## Taking action now to keep Quebecers Safe...

Traffic accidents cause far too many human tragedies each year. The statistics show that 80% of traffic accidents are avoidable and can be attributed to human behaviour. To ensure the safety of you and your family, the government is implementing six priority actions.

The Minister of Transport, **Julie Boulet** 

## **Priority actions**

- **1**. Tougher action against speeding.
- **2.** Tougher action against drinking and driving.
- **3.** A pilot project for photographic radar and cameras at red lights at certain locations.
- **4.** Prohibition against using a cell phone (handset) while driving a moving vehicle.
- Introduction of a 105 km/h speed limiter for heavy trucks.
- **6.** Obligation for new drivers to take a driving course and introduction of new measures for gradual access to a driver's licence.

# These measures will come into force gradually in 2007-2008.



We are all responsible for our conduct on the road QUÉDEC 📓 🛱

## Taking action now to keep Quebecers safe ...

Fine

\$35 to \$55

\$75 to \$105

\$135 to \$195

**PROJECTED PENALTIES FOR SPEEDING OFFENCES** 

Points

1

2

## **TQSR\*** Recommendations

## **Current Situation**

Speeding

11 to 20 km/h

21 to 30 km/h

31 to 45 km/h

Speeding offences are penalized by a fine and demerit

of the speeding violation.

hours, load securement, etc.).

Since that date, a decrease in the number of deaths in

accidents involving heavy vehicles has been observed,

but they are still involved in about 20% of fatal accidents.

points, with a linear increase according to the seriousness

## **Priority Government Actions**

Speeding

Introduce tougher penalties for major speeding offences and repeat offences.



## New technologies

		51 t0 45 KIII/II	5	3122103192	
		46 to 60 km/h	5	\$240 to \$315	
		61 to 80 km/h	7	\$375 to \$495	
		81 to 100 km/h	9	\$495 to \$615	
<b>Z</b> .		101 to 120 km/h	12	\$615 to \$735	
		121 km/h and up	15 and up	\$735 and up	
Alcohol		· · · · ·			Increase the penalties related to the commission of an offence for driving with
					a blood alcohol level over 0.08 or for refusing to take a breathalyzer test:
Impose tougher penalties for impaired driving.	In the case of an offence for driving with a blood alcohol	Second offence			<ul> <li>increase immediate suspension of the licence from 30 to 90 days in the case of a first offence.</li> </ul>
	In the case of an offence for driving with a blood alcohol level over 0.08 or for refusing to take a breathalyzer test, the driver's licence will be suspended immediately for 30 days, in the case of a first offence, and 90 days, in the case	Licence revoked	for 3 years		• for a repeat offence, the vehicle will be seized for 30 days.
	the driver's licence will be suspended immediately for	Complete evalua			Introduce special penalties for drivers intercepted with a blood alcohol level
	of a second or subsequent offence in the past ten years.	Compulsory igni		r 2 vears	over 160 mg of alcohol per 100 ml of blood:
	of a second of subsequent offence in the past ten years.	company ign		) cars.	• for a first offence, apply the penalties stipulated for repeat offenders;
	The penalties provided in the Highway Safety Code for a	The penalties provided in the Highway Safety Code for a <b>Third and subsequent offences</b>			• seizure of the vehicle for 30 days;
	person guilty of an impaired driving offence under the	<ul> <li>Licence revoked</li> </ul>			• for a first repeat offence, apply the penalties stipulated for a third offence;
	Criminal Code are:	Complete evaluation	,		for a mist repeat offence, apply the penalties subdiated for a time offence,
	First offence	<ul> <li>Compulsory igni</li> </ul>		r 3 years.	
	Licence revoked for 1 year.	. , , ,			
	Compulsory Alcofrein program.				
	• Summary evaluation to determine whether the driver's conduct is compatible with safe driving of a vehicle.				Implement pilot projects on photographic radar and red light cameras. For this purpose, mandate the Deputy Two signs will be inst
3.	• If the summary evaluation is unfavourable:				Ministers of Transport and Public Security, in collaboration photographic radar in
	- complete evaluation;				with their colleague from Justice, to create a working to inform the drivers
Maxy to also also at a s	- compulsory ignition interlock for 1 year.				group immediately. This group will work in partnership entrapment. The insta
New technologies	- compulsory ignition interlock for Tyear.				to establish the conditions of implementation, which will be adapted to sit
Implement pilot projects on photographic radar					will account for all the issues and concerns raised by speed limits. For exar
and red light cameras, accounting for the conditions					the TQSR members. • The projected installation sites are places were accidents be installed 1,000 m i
to be developed in partnership to ensure that their implementation considers all of the issues					<ul> <li>The projected installation sites are places were accidents are attributable to speeding or running a red light.</li> </ul>
and concerns raised by the TQSR members.	More than 70 administrations have a system of photographic	In Canada, all prov	vinces west of O	uébec have authorized	are attributable to speeding of running a red light.
and concerns raised by the residuences.	radar or red light cameras, including France, Australia,			operation in Calgary,	The sites will be determined after a rigorous selection process, in partnership with the stakeholders.
	Belgium, the United Kingdom and certain states in the USA.		o, Óttawa, Winn	ipeg and Regina,	• A communication ca
	In all cases, significant improvements in the road safety	in particular.			• The net amounts generated by the fines will be reinvested in road safety measures and support to organizations
	record have been observed.				assisting road accident victims.
4.					
Gradual access to driving					
Strengthen the rules for gradual access to driving by	The current system involves two stages, holding of a	The holder of a le	arnor's liconco n	nust be accompanied.	Strengthen the rules of gradual access to driving:
preserving the mobility of new drivers but impose	learner's licence for 12 months (8 months if the learner			ner's licence or the	<ul> <li>by lengthening the periods for retaking the theory exam and the road test</li> </ul>
tougher penalties on drivers at fault.	has passed a driving course), and holding of a probationary			a zero alcohol rule and	(increased from 7 days and 21 days to 28 days);
	licence for a maximum of 2 years for drivers under age 25.	a limit of 4 deme	rit points. The lic	ence is still suspended	• by extending the probationary permit to persons age 25 and over;
	, , ,	for 3 months whe	n the person has	reached 4 demerit points.	
					<ul> <li>by introducing the compulsory driving course, which will have to be reviewed substantially;</li> </ul>
					substantiany,
5.					
	In Canada, only the Province of Newfoundland-and-	legislated on cell	nhone use in a l	moving car	Prohibit use of a cell phone (handset) while driving a moving vehicle
Cell phone use while driving	Labrador prohibits cell phones (handsets). Among all	almost all have or	nly prohibited h	andsets	(3 demerit points and a fine of \$80 to \$100).
	of the 50 administrations around the world which have		ny promoteu n		Account for the concerns raised by the TQSR members.
Favour the introduction of new legislation to control the use of cell phones while driving.					Accountion are concerns raised by are reprimeribers.
	The heavy vehicle transportation sector has taken matters	Several interestin	a recommendet	ions arise from	
6	in hand effectively, especially since 1998, and has already	the concerted inc	ustry-governme	ent action carried out	In accordance with the Government of Québec's 2006-2012 Action Plan on Climate Change:
6.	introduced several innovations. In 1998, Québec adopted	over the past few	years, particula	ly for the purpose of	5
	legislation governing road transportation enterprises to	implementing dri	iving monitoring	mechanisms, as already	<ul> <li>table legislation in autumn 2007, which will make the activation of speed limiters compulsory on all heavy vehicles and the adjustment of the maximum speed</li> </ul>
Heavy vehicles	monitor their conduct and penalize unsafe acts. Roadside	exist for owners ar	nd operators, and	an excellence recognition	of these vehicles to 105 km/h
(speed limiters)	inspections were increased and several regulations were			s. Other recommendations	
	strengthened (hazardous materials, number of driving	encourage variou	is technological	innovations, including	

speed limiters (following a proposal by the Canadian trucking industry, of which the Association du camionnage

du Québec is part).

Introduce the concept of major speeding offences:

- in 30 and 50 km/h zones, for exceeding the speed limit by 40 km/h;

- in 70 and 90 km/h zones, for exceeding the speed limit by 50 km/h;

- in a 100 km/h zone, for exceeding the speed limit by 60 km/h.

(speed limiters) Support the actions of the Table de concertation gouvernement-industrie sur la sécurité des véhicules lourds. Make speed limiters compulsory on all trucks, and adjustment of the maximum speed of these vehicles to 105 km/h.

### • For these major speeding offences:

- double the amount of the fine and the number of demerit points;
- immediately suspend the driver's licence for 7 days and,
- in the case of a repeat offence, for 30 days.

### Example:

A driver travelling at 96 km/h in a 50 km/h would be charged \$480, double the current fine, and 10 demerit points, double the current number of points, will be recorded in his/her driving record. The driver's licence would also be suspended immediately for 7 days.

· for a second and subsequent repeat offence, make ignition interlock compulsory for life.

Introduce a 24-hour suspension of the driver's licence for blood alcohol levels between 0.05 and 0.08, based on what is done in other Canadian administrations.

### Ignition interlock program:

The ignition interlock program administered by the SAAQ will be accessible to individuals on a voluntary basis.

Steps will be taken to make acquisition and installation of such a device possible without being subject to the SAAQ program.

 The sites concerned will have advance warning signs. Two signs will be installed at the approaches to photographic radar installations and red light cameras to inform the drivers of their presence and avoid entrapment. The installation distances of these signs will be adapted to site characteristics and the posted speed limits. For example, on a road with a posted speed limit of 90 km/h on level ground, a first sign will be installed 1,000 m from the photographic radar installation or the camera, and a second sign 200 m away. The location of the photographic radar installations and red light cameras will be available on the Internet. · A communication campaign will explain the issues related to the use of these technologies.

The working group will have to report to the Minister in autumn 2007.

Number of sites: 3 photographic radar sites and 2 intersections where cameras will be installed at red lights are projected in each of the three pilot regions. These 15 sites will be announced before the end of 2007.

Duration: the pilot projects will last 18 months and will be reviewed by the National Assembly after 12 months.

• by introducing a notion of repeat offence for the 4 demerit points (suspension of 3, 6 and 12 months)

• by imposing a learner's licence holding period of 12 months for everyone;

• by introducing an intermediate phase after the probationary permit for drivers

under age 25 (8 demerit points up to age 23; 12 demerit points up to age 25);

• The accident report will be modified to allow collection of information on accidents in which a cell phone may be the cause.

In addition to the appreciable road safety benefits, this measure will have environmental advantages.

Concerning the application of this measure for intercity buses, discussions are continuing with the industry and with other provinces.















