(e) 5 Retraité Passez à "10" 3 temps partiel 6 Sans emploi 1 Agriculture / industrie minière 4 Commerce de gros / de détail 2 Construction / fabrication 5 Autres services 3 Transports / communications 6 Autres (préciser)	10 (a) Veuillez indiquer votre sexe et votre âge. 1 Homme
11	Merci pour avoir complété ce questionnaire. Veuillez nous le retourner dés que possible. Pour participer au connours, vous devez inscrire votre nom et numéro de téléphone sur le coupon de participation et nous le retourner avec votre questionnaire dûment complété.	POUVONS-NOUS COMMUNIQUER AVEC VOUS DE NOUVEAU? Dans le cadre de notre recherche sur les voyages interurbains, nous pourrions avoir quelques autres questions à poser aux automobilistes comme vous. Si vous consentez à nous aider encore, veuillez cochez la case di-dessous et écrire votre nom et numéro de téléphons. OUI, vous pouvez communiquer avec moi pour me poser d'autres questions sur les voyages interurbains

SONDAGE SUR LES VOYAGES INTERURBAINS



Contact aux Consommateurs 4369, rue Saint-Denis Montréal (Québec) H2J 2L2

Afin de mieux comprendre les besoins des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario, ce sondage est effectué par la compagnie Contact aux Consommateurs, avec la collaboration du ministère des Transports du Québec.

Veuillez prendre un moment pour répondre aux questions ci-dessous et nous renvoyer ce formulaire par la poste. Ci-joint une enveloppe affranchie.

Vos réponses sont importantes! Les résultats de ce sondage aideront à améliorer les moyens de transport des voyageurs au Québec et en Ontario

Gagnez jusqu'à 1,000 \$! Des prix de 200 \$ en argent comptant seront attribués chaque semaine, du 21 décembre au 29 décembre 1992.

PLOMBER DE D.L. INC.
PLOMBER DE DONNEVILLE
PLONGUEUIL (CHAMBLY) (QUEBEC)
AAM IKS

Un grand prix de 1,000 \$ sera attribué le 4 janvier 1993. Le plus tôt vous nous renvoyez ce questionnaire complété, le plus de chances vous aurez de gagner. Voir les détails ci-dessous.

Nous assurons le caractère confidentiel des renseignements que vous donnerez; ils ne seront utilisés qu'à des fins d'analyse et de recherche. Nous vous sommes très reconnaissants de l'aide que vous nous apportez en répondant à ce sondage.

VEUILLEZ FAIRE PARVENIR CECI AU CONDUCTEUR REGULIER DU VEHICULE AYANT CETTE PLAQUE D'IMMATRICULATION FG4444

	AU SUJET DE VOTRE VOYAGE Cette	formule doit être remplie par ou pour le conducteur
1	GENRE DE VOYAGE SI vous avez effectué un voyage, semblable à celui qui y est décrit, et ce dans un véhicule, veuillez répondre aux questions suivantes. Si vous n'avez pas effectué vous-même ce trajet, veuillez remettre ce questionnaire à une personne qui pourrait avoir fait un tel voyage. SUR L'AUTOROUTE 20 EN DIRECTION DE MONTREAL PRES DE SAINTE-HYACINTHE, UN MERCREDI. 02A	(a) A l'endroit indiqué dans la case 1, étiez-vous dans la partie after ou retour de votre voyage? Cochez une seule case. 1 Alter 2 Retour (b) A combien estimez-vous les coûts de cette partie du voyage, pour tous les passagers du véhicule? Carburant: 00 \$ Stationnement: 00 \$
3	(a) Où avez-vous commencé cette partie de votre voyage? LE TRAJET A COMMENCÉ À : Adresse :	(a) Où s'est terminée cette partie de votre voyage? Cet androit doit être différent du point de départ indiqué à la case 3(a). LE TRAJET S'EST TERMINÉ À :
	Ou l'intersection, le point de repère connu, l'édifice ou l'institution le plus près. Ville / village :	Adressa: Ou l'intersection, le point de rapère connu, l'édifice ou l'institution le plus près.
	-	Ville / village :
	Province / état : Code postal :	Province / état :Code postal :
5	Quel était le but principal de votre voyage? Cochez une seule case. 1 Voyage d'affaires payé par l'employeur 2 Voyage d'affaires non payé par l'employeur 3 Aller / revenir du travait 4 Aller / revenir de l'université / du collège	Pourquoi avez-vous fait ce voyage à bord d'un véhicule automobile? Cochez toutes les cases qui s'appliquent. 1 Moyen de transport le plus rapide bagages/équipement/matènet bagages/équipement/matènet la Plus commode la Plus commode la Besoin d'un véhicule à l'arrivée
7	(a) Combien de nuits vous êtes-vous absenté de chez vous lors de ce voyage? Nombre de nuits :	A quelle catégorie de véhicules appartient celui utilisé pour ce trajet? Cochez une seule case. 1 Véhicule privé 2 Véhicule d'entreprise 3 Véhicule de location à court terme
	RENSEIGNEMENTS GÉNÉRAI	UX Pour nous aider à classifier vos réponses
9	(a) Quelle est votre situation d'emploi? Cochez une seule case. 1 Employé(e) 3 Personne au foyer 2 Personne au foyer 3 Personne au foyer 3 Personne au foyer 4 Personne au foyer 3 Personne au foyer 4 Pers	(a) Veuillez indiquer votre sexe et votre âge. Homme Moins de 20 ans 50 à 64 ans 2 Femme 2 20 à 34 ans 56 ans et plus 3 35 à 49 ans Dans quelle catégorie se situe votre revenu familial annuel, avant impôts? Moins de 20 000 \$ 60 000 \$ à 79 999 \$ 2 20 000 \$ à 39 999 \$ 580 000 \$ ou plus 3 40 000 \$ à 59 999 \$
1	Merci pour avoir complété ce questionnaire. Veuillez nous le retourner des que possible. Pour participer au concours, vous devez inscrire votre nom et numéro de téléphone sur le coupon de participation et nous le retourner avec votre questionnaire dûment complété.	12 POUVONS-NOUS COMMUNIQUER AVEC VOUS DE NOUVEAU? Dans le cadre de notre recherche sur les voyages interurbains, nous pourrions avoir quelques autres questions à poser aux automobilistes comme vous. Si vous consentez à nous aider encore, veuillez cochez la case ci-dessous et écrire votre numéro de léléphone. OUI, vous pouvez communiquer avec moi pour me poser d'autres questions sur les voyages interurbains

APPENDIX B

PUBLIC MODES SAMPLE SELECTION

B.1 Overall Approach

For each public mode, a computerized schedule file was created containing all scheduled departures between Corridor city pairs. These schedule files were updated for each wave. Each file contained:

- origin and destination terminals and cities
- departure and arrival times
- day of week
- seat capacity (air only)
- flight/bus/train number
- carrier

The Project Manager determined for each wave, the desired number of completed interviews for each mode by city pair.

Using an estimate of the number of completed interviews that would be obtained per departure. Consumer Contact determined the number of departures to be surveyed on each mode/city pair. A stratified random sample of departures was selected for each city pair.

A single interviewer was assigned to survey each departure with the objective of completing as many interviews as possible on that departure.

B.2 <u>Air Sample Selection</u>

B.2.1 Number of Sampled Departures Required

To determine the required number of sampled departures for each city pair, the number of flights on each city pair was analyzed by plane size and an estimate made of the number of completed interviews per departure that would be achieved in each plane size category.

Unfortunately, the estimates used for the Summer sample proved to be overly optimistic, resulting in a significant shortfall in the total number of Summer Air interviews completed (1951 vs. a target of 3500). These estimates were revised for the Fall and Winter waves as shown below.

Estimated	Number Of			
Completions Per Departure				
Summer	Fall/Winter			
6	2.3			
10	4			
18	8			
24	14			
35	23			
	Completions Summer 6 10 18 24			

As well, to improve productivity for the Fall and Winter waves, larger aircraft (50+) were sampled at twice the rate of smaller aircraft (<50). This is also justified on a statistical basis since the proportion of passengers interviewed on large planes (27%) was about half that of smaller planes (51%). (Large and small plane departures were dealt with separately in the expansion procedure to correct for the oversampling of large planes.)

B.2.2 <u>Selection of Departures</u>

Within each city pair, all flights were sorted as follows:

- departing terminal
- arriving city
- size of aircraft (<50 vs. 50+)
- weekday vs. weekend
- departure time
- day of week

The required number of flights for each city pair was randomly selected using a random start and the appropriate interval. (This was done separately for large and small aircraft within city pair for Fall and Winter).

Weekend and Weekday flights were selected proportionate to their occurrence in the schedule.

Selected flights were then sorted by departing terminal, day and departure time and examined for interviewer schedule conflicts.

Weekday conflicts were resolved by substituting to the same (or closest) flight on another weekday. Weekend conflicts were resolved by substituting the closest similar flight on the same day.

Less than 10% of selected air departures required substitution.

B.2.3 Number Of Departures Selected For Each Wave

	Number Of Flights			
	Summer	<u>Fall</u>	<u>Winter</u>	
City Pair			•	
Quebec-Montreal	8	64	40	
Quebec-Ottawa	12	30	18	
Ottawa-Montreal	7	42	36	
Toronto-Quebec	4	20	12	
Toronto-Montreal	42	98	50	
Ottawa-Toronto	36	102	38	
Toronto-Kingston	15	38	28	
London-Toronto	19	56	36	
London-Ottawa	6	20	10	
Windsor-Toronto	9	42	30	
Sarnia-London/Toronto	11	31	24	
Total Flights Surveyed	169	543*	322	

^{*} Does not include 10 Buttonville flights surveyed and reported separately.

B.2.4 Canadian Airline Flights - Summer Wave

C.A.I. did not provide the project with permission to interview in its' departure lounges during the Summer wave. (This permission was later provided for the Fall and Winter waves.)

Of the 169 flights selected for the Summer wave, 65 were C.A.I. flights (15 Toronto-Kingston and 50 other city pairs).

Since C.A.I. is the only airline serving the Toronto-Kingston route, these 15 flights were surveyed without permission from C.A.I. by stationing an interviewer just outside the entrance/exit doors to Kingston airport. During outbound flights persons entering the building were asked if they were taking the flight to Toronto. If yes, they were given a handout/mailback kit. Inbound flights were surveyed in a similar manner as people left the building.

This methodology was not considered viable for other routes. Instead, additional Air Canada (48) and Pem-Air (2) flights were substituted for the 50 C.A.I. flights. For each flight, the closest match was found in terms of O/D, plane size, departure time and day.

A key question, then, is whether Air Canada passengers are sufficiently similar to C.A.I. passengers to serve as proxies in the summer survey.

The table on the next page compares the passenger/trip characteristics of the two major airlines. (Due to confidentiality agreements, these airline are identified as "A" and "B" only.)

Both airlines are virtually identical on trip purpose and party size (though airline B carries more student commuters on the Toronto/London route).

Compared to A, airline B tends to carry fewer first class passengers and more discount passengers. Household income is very similar (except for Toronto/London where perhaps the greater student population contributes to a lower income profile on airline B).

Overall, the slight differences noted will not materially affect conclusions drawn from the total annual survey results.

	SELECTED AIRPORT O/D's							
COMPARISON OF			Quebec/		Montreal/		Toronto/	
TWO MAJOR AIRLINES			Montreal		<u>Toronto</u>		<u>London</u>	
	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>A</u>	В
Trip Purpose % Business Commuters Others	74	75	74	75	76	75	55	52
	3	3	6	5	3	3	3	9
	23	22	20	20	21	22	42	39
Mean Party Size	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3
Type Of Fare* First Class Full Fare Discount	9	6	7	2	9	7	9	3
	60	60	68	69	58	54	50	62
	31	34	25	29	33	40	41	35
Household Income* <\$40K \$40-59K \$60-79K \$80K+	14	13	15	18	15	13	18	33
	18	19	24	20	17	19	25	17
	20	21	19	24	19	19	18	25
	48	47	42	38	49	49	39	25
* Re-percentaged excluding not stated								

B.3 Rail Sample Selection

B.3.1 Number of Sampled Departures Required

It was estimated that 50 to 60 interviews would be completed on each surveyed train. (In fact, the average number of completions per train worked out to 64 in summer and 57 in both fall and winter.) This factor was used to determine the number of sampled departures required on each travel leg to achieve the interview targets established by the Project Manager.

B.3.2 Travel Legs Definitions

In order to obtain greater efficiency of interviewer time, larger routes were split into two smaller travel legs for sample selection and surveying.

The following Via Rail routes were surveyed in their entirety:

Quebec-Montreal Montreal-Ottawa Montreal-Toronto (non-stop express) Toronto-London

The larger routes were divided into shorter travel legs as follows.

All Montreal-Toronto trains with a stop in Kingston were separated into Montreal-Kingston and Kingston-Toronto travel legs. Each leg was treated as a separate departure in the computerized schedule file and sampled independently.

Similarly, all Ottawa-Toronto trains were divided into Ottawa-Kingston and Kingston-Toronto travel legs.

Toronto-Windsor trains were divided into Toronto-London and London-Windsor travel legs. Toronto-Sarnia trains were divided into Toronto-London and London-Sarnia travel legs.

Finally, from the Atlantic service, the trip portion between Levis and Montreal was treated as a separate travel leg. These departures were included with the Quebec-Montreal departures and sampled in proportion to their occurrence.

B.3.3 <u>Selection of Departures</u>

All scheduled departures were sorted by:

- departure city
- arrival city
- weekday vs. weekend
- time of departure
- day of week.

Within each city pair, the required number of departures was selected separately for each of weekday and weekend using a random start and the appropriate interval. Because of the relatively small number of departures needed for some travel legs, separate weekday/weekend sampling was used to ensure that minimum samples would be obtained for each part of the week.

In order to maintain a reasonable degree of efficiency, the selected departures had to be organized into round trips. This necessitated some amount of substitution.

Whenever a substitution was needed to achieve a more efficient round trip, priority was given (in order) to weekday vs. weekend and then time of departure. Some 47% of selected train departures required substitution. (13% involved a change in day of week only, while 34% required a change in departure time.)

		Number of	Γrains Survey	ed		
CITY PAIR		Summer	Fall	Winter		
Quebec - Montreal Route	WD	4	10	4		
	WE	4	8	4		
Montreal - Ottawa Route	WD	5	8	4		
	WE	3	6	2		
Montreal - Toronto Route	Montreal - Toronto Route					
Montreal - Toronto (Exp)	WD	2	2	2		
	WE	2	2	2		
Montreal - Kingston	WD	2	4	2		
	WE	2	6	2		
Kingston - Toronto (M)	WD	4	6	3		
	WE	4	6	3		
Ottawa - Toronto Route		·	·			
Ottawa - Kingston	WD	2	4	2		
	WE	2	4	2		
Kingston - Toronto (O)	WD	4	4	3		
	WE	4	4	3		
Toronto - London Route	WD	1	2	2		
	WE	1	2	2		
Toronto - Windsor Route						
Toronto - London (W)	WD	4	8	3		
	WE	4	10	3		
London - Windsor	WD	1	4	2		
	WE	1	2	2		
Toronto - Sarnia Route			WARRY OF THE STATE OF THE STAT	-		
Toronto - London (S)	WD	2	4	2		
	WE	2	2	2		
London - Sarnia	WD	1	2	2		
	WE	1	2	2		
Total Departures Surveyed		62	112	60		

B.4 Bus Sample Selection

B.4.1 Number of Sampled Departures Required

It was estimated that 18 to 22 interviews would be completed on each surveyed bus. (In fact, the average number of completions per bus worked out to 19 in both summer and fall and 15 in winter.

B.4.2 Travel Leg Definitions

In order to obtain greater efficiency of interviewer time, certain routes between Montreal and Toronto, and Ottawa and Toronto were split into smaller travel legs for sample selection and surveying.

All Montreal-Toronto buses (except non-stop express buses) were divided into Montreal-Kingston and Kingston-Toronto travel legs.

Those Ottawa-Toronto buses with a stopover in Kingston were divided into Ottawa-Kingston and Kingston-Toronto travel legs. Non-stop expresses and buses routed through Peterborough were surveyed over the entire length of the trip.

All other scheduled routes were surveyed in their entirety.

B.4.3 Selection of Departures

All scheduled departures were sorted by

- departure city
- arrival city
- weekday vs. weekend
- express vs. local
- time of departure
- day of week

Within each city pair, the required number of departures was selected using a random start and the appropriate interval. Weekday/weekend, and express/local buses were sampled in proportion to their occurrence on the schedule.

In order to maintain a reasonable degree of efficiency, the selected departures had to be organized into round trips. This necessitated some amount of substitution.

Whenever a substitution was needed to achieve a more efficient round trip, priority was given (in order) to weekday/weekend, express/local and the departure time. Some 29% of selected bus departures required substitution. (6% involved changes to day of week only, while 23% required a change in departure time.)

During the Winter bus survey in January, the number of completed interviews fell substantially short of target due to lower passenger loadings on most of the routes. This shortfall was analyzed on a route by route basis, and an additional 44 bus departures were surveyed in early February to make up this shortfall.

		Numbe	r of Buses S	urveyed	
				Winter	
CITY PAIR	Summer	Fall	Jan.	Feb.	Total
Quebec - Montreal	26	42	22	4	26
Montreal* - Ottawa	22	56	26	8	34
Montreal - Toronto (Exp)	6	10	4	-	4
Montreal - Kingston	4	18	8	4	12
Ottawa - Toronto	8	16	8	2	10
Ottawa - Kingston	6	14	8	2	10
Kingston - Toronto	8	20	12	6	18
Toronto - Kitchener	10	12	8	2	10
Toronto - London	10	12	8	6	14
Toronto - Windsor	10	16	. 8	4	12
Kitchener - London	4	6	4	4	8
London - Sarnia	2	8	4	2	6
Total Departures Surveyed	116	230	120	44	164

^{*} includes Mirabel - Ottawa buses in proportion to occurrence on schedule.

APPENDIX C

PUBLIC MODES - INTERVIEWS COMPLETED

C.1 Air Sample

Just over 10,000 interviews were completed with passengers in departure lounges prior to flight departure. A similar number of handouts (10,860) were given to late arriving passengers of which about 1 in 4 were completed and returned. (Mailback returns were expanded separately from in lounge completions.)

Interviewing was conducted on the following dates.

Summer

- August 22-28

Fall

- November 3-9

Winter

- January 11-18

	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Interviews completed in departure lounges	1,642	5,498	2,915	10,055
Handouts given	1,497	5,922	3,441	10,860
Mailbacks received	390	1,624	851	2,865
% return	26%	27%	25%	26%
Total completions obtained	2,032	7,122	3,766	12,920
Incomplete/Unuseable	81	233	213	527
Total clean interviews in data file	1,951	6,889	3,553	12,393

The number of useable interviews completed for each city pair was as follows.

	Air Interviews Completed			
City Pair	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Quebec - Montreal	84	445	237	766
Quebec - Ottawa	58	147	94	299
Montreal - Ottawa	59	283	248	590
Quebec - Toronto	67	355	187	609
Montreal - Toronto	823	2,103	1,138	4,064
Ottawa - Toronto	452	2,122	838	3,412
Kingston - Toronto	23	259	181	463
Toronto - London	184	470	273	927
Ottawa - London	34	232	61	327
Toronto - Windsor	74	281	216	571
Toronto - Sarnia	93	184	76	353
London - Sarnia	-	8	4	12
TOTAL	1,951	6,889	3,553	12,393

C.1.1 Impact Of Smaller Summer Air Sample On Accuracy Of Data

Because of the shortfall of completed interviews in the summer air survey (1951 completed vs. a target of 3500), special caution must be used when analyzing air passenger statistics for the summer season only.

The following table compares the statistical accuracy of individual city pairs on the summer survey, with that of the winter survey (where the target of 3500 completions was achieved).

There is only a slight reduction in accuracy for the three biggest routes (Montreal/Toronto, Ottawa/Toronto and Toronto/London).

Except for Kingston/Toronto, all other city pairs are sufficient in size to provide a general picture of passenger/trip characteristics during the summer season (maximum statistical variance ranging from \pm 10.4% to \pm 13.6%)

Kingston/Toronto passengers should not be analyzed separately for the summer season. Moreover, total annual passenger/trip characteristics for Kingston/Toronto should be interpreted with caution. Because the summer survey comprises 25% of the total annual data, the effective maximum variance for annual Kingston/Toronto data will still be in the area of \pm 10%.

	<u>Summ</u>	<u>er</u>	Winte	
<u> City Pair - Air Survey</u>	Completed Interviews	<u>Variance*</u>	Completed Interviews	<u>Variance*</u>
Montreal-Toronto Ottawa-Toronto Toronto-London	823 452 184	± 3.5% ± 4.7% ± 7.4%	1138 838 273	<u>+</u> 3.0% <u>+</u> 3.5% <u>+</u> 6.0%
Toronto-Sarnia Quebec-Montreal Quebec-Toronto Toronto-Windsor Quebec-Ottawa Montreal-Ottawa Ottawa-London	93 84 67 74 58 59 **34	± 10.4% ± 10.9% ± 12.2% ± 11.6% ± 13.1% ± 13.0% ± 17.1%	76 237 187 216 94 248 61	± 11.5% ± 6.5% ± 7.3% ± 6.8% ± 10.3% ± 6.4% ± 12.8%
Kingston-Toronto	23	<u>+</u> 20.8%	181	<u>+</u> 7.4%

- * Statistical variance on a measured statistic of 50% at the 95% level of confidence.
- ** Only about two thirds of Ottawa/London passengers were surveyed on the direct flight. When connecting passengers (through Toronto) are included, a base of 54 Ottawa/London passengers (@ ± 13.6%) is available in the summer air survey.

C.2 Rail Surveys

Over 13,000 interviews were completed with rail passengers on board Corridor trains.

Interviewing was conducted on the following dates.

Summer

- August 18-14, September 2-5*

Fall

- October 19-15, November 9-12**

Winter

- January 7-14

- * Due to a derailment interviewing on trains between Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto was postponed to early September.
- ** Four departures missed during the original schedule were re-scheduled for November.

	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Total completed on board	4,160	6,534	3,463	14,157
Unuseable forms	197	207	57	461
Completions in data file	3,963	6,327	3,406	13,696

The number of useable interviews completed for each city pair was as follows.

	Rail Interviews Completed			
City Pair	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Quebec - Montreal	424	606	361	1,391
Montreal - Ottawa	401	571	331	1,303
Montreal - Toronto (Exp)	289	295	207	791
Montreal - Kingston	255	762	265	1,282
Ottawa - Kingston	275	503	257	1,035
Kingston - Toronto	1,175	1,451	851	3,477
Toronto - London	933	1,704	822	3,459
London - Windsor	80	299	223	602
London - Sarnia	131	136	89	356
TOTAL	3,963	6,327	3,406	13,696

C.3 Bus Surveys

Over 9,000 interviews were completed with passengers on board buses on Corrider routes.

Interviewing was conducted on the following dates.

Summer

- August 22-28

Fall*

- October 18-November1, November 9-12

Winter**

- January 11-23, February 1-7

- * Four departures missed during the original schedule were re-scheduled for November.
- ** Due to a shortfall of interviews in January, 44 additional departures were surveyed in February.

	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Total completed on board	2,389	4,486	2,526	9,401
Unuseable forms	176	41	32	249
Completions in data file	2,213	4,445	2,494	9,152

The number of useable interviews completed for each city pair was as follows.

	Bus Interviews Completed			
City Pair	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Quebec - Montreal	562	943	537	2,042
Montreal - Ottawa	365	1,039	458	1,862
Montreal - Kingston	92	293	124	509
Ottawa - Kingston	100	250	134	484
Montreal - Toronto	86	190	86	362
Ottawa - Toronto	215	256	148	619
Kingston - Toronto	135	367	284	786
Toronto - Kitchener	201	258	178	637
Toronto - London	181	255	200	636
Toronto - Windsor	225	463	248	936
Kitchener - London	44	89	66	199
London - Sarnia	7	42	31	80
TOTAL	2,213	4,445	2,494	9,152

AUTOMOBILE - INTERVIEWS COMPLETED

D.1 Overall Return Rates

Through the 3 waves the return rate declines from nearly 37% in the Summer to only 27% in Winter.

The lower return rate of 30% experienced in the Fall may be largely a function of the approaching Christmas period. Respondent cooperation generally declines in the last few weeks before Christmas. As well, it is easier for the survey form to get "lost" amid the greater volume of advertising and seasonal mail reaching each household.

Because of reporting deadlines, it was necessary to cut off receipt of Winter auto returns on February 12th (only 2.5 to 4 weeks from mailing). Unused returns received after this date are not included in the return rate calculation.

The following table illustrates the completion rates achieved and field dates for each of the three Automobile surveys.

	Summer	Fall	Winter	Total
Total Mailed Out	22,412	48,674***	12,084	
Returns received	9,206	16,219	3,455	28,880
Incomplete, unuseable	996	1,443	214	2,653
Net clean interviews in data file	8,210	14,776	3,241	26,227
Net completion rate	36.6%	30.4%	26.8%	31.5%
Trips less than 50km	405	1,484	511	2,400
Net returns analyzed	7,805	13,292	2,730	23,827
Plate Recording	Aug. 9-23	Oct. 4-Nov.8	Jan. 10-17	***************************************
Mailouts	Aug.11-25*	Oct. 9-Nov.15**	Jan. 14-25	
Returns received	Aug.14-Nov.30	Oct.12-Jan.14**	Jan.20-Feb.12	

- * Michigan and New York plates were mailed out Sept. 11 and Oct. 7 respectively.
- ** Michigan and New York plates were mailed out Dec. 9 and Dec. 16 respectively. 8577 Quebec forms were re-mailed Jan. 18 with returns received Jan. 22 to Feb. 10.
- *** Does not include 749 service centre observations mailed out Nov. 20 (Ont/Que) and Dec. 9/16 (Mich/NY), yielding 202 useable returns (27%) reported separately (see 2.3.2).

D.2 Return Rates By Region and Residential/Business Vehicle Owners

Return rates were highest in Ontario and lowest in Quebec. The return rate for Quebec actually increased slightly in the Fall, despite the Christmas period. This may have been a function of the increased prize value used in Quebec in the Fall.

Michigan and (particularly) New York response suffered from delays in getting the names and addresses from the State authorities.

All mailouts (except for Quebec in Summer) were precoded as residential or business based on a visual inspection of the mailing address. As expected, return rates from business addresses tended to be lower. Residential and business sectors were expanded separately within province/state to correct for this differing response rate.

	Ma	ilouts/Returns: % Retu	ırned
	Summer	Fall	Winter
QUEBEC	4,062/ 784: 19%	18139/ 3881: 21%	4988/ 953: 19%
- Residential	n/a*	16274/ 3664: 23%	4478/ 939: 21%
- Business	n/a	1865/ 217: 12%	510/ 14: 3%
ONTARIO	17270/7067: 41%	29461/10583: 36%	7096/2288: 32%
- Residential	14861/6573: 44%	25232/ 9139: 36%	6087/2059: 34%
- Business	2409/ 494: 21%	4229/ 1444: 34%	1009/ 229: 23%
MICHIGAN	798/ 298: 37%	815/ 242: 30%	n/a
- Residential	675/ 261: 39%	587/ 210: 36%	
- Business	123/ 37: 30%	228/ 32: 14%	
NEW YORK	282/ 61: 22%	259/ 70: 27%	n/a
- Residential	253/ 59: 23%	233/ 63: 27%	
- Business	29/ 2: 7%	26/ 7: 27%	
TOTAL	22412/8210: 37%	48674/14776: 30%	12084/3241: 27%

^{*} The Summer survey was mailed out by SAAQ who were unable to pre-code residential/business before mailout.

D.3 Return Rates By Location

The table below illustrates the return rate achieved from each plate recording location.

	Ma	ailouts/Returns: % Ret	urned
LOCATION	Summer	Fall	Winter
1. 401 Chatham	3409/1309: 38%	5143/1901: 37%	n/a
2. 401 Woodstock	2814/1216: 43%	5096/1988: 39%	1638/621: 38%
3. 401 Guelph	2811/1137: 40%	5396/1901: 35%	n/a
4. 53/2 Brantford	1410/ 538: 38%	2222/ 737: 33%	1715/590: 34%
5. 401 Napanee	2380/ 995: 42%	4635/1574: 34%	1954/663: 34%
6. 401 Prescott	3301/1225: 37%	5737/1818: 32%	n/a
7. 7 Perth	2251/ 896: 40%	2922/1095: 37%	1236/331: 27%
8. 40 Rigaud	1800/ 433: 24%	5959/1158: 19%	3046/532: 17%
9. 40 Louiseville	1122/ 228: 20%	5723/1297: 23%	n/a
0. 20 St. Eugene	1114/ 233: 21%	5841/1307: 22%	2501/504: 20%
TOTAL	22412/8210: 37%	48674/14776: 30%	12084/3241: 27%

D.4 <u>Late Mailing of Quebec Forms - Fall Survey</u>

Due to delays in completing plate observations and processing of names and addresses in Quebec, a large number of Quebec forms (8577) were not mailed out until the middle of November. Through an oversight, it was not recognized that the final lucky draw date printed on the form (Nov. 16th) meant that these respondents would receive their forms after the lucky draw date had passed. This had a significant impact on the return rate (only 9.7% for these original 8577 mailouts).

A second mailing to these 8577 addresses was made on January 18th, featuring new lucky draw dates in early February. Returns received from the second mailing were computer sorted against the returns of the first mailing to identify and eliminate duplication (i.e. the same respondent sending in a second form). The second mailing succeeded in bringing the overall unduplicated return rate for this segment to just over 20%.

DUPLICATION OF INTERVIEWS FOR EXPANSION PURPOSES

E.1 Public Modes

In the expansion process, certain cells or subgroups were defined for which no actual interviews were completed.

Whenever this occurs it is necessary to "borrow" the characteristics from a group of interviews in the **nearest comparable cell** to fill the empty cell and permit expansion to total trips for that particular category.

The need for duplication of interviews occurred rarely in the Summer and Winter waves, and involved small routes with very few departures actually surveyed (such as London-Sarnia). If, for example, no Eastbound interviews were completed on this route on a weekend, the weekday eastbound interviews are duplicated, and the weekday identifier changed to weekend to fill this empty cell.

For the Fall wave only, it was decided to expand all **weekday** public modes by **hour of departure** and all **weekend** public modes by **2-hour segments**.

Since the number of departures sampled for each mode was not large enough to cover every hour of departure, considerably more duplication was necessary to ensure 1-hour and 2-hour segments were filled.

If, for a particular route/direction, we have interviews for the 1500-1559 segment but none for the 1600-1659 segment, the 1500-1559 interviews would be duplicated and "+100" added to each time field. This, then, provides a set of interviews in the required segment which can be expanded to known passenger loads for that hour as supplied by the Carriers.

In the Air and Rail modes, duplication of Fall interviews was in the 20% range.

Bus, however, required a much larger amount of duplication (60%). This is a result of the greater number of bus departures through each day (virtually every hour on many routes) coupled with fewer bus departures actually being sampled (230) compared with Air (543).

	Actual Interviews	% of Actual Duplicated	Duplicated Interviews	Total Records	
AIR	12,393	12%	1,429	13,822	
- Summer	1,951	3%	65	2,016	
- Fall	6,889	19%	1,324	2,213	
- Winter	3,553	1%	40	3,593	
RAIL	13,696	12%	1,691	15,387	
- Summer	3,963	3%	113	4,076	
- Fall	6,327	23%	1,456	7,783	
- Winter	3,406	4%	122	3,528	
BUS	9,152	29%	2,683	11,835	
- Summer	2,213	*	7	2,220	
- Fall	4,445	60%	2,667	7,112	
- Winter	2,494	*	9	2,503	
NOTE: * = Less than 0.5%.					

E.2 <u>Automobile</u>

During the Summer wave, accurate plate observations were possible over an entire 12-hour period (from 0700 to 1859 each day). On rare occasions adverse weather would force a 1 or 2-hour stop in plate recording during the day. In such cases, interviews were duplicated from the closest time slot to permit expansion on an hour-by-hour basis during the 12-hour period.

In the Fall, plate recording generally had to stop at 1659 due to darkness (i.e. shorter daylight hours). Interviews from 1600 to 1659 were duplicated to fill the 1700-1759 and 1800-1859 cells.

	Actual Interviews	% of Actual Duplicated	Duplicated Interviews	Total Records
AUTO (50km+)	21,097	12%	2,609	23,706
- Summer	7,805	3%	227	8,032
- Fall	13,292	18%	2,382	15,674

NOTE: All 15,674 records in the Fall Automobile data file were duplicated and used to create a simulated Winter data file.

DATA OBTAINED FROM CARRIERS FOR SEASONAL EXPANSION

F.1 Air Passenger Load Data

F.1.1 Sources of Data

Passenger load data for Corridor air travel was obtained from three sources.

- Pearson Airport (Planning Division) provided data on all non-stop flights into and out of LBPIA from other Corridor cities for all airlines except Air Ontario (one of two airlines serving Pearson to London, Windsor and Sarnia). This included total monthly passenger loads for 13 months (Oct/91 to Nov/92)* and passenger loads by day by hour for one sample week in each of January, August and October, 1992.
- Air Canada provided total monthly passengers carried on each non-stop Corridor route (both directions combined) except for the Ottawa-London (non-stop) route. (Data included Air Alliance and Air Ontario routes.)
- Canadian Airlines provided total monthly passengers carried on each non-stop Corridor route (both directions combined) except for the Montreal-Ottawa route. (Data included Inter-Canadien and Canadian Partners routes.)
- None of Pem-Air, Skycraft nor Nationair provided any passenger load data.
 - * Dec/92 was estimated by applying the 92/91 ratio for Oct/Nov to Dec/91.

F.1.2 Adjusting For Weekend/Weekday Passenger Volume - Summer And Winter For the Summer and Winter seasons it was necessary to adjust the preliminary one week expansion by weekend/weekday. This was easily done for Pearson routes using the day/hour data supplied by LPBIA.

For all Pearson routes, the % weekend traffic was compared against the % weekend scheduled flights.

In the Summer, the two figures were found to be very close on a route by route basis. Using the average of all Pearson routes, 37.1% of passenger trips were weekend, compared to 37.9% of scheduled flights flying on weekends. For all other routes (including Air Ontario routes) the weekend percentage of passenger trips was assumed to be the same as the weekend percentage of scheduled flights.

In the Winter, on Pearson routes, the weekend percentage of trips (average 38.4%) was found to be about 2 percentage points higher than the weekend percentage of scheduled flights (36.5%). Two percentage points were added to the weekend percentage of scheduled flights for each route to obtain an estimate of weekend % of trips.

Eg. On the Quebec-Montreal route, 37% of scheduled flights are on the weekend. It was assumed that 39% of passenger trips would be on the weekend.

F.1.3 Adjusting For Hour Within Weekend/Weekday - Fall

On all Pearson routes the data supplied by LBPIA was used to expand to the survey week on a one-hour segment basis within weekday and on a two-hour segment basis within weekend.

For all other routes, total weekday and weekend passenger loads by one/two hour segments were estimated using the number of scheduled flights in each cell "times" the mean passenger load (as obtained from the ground crew) for all flights surveyed within that cell. If no flights were actually surveyed in a particular cell, the mean passenger load from the closest comparable cell was used.

This procedure served to provide an estimate for the Fall survey week of passenger load by weekday hour and weekend 2-hour segment for each non-Pearson (and Air Ontario) route.

F.1.4 Developing Seasonal Passenger Loads

Since it was available separately for each direction, the LBPIA data was used to determine total seasonal passenger loads on all routes in and out of Pearson.

Since the Pearson data included all scheduled Nationair passengers, separate data from that airline was not needed.

The two remaining smaller carriers, Pem Air and Skycraft, did not provide any aggregate passenger data. The estimate for each survey week (created using the number of scheduled flights "times" the mean passenger load on surveyed flights) was factored up to each season using the number of weeks in the season. The same method was used to determine seasonal loads for Ottawa-London (Air Canada) and Ottawa-Montreal (CAI).

F.2 Rail Passenger Load Data

F.2.1 <u>Data Source</u>

ViaRail provided the following passenger load data.

- For a sample week in each of January, August and October total passenger load for each "train" (i.e. departure time) for each day of week.
- For each month of 1992, total passengers carried (both directions combined) on each Corridor route.
- ViaRail was unable to provide separate data on the Levis-Montreal portion of the Atlantic service (not considered by ViaRail to be part of the Corridor, but included in the survey).

F.2.2 <u>Summer And Winter Expansion To Survey Week</u>

The sample week data was used to determine the correct proportion of weekend and weekday passengers on each route.

F.2.3 Fall Expansion To Survey Week

The sample week data was used to expand on a train by train basis (i.e. hour by hour) separately within weekday and weekend.

F.2.4 Seasonal Passenger Loads

These were determined directly from the monthly data supplied by Via Rail.

F.2.5 <u>Levis-Montreal Route Segment</u>

Total passengers carried on this segment were estimated using the mean passenger load on surveyed trains (obtained from the conductors) "times" the number of scheduled departures per week. This was then factored up to each season by number of weeks.

F.2.6 <u>Disruption In ViaRail Service - Spring/Summer 1992</u>

Due to Equipment problems in the late Spring and early Summer of 1992, ViaRail passenger loads for these months were lower than normal. ViaRail provided both actual loads and "corrected" load figures (using historical data to estimate what the loads would have been without the service disruption).

In consultation with the forecasters, it was decided to use Via's "corrected" data and to adjust the corresponding seasonal loads for air and bus separately for each city pair. (If rail ridership was lower than normal, it is presumed that at least some of these passengers switched to other modes, resulting in an "overstatement" of load for those modes.)

Response to the survey question on alternative modes (Q4a on Rail questionnaire) was used to determine how much of the "lost" rail traffic on each route would have "switched" to each of air and bus.

Overall, when asked which mode they would use if they could not take the train, 18% of rail passengers claimed that would use air and 29% claimed they would use bus.

These figures (calculated separately for each route) were used to determine how many air and bus passengers (on each route) would have used rail if there had not been the equipment problem. Seasonal estimates for air and bus were reduced accordingly.

F.3 Bus Passenger Load Data

F.3.1 Data Sources

- For a sample week in each of January, August and October, total passengers carried by hour of departure was obtained for each city pair. This data was supplied by Orleans, Gray Coach, Greyhound and Cha-Co, but **not** supplied by Voyageur.
- For each month of 1992, total passengers carried was obtained for each city pair. This data was supplied by Orleans, Voyageur, Greyhound and Cha-Co, but **not** available from Gray Coach.

F.3.2 Summer And Winter Expansion To Survey Week

The sample week data was used to determine the correct proportion of weekend and weekday passengers for each city pair except for Voyageur routes. The mean passenger load on surveyed buses "times" number of scheduled departures was used to estimate Voyageur loads for the survey week.

F.3.3. <u>Fall Expansion To Survey Week</u>

The same procedures were used as described in F.3.2, except it was done separately for each one-hour segment (weekdays) and two-hour segment (weekends).

F.3.4 <u>Seasonal Passenger Loads</u>

These were determined directly from the monthly data supplied by each Carrier.

Gray Coach seasonal loads were estimated by taking the survey week loads "times" the number of weeks in each season.

APPENDIX G

DATA OBTAINED FROM MINISTRIES FOR EXPANSION OF AUTOMOBILE SURVEY

G.1 Ontario

The following steps were taken to develop seasonal projections for Ontario highway locations:

- G.1.1 For each highway location, the 7-day projection of qualifying vehicles (both directions) was calculated for the August survey.
- G.1.2 By dividing the week's total by 7, an Average Daily Traffic figure was created for August.
- G.1.3. Using the Ministry table of ADT Adjustment Factors for use in 1992, the August ADT was factored down to create an Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT). (Factors ranged from 0.80 to 0.90.)
- G.1.4 Identical procedures were followed with the November survey to create another set of AADT projections. (Factors ranged from 1.01 to 1.06).
- G.1.5 The two AADT estimates were then averaged to create a "best estimate" AADT.
- G.1.6 The AADT estimates were then multiplied by the Summer Average Daily Traffic (SADT) SAWDT and WADT factors to create daily traffic estimates for each season. (Adjustments were applied to align the Ministry's seasonal factors with the specific time frame of the survey's seasons. For example, the SADT factor is for July 1 to August 31. The Survey summer season ran from June 15 to September 15.
- G.1.7 The resultant seasonal daily figures were then multiplied by number of days in each season.
- G.1.8 The Survey data was then projected to these vehicle estimates.

G.2 Quebec

The same principles were followed with Quebec, simply using different adjustment factors.

- G.2.1 For each highway location, the 7-day projection of qualifying vehicles (both directions) was calculated for the August survey.
- G.2.2 By dividing the week's total by 7, an ADT traffic figure was created for August.
- G.2.3 Using the August adjustment factors provided by the Ministry, the ADT's were weighted to obtain an AADT estimate.
- G.2.4 The AADT estimates were then weighted by a Seasonal Adjustment factor (created by averaging the appropriate monthly adjustment factors provided) to obtain an average seasonal daily traffic estimate.
- G.2.5 The ASDT was then multiplied by the number of days within the season to create a projected seasonal vehicle estimate.
- G.2.6 Identical procedures were followed with the November survey data to create a Spring/Fall projection and winter results to a winter projection.

In all cases, seasonal projections have been based on Ministry adjustment factors and recommended Ministry procedures.

WINTER AUTOMOBILE SURVEY - COMPARISON WITH FALL DATA

In order to simulate Winter auto travel, sequential adjustments were made to the Fall data by age/sex, trip purpose and trip length.

H.1 Age and Sex of Driver

Winter drivers are more likely to be **male** and to be **younger**. While slight, these differences are very consistent across all locations surveyed.

	Fall	Winter
Male	66	68
Female	27	25
Not Stated	7	7
	100%	100%
Under 35	26	29
35 to 49	35	36
50 to 64	26	24
65 or over	12	8
Not Stated	1	3
	100%	100%
1401 Otaleu	100%	

NOTES:

- (1) Fall Unweighted data includes 0800 to 1559, 6 winter locations, and Ontario/Quebec only to match Winter Sample.
- (2) Winter Unweighted except for adjustment by province within location to match distribution of comparable Fall data by location and province.
- (3) Trips <50 km not included in this table.

H.2 <u>Trip Purpose</u>

Overall, it was anticipated there would be a trend to proportionately fewer non-business trips in the Winter. While this is true to a very slight extent overall, there are significantly different trends by weekend/weekday and by location.

At the first 3 Ontario locations fewer non-business trips were observed on the weekdays.

However, at Perth and the two Quebec locations, the opposite was the case, with a slightly greater proportion of non-business trips on Winter weekdays.

For each location, trip purpose was weighted separately by weekend/weekday within location.

	Percentage of Non-Business Tr				
LOCATION		Adjusted Fall*	Winter		
Total 6 Locations	WE	89	91		
	WD	54	52		
2 Woodstock	WE	88	90		
	WD	46	42		
4 Brantford	WE	92	90		
	WD	57	48		
5 Napanee	WE	88	92		
	WD	62	55		
7 Perth	WE	89	91		
	WD	63	65		
8 Rigaud	WE	91	90		
	WD	56	59		
0 St. Eugene	WE	90	91		
	WD	48	51		
NOTE: Data files as de	escribe	d above in H.1 excep	t Fall data		

NOTE: Data files as described above in H.1 except Fall data also adjusted by age/sex.

H.3 Length of Trip

As expected, there was a distinct trend toward fewer long auto trips in the Winter.

	Percent of Auto Trips				
	Wee	ekend	Weekday		
Length of Trip	Adjusted Fall Winter		Adjusted Fall	Winter	
	100%	100%	100%	100%	
< 50 km	8	9	15	18	
50 - 99 km	13	14	15	19	
100 - 199 km	29	29	24	24	
200 - 399 km	18	22	18	17	
400 km +	26	22	21	17	
Outside Corridor	6	4	7	5	
Mean (km)	244	227	213	188	

NOTES: (1) Data files as described above in H.1/H.2 except Fall also adjusted by trip purpose.

(2) Trips <50 km included in this tabulation.

Because of wide variations in trip length from location to location, trip length was adjusted separately for each location within weekend/weekday.

The following table uses mean trip length to illustrated the variations. (Actual weights were calculated for each of 9 trip length categories within location and we/wd.)

		Mean Trip Length (km)					
	Weekend		Week	Weekday			
	Adjusted Fall	Winter	Adjusted Fall	Winter			
Total 6 Locations	244	227	213	188			
2 Woodstock	182	174	163	152			
4 Brantford	91	100	66	60			
5 Napanee	304	269	261	247			
7 Perth	274	257	240	175			
8 Rigaud	224	199	225	201			
0 St. Eugene	296	291	296 263				

H.4 Validation of Simulated Winter Data File

Following completion of the sequential adjustments used to create the Simulated Winter data file, an analysis was conducted to determine whether these adjustments would, in fact, improve O/D estimates.

The first two columns in the next table compare Actual Winter survey results with Original Fall results in terms of the size of key super zone O/D pairs as a percentage of total trips.

The differences for seven O/D pairs are statistically significant before adjusting the Fall data file.

After adjustments, the new Simulated Winter data produces an O/D profile that is much closer to the Actual Winter data file. Only one difference (Ottawa-London) remains statistically significant.

Percent of Automobile Travellers					
Super Zone O/D Pairs	Actual Winter	Original Fall	% Diff	Simulated Winter	% Diff
	100%	100%		100%	
Quebec - Montreal	4.5	4.6	+0.1	4.7	+0.2
Quebec - Ottawa	0.2	0.5	+0.3*	0.3	+0.1
Quebec - Toronto	0.2	0.1	- 0.1	0.1	- 0.1
Montreal - Ottawa	6.4	6.0	- 0.4	6.4	0
Montreal - Toronto	1.6	2.2	+0.6*	1.7	+0.1
Ottawa - Kingston	1.1	1.6	+0.5*	1.5	+0.4
Ottawa - Toronto	5.3	6.6	+1.3*	5.5	+0.2
Kingston - Toronto	5.2	3.2	- 2.0*	4.4	- 0.8
Ottawa - London	0.2	0.7	+0.5*	0.5	+0.3*
Ottawa - Windsor	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0
Kingston - London	0.2	0.2	0	0.1	- 0.1
Kingston - Windsor	0.1	0.1	0	0.1	0
Toronto - London	7.4	7.4	0	7.9	+0.5
Toronto - Windsor	2.1	2.0	-0.1*	2.2	+0.1
Same O & D	4.0	3.0	- 1.0	3.6	- 0.4
All Other	61.4	61.7	+0.3	60.9	- 0.5
NOTES: (1) "Actual Winter" and "Original Fall" data files as described above in H.1.					

NOTES: (1) "Actual Winter" and "Original Fall" data files as described above in H.1.

^{(2) &}quot;Simulated Winter" data file is "original fall" weighted by age/sex, trip purpose and trip length.

⁽³⁾ **Bold*** differences are significant at the 90% level of confidence.

EDITING AND ASCRIPTION PROCEDURES

I.1 Missing Information

For most questions on the survey questionnaire, no attempt was made to ascribe answers in case of non-response.

The few exceptions were as follows:

- I.1.1 (Q1) Trip Purpose if no response (generally around 1%) code "8" was assigned (other, non-business).
- I.1.2 (Q2b) Type Of Fare (Rail Only) a first class or "other fare" answer was required for expansion. Non-response was in the area of 10%. For each route, one way cost per person was tabulated separately for first class and "other" passengers and used as a look up guide. When Q2b was blank, it was coded as either first class or coach depending on whether the answer to Q2a (price paid) was closer to the mean first class or mean "other" fare. If Q2a was also blank, Q2b was coded as coach (dominant answer).
- I.1.3 (Q3c) Number Of Household Passengers In many cases, respondents recording "1" for total party size (Q3b) left Q3c blank. Q3c (number of household passengers) was also coded as "1" in these cases. The remaining levels of non-response to Q3c (where Q3b was blank or 2+) ranged from 6% to 16% depending on mode. Since Q3c data was essential for expansion, the following ascription process was developed based on an analysis of party size data by trip purpose.

Bus and Rail - for 2 or 3 passengers travelling together, in about half the cases, Q3c was equal to Q3b. In the other half, Q3c would be "1" while Q3b would be "2" or "3". In other words, in about half the cases 2 or 3 household members are travelling together while in the other half, a single household member was travelling with other people not of his household.

With 4 or more in Q3b, if it was a business trip, the answer to Q3c was usually "1".

The following ascription rules were established for bus and rail.

<u>If Q3b=</u>	Insert to Q3c
blank	1 (dominant answer)
1	1
2	alternate 1, 2, 1, 2
3	alternate 1, 3, 1, 3
4+ business	1
4+ (non-business)	alternate 1, 4, 1, 4

The relationship for Air was somewhat different. On business trips the answer to Q3c was usually "1" regardless of total party size. For non-business trips Q3c was usually equal to Q3b.

<u>If</u>	Insert to Q3c		
Q3b=blank	1 (dominant answer)		
Business trip	1		
Non-business	Q3b answer		

1.1.4 (Q7 Auto) Number Of People In Vehicle. Non response was very small (about 3%) on this question. Non responses were given a value of "1" (dominant answer).

I.2 <u>Multiple Answers When Single Answer Required</u>

Multiple response was a minor problem, generally less than 2% for any one question.

Whenever two or more answers were checked for a question requiring a single answer, one of the answers given was randomly picked, except for two questions where a priority order was used to select from the answers given.

Q1/5 Trip Purpose - select first mentioned of code 4/3/2/1/5/6/7

Q5a/9a Employment - select first mentioned of code 1/2/3/4/5

1.3 <u>Ascribing Zones for Toronto, Montreal and Quebec City</u>

Generally, respondents provided actual postal codes for just under half of all origin and destinations. In most cases where the postal code was not provided, it was possible to determine the postal code from the description given.

I.3.1 Level of Non-Specific Response

The following table indicates the proportion of responses which were too general to permit postal code identification.

Air travellers are least likely to be able to give a detailed description of their O & D.

Auto travellers are most likely to know exactly where they have been, or are going.

Percent of O&D Responses In Each Cell That Were Not Detailed Enough For Postal Code Identification						
	Greater Metro Areas					
	Toronto Montreal Quebec City					
AIR	18%	16%	27%			
RAIL	10%	11%	14%			
BUS	14% 17% 12%					
AUTO	4%	6%	9%			

In most cases the non-specific response given was simply the name of the city ("Toronto", "Montreal" or "Quebec City"). At the first stage of coding, these responses were assigned to one zone in each of the cities. (The central city zone for each of Toronto and Montreal, and zone 122 for Quebec City.)

In a few cases, respondents did name another suburban city (e.g. "Markham" or "Mississauga"). In these cases it was possible to assign the correct zone, but still not possible to identify postal code.

1.3.2 Identifying Variables To Use In Ascription

In ascribing these non-specific responses to various zones across the city the key issue is whether the ascribed zones should be predominantly "central", or should spread out to include a greater proportion of suburban locations.

Using the responses for which a detailed zone was identified, the zone distribution for each city (central core vs. suburban) was analyzed for each mode against the following variables:

- Type of Place
- Age
- Income
- Purpose

Only "type of place" showed a relationship with zone distribution. This is illustrated in the table following.

For all public modes, "home" origins and destinations were less likely to be central core, and more likely to be suburban.

For Auto, "home", "business", "shopping" and "other" destinations were all less likely to be central core.

Percent Of Postal Coded O&D Respon In Each Cell That Are "Central City"					
		Greater Metro Areas			
	Toronto	Toronto Montreal Quebec			
AIR - "Home"	39%	11%	12%		
- Other Place	56%	49%	53%		
RAIL - "Home"	46%	19%	21%		
- Other Place	83%	70%	67%		
BUS - "Home"	50%	24%	23%		
- Other Place	79%	55%	51%		
AUTO - Home, Business, Shopping, Other	21%	12%	22%		
- Hotel, Recr. School/Coll./Univ.	43%	42%	44%		

It was decided to develop a **separate ascription procedure** for each city, for each mode by type of place as illustrated by the 24 cells in the table above.

The actual ascription formulae were constructed using the Summer and Fall surveys combined. These same formulae were applied to the Winter survey.

I.3.3 Ascription Procedures

The following 3 tables illustrate how the ascription was done in each of the 3 cities, using a different mode and type of place for each example.

In fact 24 such procedures were developed.

The first example shows Air travellers with a "home" in Toronto as origin or destination.

Column "A" is the % distribution across Greater Toronto zones for all responses with postal codes. It is presumed to be the "ideal" or most correct distribution for "home" O & D's in greater Toronto.

Column "B" is the actual distribution of all 357 responses **without** postal code. As can be seen, most but not all said "Toronto". A few said "Mississauga", "Etobicoke" etc.

Column "C" is the ideal distribution to be used for ascription (Column"A" % of 357).

Column "D" shows the required re-assignment of responses to achieve the ideal distribution shown in Column "C". Only the 294 zone 40 responses are re-assigned.

For example, the 29 "Mississauga" responses are left as zone 36. An additional 22 responses (randomly selected from the 294 zone 40 responses) are also assigned to zone 36 to produce a total of 51 zone 36 responses.

	AIR TRAVELLERS						
Origin or Destination is Greater Toronto and Home (Summer/Fall)							
Detailed Zones	A. Have Postal B. No Postal C. Ideal D. Code Code Distribution Assi						
TOTAL	100%	357	357	294			
40 Toronto*	39	294	137	137			
36 Mississauga	14	29	51	22			
37 Brampton	6	8	22	14			
39 Etobicoke	9	7	32	25			
41 York	2	-	6	6			
42 East York	1	-	5	5			
43 North York	10	3	36	33			
44 Scarborough	5	9	19	10			
45 Vaughan	2	-	6	6			
46 Markham	5	-	20	20			
47 Richmond Hill	2	3	6	3			
48 Aurora	1	-	4	4			
49 Newmarket	1	1	4	3			
51 Pickering	2	1	6	5			
52 Ajax	1	2	3	1			
NOTE: * Central City							

The next two tables illustrate zone ascription in each of Montreal and Quebec City.

AUTO TRAVELLERS						
Origin or Destination is Greater Montreal and Hotel, Recreation, School/C/U (Summer/Fall)						
Detailed Zones	A. Have Postal Code	B. No Postal Code	C. Ideal Distribution	D. Re- Assignment		
TOTAL	100%	40	40	36		
97 Montreal-D*	42	36	16	16		
92 Laval Ouest	2	-	1	1		
93 Laval Est	4	1	2	1		
94 Montreal-A	17		7	7		
95 Montreal-B	7	-	3	3		
96 Montreal-C	1	-	-	-		
98 Montreal-E	4	-	2	2		
99 Montreal-F1	5	-	2	2		
100 Montreal-F2	9	-	3	3		
102 Laprairie	2	-	1	1		
103 St. Hubert	1	-	1	-		
104 Longueuil	3	3	1	*		
105 Chambly	3	-	1	-		
NOTE: * Central City.						

RAIL TRAVELLERS						
	Origin or Destination is Greater Quebec City and Not Home (Summer/Fall)					
Detailed Zones	A. Have Postal Code	B. No Postal Code	C. Ideal Distribution	D. Re- Assignment		
TOTAL	100%	111	111	108		
119 Quebec City*	67	-	74	73		
118 Ste. Foy	18	-	20	20		
120 Charlesbourg	2	-	3	3		
121 Beauport	1	-	1	1		
122 Quebec C.D.**	10	108	11	11		
133 Levis	2	3	2	_		

122 was used as general "Quebec City" code for non-specific responses.

APPENDIX J

QUEBEC/ONTARIO HIGH SPEED RAIL PROJECT SUPERZONE SYSTEM - B

Superzone No.	Superzone Name	VIA Zone	
1	Greater Windsor	1, 2	
2	Western Ontario	3-7, 14	
3	Greater London	15, 16	
4	Greater Kitchener-Waterloo	23, 24, 25	
5 .	West Central Ontario	8-13, 17-22, 26, 27, 57, 58	
6	Hamilton-Wentworth	28-32	
7	Greater Toronto	33-56	
8	Central Ontario	59-70	
9	Greater Kingston	71, 72	
10	Eastern Ontario/Western Quebec	73-78, 86, 87-89, 91, 108, 178	
11	Greater Ottawa-Hull	79-84, 86	
12	Greater Montreal	90, 92-107, 109-111, 126-128	
13	Eastern Quebec	112-117, 123-125, 129-132, 134-136	
14	Greater Quebec City	118-122, 133	
15	Eastern Canada	201-204	
16	Northern Ontario/Quebec	205-207	
17	Western Canada	208	
18	United States	209-218	
19	Rest of the World	219-221	

